

# CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

### **Notice to Reader**

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Giyani Metals Corp. (the "Company") have been prepared by and are the responsibility of management. The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the three months ended March 31, 2019 have not been reviewed by the Company's auditors.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

As at	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018		
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash	\$ 23,858	\$ 21,107		
Amounts receivable	72,292	49,439		
Amounts due from related party (note 10)	96,257	95,847		
Prepaids	62,155	55,631		
Total current assets	254,562	222,024		
Equipment (note 3)	16,195	17,217		
Investment in associate (note 5)	82,966	390,310		
Exploration and evaluation assets (note 4)	1,985,233	1,973,221		
Total Assets	\$ 2,338,956	\$ 2,602,772		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 516,109	\$ 401,869		
Other liabilities (note 6)	106,943	106,943		
Amounts due to related parties (note 10)	91,380	85,455		
Total Liabilities	714,432	594,267		
Equity				
Share capital (note 7 (b))	22,795,562	22,795,562		
Contributed surplus	6,506,724	6,481,999		
Warrants (note 9)	4,727,212	4,727,212		
Cumulative translation adjustment	(110,394)	(110,394)		
Deficit	(32,294,580)	(31,885,874)		
	1,624,524	2,008,505		
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 2,338,956	\$ 2,602,772		

Nature of operations and going concern (note 1)

Commitments (note 13)

Subsequent event (note 14)

The notes to the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

statements.		
Approved by the Board of Directors:		

Director: Jonathan Henry

Director: Eugene Lee

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended March 31,		
		2019		2018
Expenses				
Corporate, general and administration				
(note 11)	\$	383,548	\$	295,490
Depreciation (note 3)		1,022		1,378
Net loss before interest and other items		384,570		296,868
Foreign exchange loss		3,018		587
Gain on debt settlement		-		(8,094)
Loss from associate (note 5)		-		10,845
Loss (gain) on disposal of shares of				
associate (note 5)		21,118		(243,197)
Net loss for the period	\$	408,706	\$	57,009
Other comprehensive loss				
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to				
profit and loss:				
Currency translation adjustment		-		2,248
Comprehensive loss for the period	\$	408,706	\$	59,257
Basic diluted loss per share	\$	0.01	\$	0.00
Dasic ulluted loss per share	Ψ	0.01	Ψ	0.00
Weighted average number of				
shares outstanding	8	31,779,628	7	78,736,297

The notes to the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

		Capital	Contributed		Shares to	Cumulative Translation		
	Number	Amount	Surplus	Warrants	be issued	Adjustment	Deficit	Total
Balance, December 31, 2017	74,571,738	\$ 21,316,713	\$ 5,894,488	\$ 4,283,879	\$ 189,922	\$ (165,009)	\$ (29,832,854) \$	1,687,139
Private placement, net of costs	7,207,890	1,265,577		656,605	(189,922)	` <b>-</b>	· -	1,732,260
Stock-based compensation	-	-	25,209	-	` -	-	-	25,209
Currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	(2,248)	-	(2,248)
Net loss for the period	-	-		-	-	-	(57,009)	(57,009)
Balance, March 31, 2018	81,779,628	\$ 22,582,290	\$ 5,919,697	\$ 4,940,484	\$ -	\$ (167,257)	\$ (29,889,863) \$	3,385,351
Balance, December 31, 2018	81,779,628	\$ 22,795,562	\$ 6,481,999	\$ 4,727,212	\$ -	\$ (110,394)	\$ (31,885,874) \$	2,008,505
Stock-based compensation	-	-	24,725	-	-	-	-	24,725
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	(408,706)	(408,706)
Balance, March 31, 2019	81,779,628	\$ 22,795,562	\$ 6,506,724	\$ 4,727,212	\$ -	\$ (110,394)	\$ (32,294,580) \$	1,624,524

The notes to the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2019		2018
Operating Activities				
Net loss for the period	\$	(408,706)	\$	(57,009)
Depreciation Depreciation	Ψ	1,022	Ψ	1,378
Stock-based compensation		24,725		25,209
Loss (gain) on disposal of shares of associate		21,118		(243,197)
Gain on debt settlement		21,110		(8,094)
Loss from associate		-		10,845
		-		10,043
Net change in non-cash working capital:  Funds held in trust				120 407
Amounts receivable		- (22.0E2)		139,497
		(22,853)		(30,142)
Amounts due from related party		(410)		(84)
Prepaid expenses		(6,524)		(77,564)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		114,240		(77,050)
Amounts due to related parties		5,925		(82,322)
Cash used in operating activities		(271,463)		(398,533)
Investing Activities				
Investing Activities		(10 100)		(EO E10)
Exploration and evaluation asset expenditures		(12,480)		(59,518)
Proceeds on disposal of investment in associate		286,226		350,000
Cash provided from investing activities		273,746		290,482
Financing Activities				
Proceeds on issuance of shares, net of issuance costs		-		1,732,260
Cash provided by financing activities		_		1,732,260
		400		5.040
Effect of foreign exchange on cash		468		5,846
Change in cash during the period		2,751		1,630,055
Cash, beginning of the period		21,107		97,682
Cash, end of the period	\$	23,858	\$	1,727,737

The notes to the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

### 1. Nature of operations and going concern

Giyani Metals Corp., formerly Giyani Gold Corp. ("Giyani", or "the Company") was incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act on July 26, 2007 and continued under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia on August 4, 2010. The Company has focused its full attention to advance its manganese exploration stage assets within the Kanye Basin in south eastern Botswana, Africa (the "Kanye Project"). Previously the Company was seeking other business opportunities and it was engaged in the acquisition, exploration, evaluation and development of gold resource properties in South Africa and Canada. The registered address is Suite 403 - 277 Lakeshore Road East, Oakville, Ontario, L6J 6J3. During the three months ended March 31, 2019 the Company changed its trading symbol under the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSXV") to "EMM". The Company previously traded on the TSXV under the symbol "WDG".

On July 17, 2017, the Company announced a name change from Giyani Gold Corp. to Giyani Metals Corp. to accurately reflect new business developments and marketing of its products.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to a "going concern", which assume that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations.

These consolidated financial statements do not reflect any adjustments that may be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern. The Company reported a net loss of \$408,706 for the three months ended March 31, 2019 (three months ended March 31, 2018 - \$57,009) and had an accumulated deficit of \$32,294,580 at March 31, 2019 (December 31, 2018 - \$31,885,874). The Company has negative working capital of \$459,870 (December 31, 2018 - \$372,243). The continuing operations of the Company are dependent on its ability to generate future cash flows or obtain additional financing. Management is of the opinion that additional funds will be obtained from external financing to meet the Company's liabilities and commitments as they become due, although there is a risk that additional financing will not be available on a timely basis or on terms acceptable to the Company. These factors indicate the existence of material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and accordingly use accounting principles applicable to a going concern.

### 2. Basis of preparation

### Statement of compliance

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("IAS 34") using accounting policies consistent with IFRS issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). The accounting policies and methods of computation applied by the Company in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are the same as those applied in the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, other than as noted below. Any subsequent changes to IFRS that are given effect in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2018 could result in restatement of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors of the Company on May 24, 2019.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

### 2. Basis of preparation (continued)

New standards adopted

(a) Leases and right-of-use assets

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 - Leases ("IFRS 16"), replacing IAS 17 - Leases. IFRS 16 provides a single lessee accounting model and requires the lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases on its statement of financial position, providing the reader with greater transparency of an entity's lease obligations.

At January 1, 2019, the Company adopted the following:

All leases are accounted for by recognising a right-of-use asset and a lease liability except for:

- Leases of low value assets: and
- Leases with a duration of twelve months or less.

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the contractual payments due to the lessor over the lease term, with the discount rate determined by the incremental borrowing rate on commencement of the lease is used. Variable lease payments are only included in the measurement of the lease liability if they depend on an index or rate. In such cases, the initial measurement of the lease liability assumes the variable element will remain unchanged throughout the lease term. Other variable lease payments are expensed in the period to which they relate.

On initial recognition, the carrying value of the lease liability also includes:

- Amounts expected to be payable under any residual value guarantee;
- The exercise price of any purchase option granted if it is reasonably certain to assess that option;
- Any penalties payable for terminating the lease, if the term of the lease has been estimated on the basis
  of any termination option being exercised.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at the amount of the lease liability, reduced for any lease incentives received, and increased for:

- Lease payments made at or before commencement of the lease;
- Initial direct costs incurred; and
- The amount of any provision recognised where the Company is contractually required to dismantle, remove or restore the leased asset.

Lease liabilities, on initial measurement, increase as a result of interest charged at a constant rate on the balance outstanding and are reduced for lease payments made.

Right-of-use assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the lease or over the remaining economic life of the asset if this is judged to be shorter than the lease term.

When the Company revises its estimate of the term of any lease, it adjusts the carrying amount of the lease liability to reflect the payments to make over the revised term, which are discounted at the same discount rate that applied on lease commencement. The carrying value of lease liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of future lease payments dependent on a rate or index is revised. In both cases an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, with the revised carrying amount being amortised over the remaining (revised) lease term.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

### 2. Basis of preparation (continued)

New standards adopted (continued)

(b) Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

On June 7, 2017, the IASB issued IFRIC Interpretation 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments. The Interpretation provides guidance on the accounting for current and deferred tax liabilities and assets in circumstances in which there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The Interpretation is applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Earlier application is permitted. At January 1, 2019, the Company adopted this standard and there was no material impact on the Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

### 3. Equipment

Cost		Furniture and Fixture		ning and ploration		Computer quipment	E	quipment		Total
Balance, December 31, 2017, December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019	\$	31,186	\$	21,724	\$	21,175	\$	32,743	\$	106,828
Accumulated depreciation										
Balance, December 31, 2017 Depreciation for the period	\$	23,925 2,420	\$	21,724 -	\$	21,175 -	\$	17,275 3,092	\$	84,099 5,512
Balance, December 31, 2018 Depreciation for the period	\$	26,345 403	\$	21,724 -	\$	21,175 -	\$	20,367 619	\$	89,611 1,022
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$	26,748	\$	21,724	\$	21,175	\$	20,986	\$	90,633
Net book value										
Balance, December 31, 2018 Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ \$	4,841 4,438	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	12,376 11,757	\$ \$	17,217 16,195

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

### 4. Exploration and evaluation assets

#### **Botswana**

On April 11, 2017, the Company announced the acquisition of six new prospecting licenses that encompass the past producing Kgwakgwe Hill Manganese Mine ("K. Hill") located in the Kanye Basin, south eastern Botswana. Binding agreements were signed with Everbroad Investments (Pty) ("Everbroad") Limited and Marcelle Holdings (Pty) Limited ("Marcelle") to acquire an 88% interest in PL322/2016 (Kgwakgwe Hill License) and 100% interest in PL336/2016 to PL340/2016 (adjacent to K. Hill) inclusive by making cash payments totaling US\$75,000 (paid).

On July 13, 2017, the Company signed a definitive agreement (the "Agreement") with Marcelle to acquire an 88% interest in seven prospecting licences (PL294/2016 to PL300/2016 inclusive) by making cash payments totaling BWP 980,000 Botswana Pula (paid). Additionally, the Agreement included the completion of the acquisition of 100% interest in five prospecting licences from Marcelle and an 88% interest in one prospecting licence from Everbroad as mentioned above. The Agreement also included the acquisition of a 100% interest in Menzi Battery (Pty) Limited ("Menzi"), a company incorporated in accordance with the laws of Botswana, by issuing two million common shares of Giyani (issued). The acquisition of Menzi was treated as an asset acquisition as Menzi did not meet the definition of a business under IFRS.

On November 16, 2017, the Company announced the acquisition of an additional licence near the town of Lobatse ("The Lobatse Prospect"). The Lobatse Prospect is located 40 km east of K. Hill. The Lobatse Prospect, along with K. Hill and the Otse Prospect near the town of Otse, are all located within the boundaries of the Kanye Project area.

All licences have an initial expiry date of December 31, 2019, except for the Lobatse Prospect licence which has an initial expiry December 31, 2020. The licences have minimum aggregated Botswana Pula expenditures of BWP25,450,000 (approximately \$3,043,000) by December 31, 2019 and additional expenditures of BWP2,950,000 (approximately \$350,000) by December 31, 2020 and can be renewed prior to the initial expiry date. The majority of the current expenditures, as shown below, are expected to qualify towards the minimum required expenditures.

The following table shows the continuity of the acquisition costs and expenditures incurred on the Kanye Project:

	Kanye Project
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 1,088,729
Current expenditures	913,131
Foreign exchange	(28,639)
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 1,973,221
Current expenditures	12,480
Foreign exchange	(468)
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 1,985,233

#### **South Africa**

#### Rock Island Gold Project

Pursuant to the joint operation agreement relating to the assets of Rock Island, the Company funds the joint operation with Corridor Mining Resources ("CMR") on a 50:50 basis, whereby both parties are to share the costs evenly on an ongoing basis. Exploration costs are recorded in a loan account where interest is accrued at an agreed upon rate. This loan will be repaid out of proceeds from the sale of the Rock Island asset. The loan is unsecured, with no fixed repayment terms and bears interest at South African prime +1%. As at March 31, 2019, the Company had advanced \$1,748,823 to Rock Island for exploration work.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

### 4. Exploration and evaluation assets (continued)

The Company's exploration permits expired on July 10, 2015. Prior to expiry, an application to extend for a three year retention permit was submitted to the Department of Mineral Resources (the "DMR"). This application was submitted by Giyani's partner CMR. At the time, no competing applications were submitted. The DMR confirmed receipt of the application on May 4, 2016. For accounting purposes, the Company continues to present the Rock Island Gold Project at \$nil.

The Company continues to work towards recovering the loan receivable (approximately \$735,000) owed to it by CMR, its joint venture partner on the Rock Island Gold Project. Given the uncertainty of collectability, no amounts have been recorded as receivable in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

### 5. Investment in associate

On September 23, 2016, as a result of the deconsolidation of Canoe, an equity investment in Canoe of \$906,952 was recorded based on the fair value of the shares held on that date. During the year ended December 31, 2017, Canoe issued additional common shares. As a result the Company's ownership in Canoe decreased from 33.3% to 23.7%.

On January 29, 2018, the Company sold 2,800,000 common shares of Canoe for proceeds of \$350,000, resulting in a gain on disposal of shares of associate of \$243,197. As a result, the Company's ownership in Canoe decreased to 19.7%.

During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company sold 10,780,000 common shares of Canoe for proceeds of \$286,226 and net of costs of \$2,934, resulting in a loss on disposal of shares of associate of \$21,118. As a result of this sale the Company's ownership in Canoe decreased to under 5% and the Company ceased to have significant influence over Canoe. As such the Company no longer accounts for the investment in Canoe using the equity method and has presented the investment in Canoe for the three months ended March 31, 2019 subsequent to the sale of the shares at fair market value.

The continuity of investment in associate is as follows:

	Investment in associate					
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 632,12					
Loss pick-up from associate during the year	(135,01					
Disposal	(106,80					
Balance, December, 31, 2018	390,31					
Disposal	(307,34					
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 82,96					

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

### 6. Other liabilities

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company transferred \$106,943 of accounts payable (the "Statute-barred Claims") to other liabilities on the basis that any claims in respect of the Statute-barred Claims were statute-barred under the Limitations Act (Ontario). The Statute-barred Claims related to expenses billed by and third party liabilities incurred by prior management of the Company prior to December 2015. However, for accounting purposes under IFRS, a debt can only be removed from the Company's Statement of Financial Position when it is extinguished meaning only when the contract is discharged or canceled or expires. The effect of the Limitations Act is to prevent a creditor from enforcing an obligation but it does not formally extinguish the debt for accounting purposes. It is the position of management of the Company that the Statute-barred Claims cannot be enforced by the creditors, do not create any obligation for the Company to pay out any cash and do not affect the financial or working capital position of the Company. The Statute-barred Claims are required to be reflected on the Company's Statement of Financial Position as a result of the current interpretation of IFRS, but they are classified as long-term liabilities since the Company has no intention or obligation to pay these Statute-barred Claims and the creditors cannot enforce payment of the Statute-barred Claims. While inclusion of these items is intended solely to comply with the requirements of IFRS, the Company in no way acknowledges any of the Statute-barred Claims.

### 7. Share capital

a) Authorized share capital

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

b) Issued share capital

The following is a continuity of shares issued:

	Shares	Amount
Balance, December 31, 2017	74,571,738	\$ 21,316,713
Private placement (i)	7,207,890	1,982,170
Valuation of warrants issued in private placement (i)	-	(656,605)
Share issuance costs (i)	-	(59,988)
Balance, March 31, 2018	81,779,628	\$ 22,582,290
Balance, December 31, 2018	81,779,628	\$ 21,316,713
Balance, March 31, 2019	81,779,628	\$ 21,316,713

(i) On February 8, 2018, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 7,207,890 units for total gross proceeds of \$1,982,170. Each unit consisted of one common share of Giyani at a price of \$0.275 per share and one half of a share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.40 for a period of 18 months from the date of issuance. Total transaction costs of \$59,988 were incurred including finders' fees of \$43,374.

The 3,603,945 warrants and 157,723 finders' warrants were assigned a fair value of \$629,150 and \$27,455, respectively, which was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following weighted average assumptions: share price - \$0.37, dividend yield - 0%; expected volatility (based on historical price data of the Company's common share) - 119%; risk-free interest rate - 0.82%; and an expected life - 1.5 years.

Officers and directors of the Company subscribed for 1,187,291 units in the private placement for gross proceeds of \$326,505. Related parties settled \$69,755 of debt in conjunction with the private placement.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

### 8. Stock options

The Company has adopted an incentive stock option plan in accordance with the policies of the TSXV, under which the Board of Directors of the Company may grant to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company, non-transferable options to purchase common shares provided the number of shares reserved for issuance under the stock option plan shall not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares, exercisable for a period of up to five years from the date of grant. The Board of Directors determines the price per common share and the number of common shares, which may be allotted to directors, officers, employees and consultants, and all other terms and conditions of the option, subject to the rules of the TSXV.

Stock option transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of stock options outstanding	Weighted average exercise price		
Balance, December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018	4,900,000	\$	0.27	
Balance, December 31, 2018 Expired	7,450,000 (400,000)	\$	0.25 0.25	
Balance, March 31, 2019	7,050,000	\$	0.27	

Stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2019:

Expiry date	Exercise price (\$)	Remaining contractual life (years)	Total options	Options exercisable
June 24, 2021	0.10	2.24	1,050,000	1,050,000
August 3, 2021	0.31	2.34	650,000	650,000
May 1, 2022	0.34	3.09	1,400,000	1,400,000
November 28, 2022	0.30	3.67	750,000	750,000
April 25, 2023	0.23	4.07	350,000	350,000
May 29, 2023	0.35	4.16	200,000	100,000
September 28, 2023	0.28	4.50	2,650,000	1,950,000
<u> </u>			7,050,000	6,250,000

### 9. Warrants

Warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of warrants outstanding	Weighted average exercise price (\$)
Balance, December 31, 2017	1,760,789	0.70
Issued (note 7(b)(i))	3,761,665	0.40
Balance, March 31, 2018	5,522,454	0.50
Balance, December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019	3,761,665	0.40

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

### 9. Warrants (continued)

Warrants outstanding as at March 31, 2019:

Expiry date	Exercise price (\$)	Remaining contractual life (years)	Warrants exercisable
August 7, 2019	0.40	0.35	3,548,942
August 8, 2019	0.40	0.36	55,000
August 7, 2019 (broker warrants)	0.40	0.35	150,023
August 8, 2019 (broker warrants)	0.40	0.36	7,700
			3,761,665

### 10. Related party transactions

Management and consulting fees of \$139,753 (three months ended March 31, 2018 - \$144,310) were paid or accrued to officers and directors of the Company or to companies controlled by officers or directors of the Company during the three months ended March 31, 2019.

The Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") of the Company is a senior employee of Marrelli Support Services Inc. ("MSSI"). During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company paid or accrued professional fees of \$7,900 (three months ended March 31, 2018 - \$8,302) to MSSI. These services were incurred in the normal course of operations for general accounting and financial reporting matters. MSSI also provides bookkeeping services to the Company. As at March 31, 2019, MSSI was owed \$5,955 (December 31, 2018 - \$5,970) with respect to services provided. The balance owed was recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position as amounts due to related parties.

As at March 31, 2019, the Company owed \$85,425 (December 31, 2018 - \$91,212) to directors and officers of the Company and entities controlled by or associated with directors and officers of the Company. These amounts were included in due to related parties.

Refer to note 5 for sale of Canoe shares.

Refer to note 7(b) for insider's participation in private placements.

As at March 31, 2019, the Company had \$96,257 (December 31, 2018 - \$95,847) receivable from Canoe.

### 11. Corporate, general and administrative

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2019	2018	
Professional fees	\$ 109,869	\$ 113,567	
Salaries and benefits	45,481	50,324	
Stock-based compensation	24,725	25,209	
Regulatory fees	9,501	15,801	
Shareholder information	81,172	28,551	
Travel	85,556	45,812	
General and administrative	27,244	16,226	
	\$ 383,548	\$ 295,490	

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

### 12. Segmented information

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments and has been identified as the Company's Chief Executive Officer.

The Company has three operating segments: the exploration, evaluation and development of manganese and precious metal mining projects located in Botswana ("Botswana Mining") and South Africa ("South Africa Mining"). The rest of the entities within the Company are grouped into a secondary segment ("Corporate").

The segmental report is as follows:

March 31, 2019	Botswana Mining	South Africa Mining	Corporate	Total
Total assets Total liabilities Net loss	\$ 2,048,891 - 4,537	\$ - 112,457 -	\$ 290,065 601,975 404,169	\$ 2,338,956 714,432 408,706
December 31, 2018	Botswana Mining	South Africa Mining	Corporate	Total
Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 2,035,502	\$ - 112,457	\$ 567,270 481,810	\$ 2,602,772 594,267

56.786

1.996.234

2.053.020

### 13. Commitments and contingencies

### **Break Fee Receivable**

Net loss

On October 14, 2015, the Company signed a letter of intent ("LOI") with Crystal Capital Wealth Corporation ("Crystal"). The LOI proposes a transaction pursuant to which the Company would acquire all the issued and outstanding securities of Crystal by means of a Reverse Takeover and Change of Business (the "Transaction").

On March 31, 2016, the Company and Crystal terminated the indicative LOI as it has expired. Under the terms of the Agreement, Giyani is entitled to and will pursue collecting the US\$250,000 break fee. Crystal loaned the Company \$35,000 which will be deducted from the break fee owing. Given the uncertainty of collectability, no amounts have been setup as receivable in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

### Loan Receivable

The Company continues to work towards recovering the funds (approximately \$735,000) owed to it by CMR, its joint venture partner on the Rock Island Gold Project. Given the uncertainty of collectability, no amounts have been setup as receivable in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

### 13. Commitments and contingency (continued)

#### **Term Sheet**

On January 28, 2019 the Company entered into a non-binding term sheet (the "Agreement") with Traxys Africa Trading (Pty) Ltd ("Traxys" or the "Lender") which sets out terms for an investment of USD \$1,000,000 in the form of a secured convertible loan facility under which Traxys will have exclusive rights to market all of the direct shipping ore ("DSO") manganese material processed and produced from the Company's K.Hill and Otse reclamation projects in Botswana.

The facility bears interest at the aggregate of 10% and the 3 month USD LIBOR per annum compounded quarterly with a term of 36 months. The facility will be repaid on or before the maturity by:

- the future delivery of DSO or other ore as provided for in the Agreement. The net amount (after all
  applicable deductions have been made) of the proceeds derived from the sale of the DSO, will be used
  to reduce the outstanding amount balance until such date as the outstanding amount has been fully
  repaid,
- at the sole discretion of the Lender, by the Lender exercising its right to conversion shares or,
- repayment in cash by the Corporation of any then remaining outstanding amount at maturity.

The Company, as part of the Agreement, shall pay to Traxys a commission of USD \$10 per ton in respect of all material subject to the Agreement. The commission shall be deducted from the proceeds of the sale of the DSO, or other ore, in addition to any repayment deductions, and shall continue to apply for the duration of the Agreement irrespective of the outstanding amount being settled.

The outstanding amount, constituting principal and accrued interest of the facility may be converted into common shares of the Company at any time. The price per conversion share will be \$0.225. In addition, the Company will issue for no additional consideration 3,000,000 unlisted warrants all vesting immediately. Each warrant will be exercisable into one common share of the Company for a period of 36 months from the date of their issuance at an exercise price of \$0.225.

#### **Commitments to Management Compensation**

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company signed two consulting agreements with each of the President and CEO of the Company. Under the agreements, each may be extended for one additional year, the Company is committed to the following minimum payments:

2019 \$ 204,250

As part of the agreements, in the event of a change of control, the Company shall pay the consultants a lump sum payment equal to 12 months compensation, which totals \$408,000.

#### 14. Subsequent event

- (i) Subsequent to March 31, 2019, the Company sold its remaining ownership holdings in Canoe Mining Ventures. The Company sold an aggregate of 2,910,000 common shares for a weighted average share price of \$0.03. Subsequent to the sale, Giyani no longer held any position in Canoe.
- (ii) Subsequent to March 31, 2019 the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 2,678,250 units at a price of \$0.16. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.275 for a period of 18 months. Directors and officers of the Company have subscribed for 640,750 units.