



Status in Canada / Statement of Income

Fill out this schedule, and attach it to your Form RC66, *Canada Child Benefits Application*, if you or your spouse or common-law partner:

- became a new resident **or** returned as a resident of Canada in the last two years;
- became a Canadian citizen in the last 12 months;
- are, as defined in the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act*, a permanent resident, protected person (refugee), or temporary resident who has lived in Canada for the previous 18 months; or
- are not a Canadian citizen and are an Indian within the meaning of the *Indian Act*.

For more information, go to cra.gc.ca/benefits or see Booklet T4114, *Canada Child Benefit*.

Part A – Information about the applicant

Applicant's name	Social insurance number
Spouse's or common-law partner's name	Social insurance number

Part B – Residency status

	You			Your spouse or common-law partner		
	Year	Month	Day	Year	Month	Day
New residents of Canada Enter the date you, or your spouse or common-law partner, became a resident of Canada.						
Returning residents of Canada Enter the Canadian province or territory in which you, or your spouse or common-law partner, resided before you left Canada.	Province or territory:			Province or territory:		
Enter the date you, or your spouse or common-law partner, became a non-resident of Canada.						
Enter the date you, or your spouse or common-law partner, became a resident of Canada again.						

Part C – Citizenship status

	You			Your spouse or common-law partner		
	Year	Month	Day	Year	Month	Day
If you or your spouse or common-law partner became a Canadian citizen in the last 12 months, enter your citizenship start date.	2	0		2	0	
If you or your spouse or common-law partner are not a Canadian citizen but are an Indian within the meaning of the <i>Indian Act</i> , enter the date that you registered with Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada.	2	0		2	0	

Part D – Immigration status

If you were, or your spouse or common-law partner was, a permanent resident, a protected person, or a temporary resident, enter the dates in the areas below to cover the entire period for which you are applying for benefits.

	You			Your spouse or common-law partner		
	Year	Month	Day	Year	Month	Day
Permanent resident:						
Protected person (refugee):						

Temporary resident who has lived in Canada throughout the previous 18 months

For each visitor record, work permit, study permit, temporary resident's permit, or extension to a temporary resident's permit that covers the period **after** your 18 months of residency (other than permits that state "does not confer status" or "does not confer temporary resident status"), enter the start date and the expiry date for you and your spouse or common-law partner below. If you need more space, use a separate sheet of paper, and attach it to this form.

Document 1

You			Your spouse or common-law partner		
Start date			Expiry date		
Year	Month	Day	Year	Month	Day

Document 2

You			Your spouse or common-law partner		
Start date			Expiry date		
Year	Month	Day	Year	Month	Day

Part E – Statement of income

You and your spouse or common-law partner must **each** file a Canadian tax return for the period **after** you became residents of Canada. If your spouse or common-law partner is a non-resident of Canada during any part of the year, you will have to send Form CTB9, *Canada Child Benefit – Statement of Income*, for each year or part of a year that they are a non-resident of Canada.

Fill out this part if you or your spouse or common-law partner became a new resident of Canada **or** returned as a resident of Canada.

Enter all income in **Canadian dollars** from all sources inside and outside Canada. Do **not** include income that you or your spouse or common-law partner have reported on a Canadian tax return. Enter "0" if you had no income.

Note

If you are an Indian within the meaning of the *Indian Act*, do not report the portion of income that is exempt from tax because it is situated on a reserve. For more information, go to cra.gc.ca/aboriginalpeoples, then select "Indians".

Step 1 – Year you became resident of Canada

Enter the year you became a resident of Canada. Enter your income from January 1 of that year to the date you became a resident. If you had a spouse or common-law partner, enter his or her income from January 1 of that year to the date they became a resident.

Do **not** enter your spouse or common-law partner's income if they did not become a resident of Canada in the year indicated. Instead, you will need to report his or her income for this year on Form CTB9 early in the following year, when it is known.

Year <input type="text"/>	Your income (dollars only): \$ <input type="text"/>	Your spouse's or common-law partner's income (dollars only): \$ <input type="text"/>
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Step 2 – One year before you became resident of Canada

Enter **one year before** the year that you indicated in Step 1, and enter your income and that of your spouse or common-law partner for that year.

Year <input type="text"/>	Your income (dollars only): \$ <input type="text"/>	Your spouse's or common-law partner's income (dollars only): \$ <input type="text"/>
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Step 3 – Two years before you became resident of Canada

(Complete this step **only** if you became a resident of Canada before June 1 of the year you entered in Step 1.)

Enter the year that is **two years before** the year that you indicated in Step 1, and enter your income and that of your spouse or common-law partner for that year.

Year <input type="text"/>	Your income (dollars only): \$ <input type="text"/>	Your spouse's or common-law partner's income (dollars only): \$ <input type="text"/>
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Part F – Certification

I certify that the information given on this form and in any attached documents is correct and complete. It is a serious offence to make a false statement.

Applicant's signature _____ Date: _____

Spouse's or common-law partner's signature _____ Date: _____

Personal information is collected under the *Income Tax Act* to administer tax, benefits, and related programs. It may also be used for any purpose related to the administration or enforcement of the Act such as audit, compliance and the payment of debts owed to the Crown. It may be shared or verified with other federal, provincial/territorial government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in interest payable, penalties or other actions. The social insurance number is collected under section 237 of the Act and is used for identification purposes. Under the *Privacy Act*, individuals have the right to access their personal information and request correction if there are errors or omissions. Refer to Info Source at cra.gc.ca/gncy/tp/nfsrc/nfsrc-eng.html, Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 063.