Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Design-Builder – Lump Sum
1. **License.** The Design-Build Institute of America ("DBIA") provides DBIA Contract Documents and licenses their use worldwide. You acknowledge that DBIA Contract Documents are protected by the copyright laws of the United States. You have a limited nonexclusive license to: (a) Use DBIA Contract Documents on any number of machines owned, leased or rented by your company or organization; (b) Use DBIA Contract Documents in printed form for bona fide contract purposes; and (c) Copy DBIA Contract Documents into any machine-readable or printed form for backup or modification purposes in support of your permitted use.

2. **User Responsibility.** You assume sole responsibility for the selection of specific documents or portions thereof to achieve your intended results, and for the installation, use, and results obtained from the DBIA Contract Documents. You acknowledge that you understand that the text of the DBIA Contract Documents has important legal consequences and that consultation with an attorney is recommended with respect to use or modification of the text. You will not represent that any of the contract documents you generate from DBIA Contract Documents are DBIA documents unless (a) the document text is used without alteration or (b) all additions and changes to, and deletions from, the text are clearly shown.

3. **Copies.** You may not use, copy, modify, or transfer DBIA Contract Documents, or any copy, modification or merged portion, in whole or in part, except as expressly provided for in this license. Reproduction of DBIA Contract Documents in printed or machine-readable format for resale or educational purposes is expressly prohibited. You will reproduce and include DBIA's copyright notice on any printed or machine-readable copy, modification, or portion merged into another document or program.

4. **Transfers.** You may not transfer possession of any copy, modification or merged portion of DBIA Contract Documents to another party, except that a party with whom you are contracting may receive and use such transferred material solely for purposes of its contract with you. You may not sublicense, assign, or transfer this license except as expressly provided in this Agreement, and any attempt to do so is void.

5. **Term.** The license is effective for one year from the date of purchase. DBIA may elect to terminate it earlier, by written notice to you, if you fail to comply with any term or condition of this Agreement.

6. **Limited Warranty.** DBIA warrants the electronic files or other media by which DBIA Contract Documents are furnished to be free from defects in materials and workmanship under normal use during the Term. There is no other warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, including, but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. Some states do not allow the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state. DBIA does not warrant that the DBIA Contract Documents will meet your requirements or that the operation of DBIA Contract Documents will be uninterrupted or error free.

7. **Limitations of Remedies.** DBIA's entire liability and your exclusive remedy shall be: the replacement of any document not meeting DBIA's "Limited Warranty" which is returned to DBIA with a copy of your receipt, or at DBIA's election, your money will be refunded. In no event will DBIA be liable to you for any damages, including any lost profits, lost savings or other incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use or inability to use DBIA Contract Documents even if DBIA has been advised of the possibility of such damages, or for any claim by any other party. Some states do not allow the limitation or exclusion of liability for incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

8. **Acknowledgment.** You acknowledge that you have read this agreement, understand it and agree to be bound by its terms and conditions and that it will be governed by the laws of the District of Columbia. You further agree that it is the complete and exclusive statement of your agreement with DBIA which supersedes any proposal or prior agreement, oral or written, and any other communications between the parties relating to the subject matter of this agreement.
INSTRUCTIONS
For DBIA Document No. 525 Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Design-Builder - Lump Sum (2022 Edition)

Checklist

Use this Checklist to ensure that the Agreement is fully completed and all exhibits are attached.

_______ Page 1 Owner’s name, address and form of business
_______ Page 1 Design-Builder’s name, address and form of business
_______ Page 1 Project name and address
_______ Section 2.1.3 Identify other exhibits to the Agreement
_______ Section 4.2 Note the optional provisions that are provided
_______ Section 4.3.2 Complete blanks for additional sum for use of Work Product
_______ Section 5.2.1 Complete blanks for calendar days and note the optional language that is provided
_______ Section 5.2.2 Insert any interim milestones (optional)
_______ Section 5.4 Complete blanks for liquidated damages and note the optional provisions that are provided
_______ Section 5.5 If the parties select the option provided they have to insert an amount
_______ Section 5.6 Complete blanks for early completion bonus and note the optional provision that is provided
_______ Section 5.7 Note the optional provisions that are provided
_______ Section 6.1 Complete blanks for Contract Price
_______ Section 6.2 Insert markups for changes and note optional provisions
_______ Section 6.3.4 Note the optional provision that is provided
_______ Section 6.4.1 Note optional provision
_______ Section 7.1.1 Complete blanks for day of month
_______ Section 7.2.1 Complete blanks for retention percentage and note optional provision
_______ Section 7.4 Complete blanks for interest rate
_______ Section 8.1 Choose overhead/profit method for termination for convenience
_______ Section 8.2.1 Complete blanks for percentages
_______ Section 8.2.2 Complete blanks for percentages
_______ Section 9.1.1 Insert Owner’s Senior Representative’s name, etc. (optional)
_______ Section 9.1.2 Insert Owner’s Representative’s name, etc. (optional)
_______ Section 9.2.1 Insert Design-Builder’s Senior Representative’s name, etc. (optional)
_______ Section 9.2.2 Insert Design-Builder’s Representative’s name, etc. (optional)
_______ Section 10.1 Attach Insurance Exhibit
Section 10.2 Insert amount and conditions of bonds or other security and note the options that are provided
_______ Section 11.1 Insert any other provisions (optional)
_______ Last Page Owner’s and Design-Builder’s execution of the Agreement
### General Instructions

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<th>Subject</th>
<th>Instruction</th>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Standard Forms</td>
<td>Standard form contracts have long served an important function in the United States and international construction markets. The common purpose of these forms is to provide an economical and convenient way for parties to contract for design and construction services. As standard forms gain acceptance and are used with increased frequency, parties are able to enter into contracts with greater certainty as to their rights and responsibilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>DBIA Standard Form Contract Documents</td>
<td>Since its formation in 1993, the Design-Build Institute of America (“DBIA”) has regularly evaluated the needs of owners, design-builders, and other parties to the design-build process in preparation for developing its own contract forms. Consistent with DBIA’s mission of promulgating best design-build practices, DBIA believes that the design-build contract should reflect a balanced approach to risk that considers the legitimate interests of all parties to the design-build process. DBIA’s Standard Form Contract Documents reflect a modern risk allocation approach, allocating each risk to the party best equipped to manage and minimize that risk, with the goal of promoting best design-build practices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Use of Non-DBIA Documents</td>
<td>To avoid inconsistencies among documents used for the same project, DBIA’s Standard Form Contract Documents should not be used in conjunction with non-DBIA documents unless the non-DBIA documents are appropriately modified on the advice of legal counsel. Moreover, care should also be taken when using different editions of the DBIA Standard Form Documents on the same project to ensure consistency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Legal Consequences</td>
<td>DBIA Standard Form Contract Documents are legally binding contracts with important legal consequences. Contracting parties are advised and encouraged to seek legal counsel in completing or modifying these Documents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Reproduction</td>
<td>DBIA hereby grants to purchasers a limited license to reproduce its Documents consistent with the License Agreement accompanying these Documents. At least two original versions of the Agreement should be signed by the parties. Any other reproduction of DBIA Documents is strictly prohibited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Modifications</td>
<td>Effective contracting is accomplished when the parties give specific thought to their contracting goals and then tailor the contract to meet the unique needs of the project and the design-build team. For that reason, these Documents may require modification for various purposes including, for example, to comply with local codes and laws, or to add special terms. DBIA’s latest revisions to its Documents provide the parties an opportunity to customize their contractual relationship by selecting various optional contract clauses that may better reflect the unique needs and risks associated with the project. At no time should a document be re-typed in its entirety. Re-creating the document violates copyright laws and destroys one of the advantages of standard forms – familiarity with the terms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Execution</td>
<td>It is good practice to execute two original copies of the Agreement. Only persons authorized to sign for the contracting parties may execute the Agreement.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Specific Instructions

<table>
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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>Purpose of This Agreement</td>
<td>DBIA Document No. 525 (“Agreement”) should be used only when the parties intend that Owner pay Design-Builder a lump sum fixed price for the completion of all design and construction services. There will be greater mutual understanding and cooperation if the lump sum is established based on Owner’s Project Criteria that are well defined. If there is uncertainty about Owner’s Project Criteria, or it remains to be developed by Owner and Design-Builder jointly, a cost-plus/guaranteed maximum price (“GMP”) contracting approach may be more suitable. In such case, the parties should use DBIA Document No. 530.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>Purpose of These Instructions</td>
<td>These Instructions are not part of this Agreement, but are provided to aid the parties in their understanding of the Agreement and in completing the Agreement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>Related Documents</td>
<td>This Agreement shall be used in conjunction with the General Conditions of Contract. Other related Contract Documents are listed in Article 2 of this Agreement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>On Page 1, enter the date when both parties reach a final understanding. It is possible, due to logistical reasons, that the dates when the parties execute the Agreement may be different. Once both parties execute the Agreement, the effective date of the Agreement will be the date recorded on Page 1. This date does not, however, determine Contract Time, which is measured according to the terms of Article 5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>Parties: Owner and Design-Builder</td>
<td>On Page 1 enter the legal name and full address of Owner and Design-Builder, as well as the legal form of each entity, e.g., corporation, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, or other.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.1.2</td>
<td>Basis of Design Documents</td>
<td>The Basis of Design Documents are critical in establishing the scope of work. These documents include the Owner's Project Criteria and may include Design-Builder's Proposal, and the Deviation List, if any, contained in the Design-Builder's Proposal. Prior to the execution of this Agreement, Design-Builder will have submitted its Proposal based on Owner's Project Criteria. To avoid ambiguities or conflicts between Owner's Project Criteria and Design-Builder's Proposal, Design-Builder's Proposal shall specifically list any deviations from Owner's Project Criteria. Design-Builder's Deviation List shall, if accepted by Owner, become a Contract Document and shall have precedence over Owner's Project Criteria.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.1.5</td>
<td>Construction Documents</td>
<td>After execution of the Agreement, and consistent with the requirements of Section 2.4 of the General Conditions of Contract, Design-Builder will prepare Construction Documents subject to Owner's review and approval.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>Order of Precedence</td>
<td>The Contract Documents are listed in Section 2.1 in the order of their precedence. This hierarchy of documents reflects DBIA’s belief that the Basis of Design Documents are critical documents that take precedence over other Contract Documents existing at the time the Agreement is executed. This section also makes clear that if a Deviation List exists it takes precedence over the Owner's Project Criteria. Moreover, Section 2.1.3 recognizes that there may be other exhibits attached to this Agreement. If this is the case, the parties should discuss whether these exhibits should be part of the Basis of Design Documents. If these exhibits are not made part of the Basis of Design Documents, these exhibits will not take priority over the Basis of Design Documents in the event of a conflict.</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>Definitions</td>
<td>Terms, words and phrases used in the Agreement shall have the same meanings used in the General Conditions of Contract.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>Design Specification</td>
<td>The Owner is cautioned that if the Project Criteria include design specifications, there is case law holding that the Design-Builder is entitled to rely on such information, and to the extent such information is not accurate, the Design-Builder will be entitled to an adjustment in the Contract Price and/or Contract Time. Accordingly, to avoid such potential liability, the Owner should consider using performance specifications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>Work Product</td>
<td>This Agreement provides that the Design-Builder shall retain ownership of the Work Product it produces, but obligates Design-Builder to grant a limited license to Owner to use the Work Product according to the terms and circumstances described in Sections 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 and 4.5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>Owner’s Limited License Upon Payment in Full</td>
<td>Design-Builder shall grant Owner, at Owner’s sole risk, a limited license to use the Work Product at the completion of the Work in connection with Owner’s occupation of the Project. This Section also provides the parties with the option of transferring ownership of some or all of the Work Product to the Owner upon payment in full for all Work performed. Generally, where the Owner desires ownership of Work Product, it is sufficient to transfer ownership of unique architectural and design elements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>Owner’s Limited License Upon Owner’s Termination for Convenience or Design-Builder’s Election to Terminate</td>
<td>Owner should not use the Termination for Convenience Clause to obtain Design-Builder’s valuable design concepts, and then seek bids from other design-builders. Therefore, where Owner terminates this Agreement for its convenience, and then decides to complete the Project, with its own or third-party forces, Design-Builder shall grant Owner the rights set forth in Section 4.2, provided Owner pays Design-Builder all amounts due Design-Builder as required by the Contract Documents, including paying Design-Builder an additional sum per Section 4.3.2 for the use of the Work Product. In the event Design-Builder elects to terminate this Agreement for cause, for reasons set forth in Section 11.4 of the General Conditions of Contract, these same conditions apply to Owner’s use of the Work Product.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3.2</td>
<td>Additional Compensation</td>
<td>To minimize disputes, the parties should negotiate prior to execution of the Agreement the amount Owner shall pay Design-Builder for the use of Design-Builder’s Work Product in the event Owner terminates this Agreement for its convenience or Design-Builder elects to terminate this Agreement for cause. Enter this amount.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>Owner’s Limited License Upon Design-Builder’s Default</td>
<td>If Design-Builder is properly terminated for default, Owner is granted a limited license to use the Work Product to complete the Project, and Owner shall thereafter have the same rights and obligations as set forth in Section 4.2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>Owner’s Indemnification for Use of Work Product</td>
<td>Owner’s use or alteration of the Work Product shall be at its sole risk, and Owner must agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Design-Builder and anyone working by or through Design-Builder, including Design Consultants of any tier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>Date of Commencement</td>
<td>Design-Builder’s obligation to commence work is triggered by its receipt of a Notice to Proceed unless the parties mutually agree otherwise.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.2.1</td>
<td>Substantial Completion of the Entire Work</td>
<td>Enter the calendar days duration by which Substantial Completion has to be achieved. The parties in this Section have the option of modifying the definition of Substantial Completion set forth in the General Conditions of Contract if they want to use a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy as the benchmark. If this option is selected, Substantial Completion will be deemed to be achieved no later than the date a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy is issued, if applicable to the Project.</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.2.2</td>
<td>Interim Milestones</td>
<td>It may be that some portions of the Work must be completed in phases or within a prescribed period of time to accommodate Owner’s needs. The parties may, at their option, identify these portions of the Work to be completed prior to Substantial Completion of the entire Work. Enter the number of calendar days, starting from the Date of Commencement, for achieving Substantial Completion of these identified portions of the Work. If these portions of the Work are required to be substantially completed by certain milestone dates, enter those dates. The form does not provide a remedy to the Owner if an interim milestone is not met. If the Owner has special requirements as it relates to interim milestones, the Owner may want to consider a remedy for the Design-Builder’s failure to meet an interim milestone, as well as providing a bonus to the Design-Builder for satisfying such interim milestone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>Liquidated Damages</td>
<td>Owner should make a good faith evaluation of the amount that is reasonably necessary to compensate it for delay. Owner should not establish liquidated damages to penalize Design-Builder.</td>
</tr>
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<td>Section 5.4 establishes a grace period between the Scheduled Substantial Completion Date and the assessment of liquidated damages in order to prevent disputes as to which party bears responsibility for only a few days of delay. The parties should enter the calendar days that may pass following the Scheduled Substantial Completion Date before liquidated damages will be assessed. The parties are also provided the option of establishing liquidated damages if the Design-Builder fails to achieve Final Completion within a specified number of days after Substantial Completion. If this option is selected, the parties must negotiate both the number of days and the liquidated damages amount. In negotiating liquidated damages, the parties should keep in mind that the amount of liquidated damages for failing to achieve Final Completion should be a considerably scaled down amount and should reflect the financial harm to the Owner. In no case should the total amount of liquidated damages for the Project exceed an amount that is reasonably necessary to compensate Owner for Project delay.</td>
</tr>
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<td>The parties also have the option here of eliminating liquidated damages altogether, in which case the Owner can recover actual damages for Project delay at an amount that is capped by the parties. The Owner is cautioned that even if this option for actual damages is selected it still cannot recover consequential damages, as these are waived under Section 10.5.1 of the General Conditions of Contract.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>Liquidated Damages Cap</td>
<td>The parties can agree to cap liquidated damages for delay at a negotiated amount.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.6</td>
<td>Early Completion Bonus</td>
<td>If the Project economics justify liquidated damages, then it may also be appropriate to couple these liquidated damages with an early completion bonus. The parties should enter the number of calendar days prior to the Scheduled Substantial Completion Date that will set the Bonus Date. Also, enter the amount of the bonus to be paid per day that will allow Owner to share with Design-Builder the economic benefits of early completion. The parties also have the option in Section 5.6 of capping the early completion bonus at a negotiated amount.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>Compensation for Force Majeure Events</td>
<td>The parties are provided the opportunity of providing the Design-Builder the right to receive compensation for Force Majeure Events. By selecting this option, the parties agree to modify Section 8.2.2 of the General Conditions of Contract, in which case the parties have to negotiate how many cumulative days of Force Majeure delays must occur before the Design-Builder is entitled to either a negotiated amount per day for delay or the direct costs it has incurred as a result of such delay.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>Contract Price</td>
<td>Enter the lump sum price Owner will pay Design-Builder for the Scope of Work. The Contract Price should compensate Design-Builder for the services it provides and the risk it assumes in providing single point responsibility to Owner.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>Markups for Changes</td>
<td>Enter the markups agreed upon by Design-Builder and Owner to be used for pricing Changes to the Work. Prior to negotiating or agreeing to these markups, both parties should familiarize themselves with Article 9 of the General Conditions of Contract, Changes to the Contract Price and Time. For additive Change Orders, the parties have to negotiate the Fee the Design-Builder will receive. For deductive Change Orders, parties have the option by checking the appropriate box of whether there will be no additional reduction or whether there will be an additional reduction based on a negotiated percentage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.3.4</td>
<td>Allowance Value</td>
<td>This section recognizes that the parties may agree that certain items of Work should be treated as an Allowance Item and priced based on Allowance Values. The Allowance Value for which the Design-Builder will be entitled to receive compensation includes direct cost of labor, materials, equipment, transportation, taxes and insurance associated with the Allowance Item. All other costs associated with the Allowance Item, such as design fees, general conditions costs and fee, are deemed to be included in the Contract Price. However, the parties agree that in the event the actual cost of the Allowance Item is greater than or less than the Allowance Value by a negotiated percentage, then Design-Builder's right to Fee and markup shall be determined pursuant to Section 6.2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>Performance Incentives</td>
<td>There may be performance incentives that will influence Project success. Such incentives may include award fees tied to the Design-Builder achieving certain standards relative to client satisfaction, safety and personnel retention. The parties are encouraged to discuss the use of such incentives during negotiation of this Agreement. Any agreement on the use of incentives should be set forth in an exhibit attached to this Agreement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.1.1</td>
<td>Progress Payments</td>
<td>Enter the day of the month when Design-Builder shall submit its Application for Payment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.2.1</td>
<td>Retainage</td>
<td>Enter the percentage Owner will retain from Progress Payments to Design-Builder until fifty percent (50%) of the Work is completed. Owner should recognize that it creates undue hardship to hold retainage on Subcontractors that have completed their work early in the Project. Owner should accordingly consider releasing retainage on Subcontractors that complete work early in the Project, providing that these Subcontractors have satisfactorily performed their portion of the Work. The parties are provided the option of modifying the retainage provision by checking the box. This option excludes from retainage the Design-Builder’s General Conditions costs and amounts paid to Design-Builder’s Design Consultant. The rationale for selecting this option is that the Design-Builder is obligated to pay its General Conditions costs in full each month and that under the design-bid-build delivery method, the Owner typically does not retain sums from its designer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>The parties should enter the rate at which interest will accrue on Design-Builder's payments if unpaid five (5) days after due. Late payment creates a hardship for Design-Builder, its Design Consultants and Subcontractors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>Record Keeping</td>
<td>The Owner is provided access to Design-Builder’s accounting information as it relates to changes to the Work. However, if the parties have agreed to multipliers or markups for changes, the time to challenge and negotiate those percentages is at the time the parties execute the Agreement and not during the Project or after it has been completed. Accordingly, the Owner can at any time audit these percentages only to confirm that such percentage has been properly charged and not to challenge the composition of such percentage.</td>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>8.1</td>
<td>Termination for Convenience: Overhead and Profit</td>
<td>The parties should choose prior to execution of the Agreement the method that will be used to determine overhead and profit paid to Design-Builder in the event Owner terminates Design-Builder for its convenience. The parties may choose to set percentage rates for overhead and profit prior to execution of the Agreement, or may choose to determine reasonable sums to be paid for overhead and profit at the time of the termination. If the parties choose to set overhead and profit rates prior to execution of the Agreement, the percentages should be entered in Section 8.1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>Termination for Convenience: Additional Payments</td>
<td>Although it is important for Owner to have a process for terminating this Agreement for convenience, the process must consider the interests of Design-Builder. If Owner terminates this Agreement for its own convenience, compensating Design-Builder for its costs will not be adequate because Design-Builder will have committed its resources for a small amount of revenue. Therefore, in addition to the overhead and profit paid in Section 8.1, Owner shall pay Design-Builder an additional sum, calculated as a percentage of the remaining balance of the Contract Price. Enter the percentages Owner shall pay Design-Builder if Owner terminates this Agreement for its own convenience prior to or after the start of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>Termination for Convenience: Owner’s Use of Work Product</td>
<td>Owner should not use the Termination for Convenience clause to obtain Design-Builder’s valuable design concepts and then seek lower bids from another design-builder. If Owner terminates this Agreement for its own convenience, and chooses to proceed with the Project using Design-Builder’s Work Product, Owner should pay an additional sum for the use of Design-Builder’s Work Product pursuant to Section 4.3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 9</td>
<td>Representatives of the Parties</td>
<td>Enter the name, title, address and telephone number of Owner’s Senior Representative and Owner’s Representative at Sections 9.1.1 and 9.1.2, respectively. Enter the name, title, address and telephone number of Design-Builder’s Senior Representative and Design-Builder’s Representative at Sections 9.2.1 and 9.2.2, respectively. The parties can elect to establish Representatives during the performance of the Project rather than at the time of execution of this Agreement. If Representatives are identified after execution of the Agreement, an appropriate amendment should be made to the Agreement at the time these individuals are designated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.1</td>
<td>Insurance</td>
<td>Attach an Insurance Exhibit setting forth in detail the insurance coverages required for the Project. Parties are advised to familiarize themselves with the terms of Article 5 of the General Conditions of Contract, Insurance and Bonds, and to consult their insurance advisor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.2</td>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>Enter the type and amount of bonds or other performance security required for the Project. Where bonding is not required by statute, Owner may want to evaluate the project risks versus the bonding costs in deciding what type of performance security to require.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.1</td>
<td>Other Provisions</td>
<td>Insert any other provisions. For example, the parties may elect to have disputes resolved through litigation rather than arbitration in which case the optional language in this Section should be included.</td>
</tr>
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This AGREEMENT is made as of the ___________ day of ___________ in the year of 20______, by and between the following parties, for services in connection with the Project identified below.

OWNER:
(Name and address)

DESIGN-BUILDER:
(Name and address)

PROJECT:
(Include Project name and location as it will appear in the Contract Documents)

In consideration of the mutual covenants and obligations contained herein, Owner and Design-Builder agree as set forth herein.
Article 1
Scope of Work
1.1 Design-Builder shall perform all design and construction services, and provide all material, equipment, tools and labor, necessary to complete the Work described in and reasonably inferable from the Contract Documents.

Article 2
Contract Documents
2.1 The Contract Documents are comprised of the following:

2.1.1 All written modifications, amendments, minor changes and Change Orders to this Agreement issued in accordance with DBIA Document No. 535, Standard Form of General Conditions of Contract Between Owner and Design-Builder (2022 Edition) ("General Conditions of Contract");

2.1.2 The Basis of Design Documents, including the Owner's Project Criteria, Design-Builder's Proposal and the Deviation List, if any, contained in the Design-Builder's Proposal, which shall specifically identify any and all deviations from Owner's Project Criteria;

2.1.3 This Agreement, including all exhibits and attachments, executed by Owner and Design-Builder (List for example, performance standard requirements, performance incentive requirements, markup exhibits, allowances, or unit prices);

2.1.4 The General Conditions of Contract; and

2.1.5 Construction Documents prepared and approved in accordance with Section 2.4 of the General Conditions of Contract.

Article 3
Interpretation and Intent
3.1 Design-Builder and Owner, prior to execution of the Agreement, shall carefully review all the Contract Documents, including the various documents comprising the Basis of Design Documents, for any conflicts or ambiguities. Design-Builder and Owner will discuss and resolve any identified conflicts or ambiguities prior to execution of the Agreement.

3.2 The Contract Documents are intended to permit the parties to complete the Work and all obligations required by the Contract Documents within the Contract Time(s) for the Contract Price. The Contract Documents are intended to be complementary and interpreted in harmony so as to avoid conflict, with words and phrases interpreted in a manner consistent with construction and design industry standards. In the event inconsistencies, conflicts, or ambiguities between or among the Contract Documents are discovered after execution of the Agreement, Design-Builder and Owner shall attempt to resolve any ambiguity, conflict or inconsistency informally, recognizing that the Contract Documents shall take precedence in the order in which they are listed in Section 2.1 hereof. Conflicts existing within Section 2.1.2
shall be resolved by giving precedence first to the Deviation List, if any, then the Owner’s Project Criteria, and then the Design-Builder’s Proposal.

3.3 Terms, words and phrases used in the Contract Documents, including this Agreement, shall have the meanings given them in the General Conditions of Contract.

3.4 If Owner’s Project Criteria contain design specifications: (a) Design-Builder shall be entitled to reasonably rely on the accuracy of the information represented in such design specifications and their compatibility with other information set forth in Owner’s Project Criteria, including any performance specifications; and (b) Design-Builder shall be entitled to an adjustment in the Contract Price and/or Contract Time(s) to the extent Design-Builder’s cost and/or time of performance have been adversely impacted by such inaccurate design specification.

3.5 The Contract Documents form the entire agreement between Owner and Design-Builder and by incorporation herein are as fully binding on the parties as if repeated herein. No oral representations or other agreements have been made by the parties except as specifically stated in the Contract Documents.

Article 4
Ownership of Work Product

4.1 Work Product. All drawings, specifications and other documents and electronic data, including such documents identified in the General Conditions of Contract, furnished by Design-Builder to Owner under this Agreement (‘Work Product”) are deemed to be instruments of service and Design-Builder shall retain the ownership and property interests therein, including but not limited to any intellectual property rights, copyrights and/or patents, subject to the provisions set forth in Sections 4.2 through 4.5 below.

4.2 Owner’s Limited License Upon Project Completion and Payment in Full to Design-Builder. Upon Owner’s payment in full for all Work performed under the Contract Documents, Design-Builder shall grant Owner a limited license to use the Work Product in connection with Owner’s occupancy of the Project, conditioned on Owner’s express understanding that its alteration of the Work Product without the involvement of Design-Builder is at Owner’s sole risk and without liability or legal exposure to Design-Builder or anyone working by or through Design-Builder, including Design Consultants of any tier (collectively the “Indemnified Parties”), and on the Owner’s obligation to provide the indemnity set forth in Section 4.5 below.

[At the parties’ option, the following may be used in lieu of Section 4.2.]

☐ Upon Owner’s payment in full for all Work performed under the Contract Documents, Design-Builder: (a) grants Owner a limited license to use the Work Product in connection with Owner’s occupancy of the Project; and (b) transfers all ownership and property interests, including but not limited to any intellectual property rights, copyrights and/or patents, in that portion of the Work Product that consists of architectural, engineering and other design elements and specifications that are unique to the Project. The parties shall specifically designate those portions of the Work Product for which ownership in the Work Product shall be transferred. Such grant and transfer are conditioned on Owner’s express understanding that its alteration of the Work Product without the involvement of Design-Builder is at Owner’s sole risk and without liability or legal exposure to Design-Builder or anyone working by or through Design-Builder, including Design Consultants of any tier (collectively the “Indemnified Parties”), and on the Owner’s obligation to provide the indemnity set forth in Section 4.5 below.

4.3 Owner’s Limited License upon Owner’s Termination for Convenience or Design-Builder’s Election to Terminate. If Owner terminates this Agreement for its convenience as set forth in Article 8 hereof, or if Design-Builder elects to terminate this Agreement in accordance with Section 11.4 of the
General Conditions of Contract, Design-Builder shall, upon Owner’s payment in full of the amounts due Design-Builder under the Contract Documents, grant Owner a limited license to use the Work Product to complete the Project and subsequently occupy the Project, and Owner shall thereafter have the same rights as set forth in Section 4.2 above, conditioned on the following:

4.3.1 Use of the Work Product is at Owner’s sole risk without liability or legal exposure to any Indemnified Party and on the Owner’s obligation to provide the indemnity set forth in Section 4.5 below; and

4.3.2 Owner agrees to pay Design-Builder the additional sum of ________ Dollars ($__________) as compensation for the right to use the Work Product to complete the Project and subsequently use the work Product in accordance with Section 4.2 if Owner resumes the Project through its employees, agents, or third parties.

4.4 Owner’s Limited License upon Design-Builder’s Default. If this Agreement is terminated due to Design-Builder’s default pursuant to Section 11.2 of the General Conditions of Contract, then Design-Builder grants Owner a limited license to use the Work Product to complete the Project and subsequently occupy the Project, and Owner shall thereafter have the same rights and obligations as set forth in Section 4.2 above. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if it is ultimately determined that Design-Builder was not in default, Owner shall be deemed to have terminated the Agreement for convenience, and Design-Builder shall be entitled to the rights and remedies set forth in Section 4.3 above.

4.5 Owner’s Indemnification for Use of Work Product. If Owner is required to indemnify any Indemnified Parties based on the use or alteration of the Work Product under any of the circumstances identified in this Article 4, Owner shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless such Indemnified Parties from and against any and all claims, damages, liabilities, losses and expenses, including attorneys’ fees, arising out of or resulting from the use or alteration of the Work Product.

Article 5

Contract Time

5.1 Date of Commencement. The Work shall commence within five (5) days of Design-Builder’s receipt of Owner’s Notice to Proceed (“Date of Commencement”) unless the parties mutually agree otherwise in writing.

5.2 Substantial Completion and Final Completion.

5.2.1 Substantial Completion of the entire Work shall be achieved no later than ________ (__________) calendar days after the Date of Commencement (“Scheduled Substantial Completion Date”).

[At the parties’ option, the following supplemental language may be inserted at the end of Section 5.2.1 if the Project is subject to a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy.]

The parties agree that the definition for Substantial Completion set forth in Section 1.2.18 of the General Conditions of Contract is hereby modified to read as follows:

“Substantial Completion is the date on which the Work, or an agreed upon portion of the Work, is sufficiently complete in accordance with the Contract Documents so that Owner can occupy and use the Project or a portion thereof for its intended purposes, provided, however, that Substantial Completion shall be deemed to have been achieved no later than the date of issuance of a
5.2.2 Interim milestones and/or Substantial Completion of identified portions of the Work ("Scheduled Interim Milestone Dates") shall be achieved as follows: (Insert any interim milestones for portions of the Work with different scheduled dates for Substantial Completion.)

5.2.3 Final Completion of the Work or identified portions of the Work shall be achieved as expeditiously as reasonably practicable. Final Completion is the date when all Work is complete pursuant to the definition of Final Completion set forth in Section 1.2.8 of the General Conditions of Contract.

5.2.4 All of the dates set forth in this Article 5 (collectively the "Contract Time(s)") shall be subject to adjustment in accordance with the General Conditions of Contract.

5.3 Time is of the Essence. Owner and Design-Builder mutually agree that time is of the essence with respect to the dates and times set forth in the Contract Documents.

5.4 Liquidated Damages. Design-Builder understands that if Substantial Completion is not attained by the Scheduled Substantial Completion Date, Owner will suffer damages which are difficult to determine and accurately specify. Design-Builder agrees that if Substantial Completion is not attained by ________ (________) days after the Scheduled Substantial Completion Date (the "LD Date"), Design-Builder shall pay Owner $________ as liquidated damages for each day that Substantial Completion extends beyond the LD Date.

[The parties may want to consider the following supplemental language within Section 5.4 if they want to assess liquidated damages for failing to meet Final Completion. In this case, the first sentence in Section 5.2.3 should be deleted and the language below should be checked and completed.]

□ Design-Builder understands that if Final Completion is not achieved within ________ days of the Substantial Completion Date, Owner will suffer damages which are difficult to determine and accurately specify. Design-Builder agrees that if Final Completion is not achieved within ________ days of Substantial Completion, Design-Builder shall pay to Owner $________, as liquidated damages for each calendar day that Final Completion is delayed beyond the above-referenced number of days.

[In lieu of the liquidated damages specified in Section 5.4 or the alternate provided herein, the Parties may decide that the Agreement will provide for actual damages in the event of Project delay, with Owner being cautioned that there is a waiver of consequential damages under Section 10.5.1 of the General Conditions of Contract. In this case, delete Sections 5.4 and 5.5 and insert the following.]

□ 5.4 Design-Builder and Owner have agreed not to provide for liquidated damages in this Agreement for failure of Design-Builder to achieve the Contract Time(s) set forth in this Article 5. Design-Builder understands, however, that Owner may suffer actual damages in the event the Contract Time(s) set forth herein are not timely achieved. Owner shall be able to recover such actual damages from Design-Builder to the extent it can demonstrate that actual damages have been incurred, are directly related and caused by Design-Builder’s failure to meet the Contract Time(s) set forth herein, and are not waived by Section 10.5.1 of the General Conditions of Contract. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall Design-Builder’s liability for actual damages for delays exceed $________.

5.5 Any liquidated damages assessed pursuant to this Agreement shall be in lieu of all liability for any and all extra costs, losses, expenses, claims, penalties and any other damages, whether special or
consequential, and of whatsoever nature incurred by Owner which are occasioned by any delay in achieving the Contract Time(s).

[The Parties may also desire to cap the liquidated damages payable under this Agreement, in which case the following language should be included at the end of Section 5.5.]

Owner and Design-Builder agree that the maximum aggregate liability Design-Builder has for any liquidated damages that may be assessed under this Agreement for failure to achieve the Contract Time(s) shall be ________________ Dollars ($______________).

5.6 Early Completion Bonus. If Substantial Completion is attained on or before ___________ (__________) days before the Scheduled Substantial Completion Date (the “Bonus Date”), Owner shall pay Design-Builder at the time of Final Payment under Section 7.3 hereof an early completion bonus of ___________ Dollars ($__________) for each day that Substantial Completion is attained earlier than the Bonus Date. (If an early completion bonus is applicable to any dates set forth in Section 5.2.2 or 5.2.3 hereof, this Section 5.6 will need to be modified accordingly.)

[The Parties may also desire to cap the early completion bonus payable under Section 5.6, in which case the following language should be included.]

Owner and Design-Builder agree that the maximum aggregate amount that Design-Builder shall receive as the early Completion Bonus is ________________ Dollars ($______________).

5.7 [The Parties may also desire to modify Article 8.2.2 of the General Conditions of Contract relative to compensability of delays that would cause the Contract Time(s) to be extended. In such case, the following option can be used.]

In addition to Design-Builder’s right to a time extension for those events set forth in Section 8.2.1 of the General Conditions of Contract, Design-Builder shall also be entitled to an appropriate adjustment of the Contract Price for those events set forth in Section 8.2.1 of the General Conditions of Contract, provided, however, for Force Majeure Events, Design-Builder shall only be entitled to an increase in the Contract Price if said events exceed ___________ cumulative days. Said additional compensation shall be limited to:

[Check one box only.]

☐ $__________ dollars a day for each day work is delayed beyond the Scheduled Substantial Completion Date.

or

☐ the direct costs and expenses Design-Builder can demonstrate it has reasonably and actually incurred as a result of such event.

5.8 Owner’s Review Time. The parties have established the following maximum and minimum amount of time for the Owner to review Design Submissions and the Project Schedule or any updates thereto unless the parties agree in writing otherwise.

5.8.1 The Owner shall have a minimum of _____ days of receipt by the Owner to review all Design Submissions, the Project Schedule, and any updates thereto.

5.8.2 The Owner shall review and (if applicable) provide a response to Design-Builder on all Design Submissions, the Project Schedule, and any updates thereto within ____ days of receipt by the Owner.
Article 6

Contract Price

6.1 Contract Price. Owner shall pay Design-Builder in accordance with Article 6 of the General Conditions of Contract the sum of _______________ Dollars ($______), subject to adjustments made in accordance with the General Conditions of Contract. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contract Price is deemed to include all sales, use, consumer and other taxes mandated by applicable Legal Requirements.

6.2 Markups for Changes. If the Contract Price requires an adjustment due to changes in the Work, and the cost of such changes is determined under Sections 9.4.1.3 or 9.4.1.4 of the General Conditions of Contract, the following markups shall be allowed on such changes:

6.2.1 For additive Change Orders, including additive Change Orders arising from both additive and deductive items, it is agreed that Design-Builder shall receive a Fee of __________ percent (________% ) of the additional costs incurred for that Change Order, plus any other markups set forth at Exhibit ________ hereto.

6.2.2 For deductive Change Orders, including deductive Change Orders arising from both additive and deductive items, the deductive amounts shall include:

[Check one box only.]

☐ No additional reduction to account for Design-Builder’s Fee or any other markup.

or

☐ An amount equal to the sum of: (a) __________ percent (________% ) applied to the direct costs of the net reduction (which amount will account for a reduction associated with Design-Builder’s Fee); plus (b) any other markups set forth at Exhibit __________ hereto applied to the direct costs of the net reduction.

6.3 Allowance Items and Allowance Values.

6.3.1 Any and all Allowance Items, as well as their corresponding Allowance Values, are set forth in an Exhibit hereto.

6.3.2 Design-Builder and Owner have worked together to review the Allowance Items and Allowance Values based on design information then available to determine that the Allowance Values constitute reasonable estimates for the Allowance Items. Design-Builder and Owner will continue working closely together during the preparation of the design to develop Construction Documents consistent with the Allowance Values. Nothing herein is intended in any way to constitute a guarantee by Design-Builder that the Allowance Item in question can be performed for the Allowance Value.

6.3.3 No work shall be performed on any Allowance Item without Design-Builder first obtaining in writing advanced authorization to proceed from Owner. Owner agrees that if Design-Builder is not provided written authorization to proceed on an Allowance Item by the date set forth in the Project schedule, due to no fault of Design-Builder, Design-Builder may be entitled to an adjustment of the Contract Time(s) and Contract Price.

6.3.4 The Allowance Value for an Allowance Item includes the direct cost of labor, materials,
equipment, transportation, taxes and insurance associated with the applicable Allowance Item. All other costs, including design fees, Design-Builder’s overall project management and general conditions costs, overhead and fee, are deemed to be included in the original Contract Price, and are not subject to adjustment, regardless of the actual amount of the Allowance Item.

[In the alternative, the parties may want to delete Section 6.3.4 and add the following provision.]

☐ In the event the actual direct cost of labor, materials, equipment, transportation, taxes and insurance associated with an Allowance Item is ______ percent (____ %) greater than or less than the Allowance Value for such Allowance Item, Design-Builder and Owner agree that Design-Builder’s right to Fee and markup shall be adjusted in accordance with Section 6.2.

6.3.5 Whenever the actual costs for an Allowance Item is more than or less than the stated Allowance Value, the Contract Price shall be adjusted accordingly by Change Order, subject to Section 6.3.4. The amount of the Change Order shall reflect the difference between actual costs incurred by Design-Builder for the particular Allowance Item and the Allowance Value.

6.4 Performance Incentives.

6.4.1 Owner and Design-Builder have agreed to the performance incentive arrangements set forth in Exhibit ______.

(The parties are encouraged to discuss and agree upon performance incentives that will influence project success. These incentives may consist of Award Fees, incentives for safety, personnel retention, client satisfaction and similar items.)

Article 7

Procedure for Payment

7.1 Progress Payments.

7.1.1 Design-Builder shall submit to Owner on the ______ (____) day of each month, beginning with the first month after the Date of Commencement, Design-Builder’s Application for Payment in accordance with Article 6 of the General Conditions of Contract.

7.1.2 Owner shall make payment within ten (10) days after Owner’s receipt of each properly submitted and accurate Application for Payment in accordance with Article 6 of the General Conditions of Contract, but in each case less the total of payments previously made, and less amounts properly withheld under Section 6.3 of the General Conditions of Contract.

7.2 Retainage on Progress Payments.

7.2.1 Owner will retain ______ percent (____ %) of each Application for Payment provided, however, that when fifty percent (50%) of the Work has been satisfactorily completed by Design-Builder and Design-Builder is otherwise in compliance with its contractual obligations, Owner will not retain any additional retention amounts from Design-Builder’s subsequent Applications for Payment. Owner will also reasonably consider reducing retainage for Work completed early in the Project.

[Design-Builder and Owner may want to consider substituting the following retainage provision.]
Owner will retain ____________ percent (__________%) from Design-Builder’s Applications for Payment, exclusive of general conditions costs, and any amounts paid to Design-Builder’s Design Consultant, from each Application for Payment provided, however, that when fifty percent (50%) of the Work has been satisfactorily completed by Design-Builder and Design-Builder is otherwise in compliance with its contractual obligations, Owner will not retain any additional amounts from Design-Builder’s subsequent Applications for Payment. Owner will also reasonably consider reducing retainage for Work completed early in the Project.

[For public projects, Design-Builder and Owner may want to consider substituting the following retainage provision.]

Owner will retain ____________ percent (__________%) from Design-Builder’s Applications for Payment pursuant to applicable state law.

[Design-Builder and Owner may want to consider substituting the following retainage provision.]

Because Owner has obtained a performance bond and payment bond pursuant to Article 10 below, Owner will not retain retainage from Design-Builder on this Project.

7.2.2 Within fifteen (15) days after Substantial Completion of the entire Work or, if applicable, any portion of the Work, pursuant to Section 6.6 of the General Conditions of Contract, Owner shall release to Design-Builder all retained amounts relating, as applicable, to the entire Work or completed portion of the Work, less an amount equal to (a) the reasonable value of all remaining or incomplete items of Work as noted in the Certificate of Substantial Completion and (b) all other amounts Owner is entitled to withhold pursuant to Section 6.3 of the General Conditions of Contract.

7.3 Final Payment. Design-Builder shall submit its Final Application for Payment to Owner in accordance with Section 6.7 of the General Conditions of Contract. Owner shall make payment on Design-Builder’s properly submitted and accurate Final Application for Payment within thirty (30) days after Owner’s receipt of the Final Application for Payment, provided that Design-Builder has satisfied the requirements for final payment set forth in Section 6.7.2 of the General Conditions of Contract.

7.4 Interest. Payments due and unpaid by Owner to Design-Builder, whether progress payments or final payment, shall bear interest commencing five (5) days after payment is due at the rate of __________ __________ percent (__________%) per month until paid.

7.5 Record Keeping and Finance Controls. With respect to changes in the Work performed on a cost basis by Design-Builder pursuant to the Contract Documents, Design-Builder shall keep full and detailed accounts and exercise such controls as may be necessary for proper financial management, using accounting and control systems in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and as may be provided in the Contract Documents. During the performance of the Work and for a period of three (3) years after Final Payment, Owner and Owner’s accountants shall be afforded access to, and the right to audit from time-to-time, upon reasonable notice, Design-Builder’s records, books, correspondence, receipts, subcontracts, purchase orders, vouchers, memoranda and other data relating to changes in the Work performed on a cost basis in accordance with the Contract Documents, all of which Design-Builder shall preserve for a period of three (3) years after Final Payment. Such inspection shall take place at Design-Builder’s offices during normal business hours unless another location and time is agreed to by the parties. Any multipliers or markups agreed to by the Owner and Design-Builder as part of this Agreement are only subject to audit to confirm that such multiplier or markup has been charged in accordance with this Agreement, with the composition of such multiplier or markup not being subject to audit.
Article 8
Termination for Convenience

8.1 If Design-Builder is terminated for convenience pursuant to Section 11.6 of the General Conditions, and the parties have agreed to a payment to Design-Builder in the case of such termination for convenience, Owner shall pay Design-Builder for the following in addition to the amount set forth in Section 11.6.1 of the General Conditions:

[Choose one of the following.]

☐ The fair and reasonable sums for overhead and profit on the sum of items set forth in Section 11.6.1 of the General Conditions.

or

☐ Overhead and profit in the amount of ________ percent (_______ %) on the sum of items set forth in Section 11.6.1 of the General Conditions.

8.2 In addition to the amounts set forth in Section 8.1 above and Section 11.6.1 of the General Conditions, Design-Builder shall be entitled to receive one of the following if the parties agree to an additional payment:

8.2.1 If Owner terminates this Agreement prior to commencement of construction, Design-Builder shall be paid ___________ percent (__________ %) of the remaining balance of the Contract Price.

8.2.2 If Owner terminates this Agreement after commencement of construction, Design-Builder shall be paid ___________ percent (__________ %) of the remaining balance of the Contract Price.

8.3 The total amount to be paid to Design-Builder, exclusive of costs described in section 11.6.1.2 of the General Conditions, shall not exceed the Contract Price.

[The following Article 9 should be used only if the Owner and Design-Builder agree to establish their respective representatives at the time the Agreement is executed rather than during the performance of the Project.]

Article 9
Representatives of the Parties

9.1 Owner’s Representatives.

9.1.1 Owner designates the individual listed below as its Senior Representative (“Owner’s Senior Representative”), which individual has the authority and responsibility for avoiding and resolving disputes under Section 10.2.3 of the General Conditions of Contract: (Identify individual’s name, title, address and telephone numbers.)
9.1.2 Owner designates the individual listed below as its Owner’s Representative, which individual has the authority and responsibility set forth in Section 3.4 of the General Conditions of Contract: *(Identify individual’s name, title, address and telephone numbers.)*

9.2 Design-Builder’s Representatives.

9.2.1 Design-Builder designates the individual listed below as its Senior Representative ("Design-Builder’s Senior Representative"), which individual has the authority and responsibility for avoiding and resolving disputes under Section 10.2.3 of the General Conditions of Contract: *(Identify individual’s name, title, address and telephone numbers.)*

9.2.2 Design-Builder designates the individual listed below as its Design-Builder’s Representative, which individual has the authority and responsibility set forth in Section 2.1.1 of the General Conditions of Contract: *(Identify individual’s name, title, address and telephone numbers.)*

**Article 10**

**Bonds and Insurance**

10.1 **Insurance.** Design-Builder and Owner shall procure the insurance coverages set forth in the Insurance Exhibit attached hereto and in accordance with Article 5 of the General Conditions of Contract.

10.2 **Bonds and Other Performance Security.** Design-Builder shall provide the following performance bond and labor and material payment bond or other performance security:

**Performance Bond.**

*[Check one box only. If no box is checked, then no bond is required.]*

☐ Required ☐ Not Required

**Payment Bond.**

*[Check one box only. If no box is checked, then no bond is required.]*

☐ Required ☐ Not Required

**Other Performance Security.**

*[Check one box only. If no box is checked, then no other performance security is required. If the “Required” box is checked, identify below the specific performance security that is being required and all salient commercial terms associated with that security.]*

☐ Required ☐ Not Required
Article 11

Other Provisions

11.1 Other provisions, if any, are as follows: (Insert any additional provisions.)

[In lieu of Sections 10.3.1 through 10.3.3 of the General Conditions of Contract, the parties may want to delete such sections and include the following alternative dispute resolution clause.]

☐ Any claims, disputes, or controversies between the parties arising out of or related to the Agreement, or the breach thereof, which have not been resolved in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 10.2 of the General Conditions of Contract shall be resolved in a court of competent jurisdiction in the state in which the Project is located.

[Section 2.9.1 of the General Conditions contains an option for the parties to establish a limited time frame for the Design-Builder’s warranty. If the parties agree to such a limited time frame, the parties may insert it below.]

☐ The parties have agreed to limit the time frame that the Owner can make a claim pursuant to Section 2.9.1 of the General Conditions. Owner must make all claims pursuant to Section 2.9.1 of the General Conditions within ________________ years of the date of Final Completion of the Project.
In executing this Agreement, Owner and Design-Builder each individually represents that it has the necessary financial resources to fulfill its obligations under this Agreement, and each has the necessary corporate approvals to execute this Agreement, and perform the services described herein.

OWNER:  

(Name of Owner)  
(Signature)  
(Printed Name)  
(Title)  
Date:  

DESIGN-BUILDER:  

(Name of Design-Builder)  
(Signature)  
(Printed Name)  
(Title)  
Date:  

Caution: You should sign an original DBIA document which has this caution printed in blue. An original assures that changes will not be obscured as may occur when documents are reproduced.