

1. Land Use plans

- should be completed before any claims staking, exploration or mining takes place
- these land use plans should include accommodation of FNs interests as well as other stakeholders

advantage: shorter assessment times, clearer directions for industry

2. Staking and exploration fees

- should be collected for exploration as well, and increase for quartz and placer claims
- government and FN should collect equal fees, these fees should be paid into trust funds for education and sports facilities to benefit the public
- no more amendments and claim staking after permits have been issued
- realistic reclamation security deposits
- mining royalties should be adjusted to today's money value as a percentage of the gross revenue
- all remaining assets should be turned over to the government if a company declares bankruptcy or did not pay sufficient reclamation deposits

advantage: FN will have more financial resilience and money for better education to apply for other than subordinate jobs, more money would stay in the Yukon if companies are not allowed to subtract all (including historic) expenses

3. long-term environmental impacts

- could be reduced by facilitating open and transparent discussions with all stake instead of a rather complicated recommendation process which can be rejected by YG
- the companies should use the latest, environmental technology instead of older, cheaper extraction methods, e.g. closed containers for heapleaching
- implementation of licensing requirements should be shared responsibility between YG and FN employees and not left up to the companies (potential for filtered results)
- immediate action should be taken if spills occur or COC concentrations are exceeding suggested limits
- adaptive management should not be a reclamation options

advantage: less environmental impacts and more job for Yukoners

