CAGE-AID

Description:
One of the most commonly used standardized screening tools for detecting drug use problems is the CAGE-AID, a variation on the CAGE instrument that was originally created to screen for alcohol use. Brown et al., (1998) modified the CAGE questionnaire to add screening for drug use (AID stands for "adapted to include drugs"). The authors were able to obtain 70.9% sensitivity and 75.7% specificity with this modified scale.

Each letter in the acronym CAGE represents one question in the 4-item scale:

C  Cut down -- Have you ever felt you ought to cut down on your drinking or drug use?

A  Annoyed -- Have people annoyed you by criticizing your drinking or drug use?

G  Guilty -- Have you ever felt bad or guilty about your drinking or drug use?

E  Eye-opener -- Have you ever had a drink or used drugs first thing in the morning to steady your nerves or to

DSM-5 Criteria for Opioid Intoxication

Description:
The following is the DSM-5 diagnostic criteria for Opioid Intoxication.

A. Recent use of an opioid.

B. Clinically significant problematic behavioral or psychological changes (e.g., initial euphoria followed by apathy, dysphoria, psychomotor agitation or retardation, impaired judgment) that developed during, or shortly after, opioid use.

C. Pupillary constriction (or pupillary dilation due to anoxia from severe overdose) and one (or more) of the following signs or symptoms developing during, or shortly after, opioid use:

1. drowsiness or coma
2. slurred speech
3. impairment in attention or memory
D. The signs or symptoms are not attributable to another medical condition and are not better explained by another mental disorder, including intoxication with another substance.

Specify if:

With Perceptual Disturbances


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**DSM-5 codes:**

For opioid intoxication without perceptual disturbances:

- F11.129 (with comorbid mild opioid use disorder)
- F11.229 (with comorbid moderate or severe opioid use disorder)
- F11.929 (with no comorbid opioid use disorder)

For opioid intoxication with perceptual disturbances:

- F11.122 (with comorbid mild opioid use disorder)
- F11.222 (with comorbid moderate or severe opioid use disorder)
- F11.922 (with no comorbid opioid use disorder)

(Note: the DSM-IV code was 292.89 Opioid Intoxication).