WHEREAS, the Western States Water Council is a policy advisory body representing eighteen states, and has long been involved in western water conservation, development, protection, and management issues, and the member states and political subdivisions have long been partners in cooperative federal water programs; and

WHEREAS, in the West, water is a critical, vital resource and “...States bear the primary responsibility and authority for managing the water resources of the United States,” as recognized in the SECURE Water Act\(^1\); and

WHEREAS, Western water law and policy are based on the reality of scarcity and the need to use water wisely, and Western states have made great strides in increasing efficiency and reducing water use, but continued investments and sacrifices are needed to maintain our quality of life in the West and to protect our environment; and

WHEREAS, the Act also recognizes that “the Federal Government should support the States, as well as regional, local and tribal governments...” and authorizes a number of important programs to provide this much needed support; and

WHEREAS, the Council supports technical and financial assistance to states and local watershed groups and water districts as an appropriate federal role, consistent with authorized federal programs; and

WHEREAS, the Council has long supported watershed and basin-wide coordination that involves all governmental entities and stakeholders interested in finding solutions to present and future water management challenges; and

WHEREAS, Section 9504 of the Act authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to provide grants or enter into cooperative agreements to assist states and other non-federal entities in carrying out a range of water use efficiency improvements to address crucial water supply issues, stretch limited water supplies, and improve water management; and

WHEREAS, the Act authorizes a variety of activities to enhance the Department of the Interior’s water data efforts with significant progress made on these activities, including the development of a national groundwater monitoring program, a brackish water assessment, and the establishment of a national water availability and use assessment; and

WHEREAS, real-time water resources data are critical for timely actions in response to droughts, flooding, and other extreme weather events, and the lack of federal capital investments in water data programs has led to the discontinuance, disrepair, or obsolescence of vital equipment needed to maintain existing water data gathering activities; and

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\(^1\) See Section 9501, SECURE Water Act, which Congress passed as Subtitle F of the Omnibus Public Lands Management Act of 2009 (Public Law 111-11).
WHEREAS, the lack of timely and accurate streamflow information threatens to put human life, health, welfare, property, and environmental and natural resources at a considerably greater risk of loss; and

WHEREAS, Section 9507 of the Act authorizes an additional $10 million for each of fiscal years 2009 through 2019 for enhancements to the U.S. Geological Survey’s (USGS) National Streamflow Information Program (NSIP) in order to provide an improved national backbone focused on national needs and interests; and

WHEREAS, the Groundwater and Streamflow Information Program (GWSIP), as well as USGS’ cooperative matching funds within the Water Availability and Use Science Program (WAUSP), together provide vital water data that States and other public and private entities and individuals rely on in making day-to-day planning and management decisions; and

WHEREAS, Section 9508 (c) of the Act authorizes the USGS to “provide grants to State water resource agencies to assist in developing water use and availability datasets” and has led to initiation of the Water-Use Data and Research (WUDR) program, in support of the Water Use Data for the Nation publication and the National Water Census; and

WHEREAS, USGS’ GWSIP, WAUSP, and WUDR together will provide vital water data that States and other public and private entities and individuals rely on to make day-to-day planning and management decisions; and

WHEREAS, these and many WaterSMART programs have largely gone unfunded or underfunded or remain dependent on year-to-year appropriations, as opposed to a dedicated line item.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Western States Water Council expresses our continuing strong support for implementation of the SECURE Water Act; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Council encourages the Administration to request and the Congress to ensure that the Act’s authorized activities receive support and appropriations that are adequate to fulfill their stated purposes as a dedicated line item.