



Putnam County Industrial Development Agency

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Whistle-Blower Protection / Code of Conduct Policy

In keeping with the policy of maintaining the highest standards of conduct and ethics, the County of Putnam Industrial Development Agency (the “Agency”) will investigate any suspected fraudulent or dishonest conduct by an employee, board member, or agent of the agency. The agency is committed to maintaining the highest standards of conduct and ethical behavior and promotes a working environment that values respect, fairness and integrity. All employees, board members, and agents shall act with honesty, integrity and openness in all their dealings as representatives for the organization. Failure to follow these standards will result in disciplinary action including possible termination of employment, dismissal from the board or agent duties, and possible civil or criminal prosecution if warranted.

Employees, board members, consultants and agents are encouraged to report suspected acts of fraudulent or dishonest conduct by an employee, board member, or agent of the agency, (i.e., to act as “Whistle-Blower”), pursuant to the procedures set forth below.

Reporting

A person’s concerns about suspected acts of fraudulent or dishonest conduct by an employee, board member, or agent of the agency should be reported to the Chief Executive Officer of the agency. If for any reason a person finds it difficult to report his or her concerns to the Chief Executive Officer, the person may report the concerns directly to any Board Member. Alternately, to facilitate reporting of suspected violations where the reporter wishes to remain anonymous, a written statement may be submitted to any one of the individuals listed above.

Definitions

Baseless Allegations: Allegations made with reckless disregard for their truth or falsity. People making such allegations may be subject to disciplinary action by the agency and/or legal claims by individuals accused of such conduct.

Fraudulent or Dishonest Conduct: The act of wrongdoing, misconduct, malfeasance, or other inappropriate behavior by an employee, board member, or agent of the agency, including a deliberate act or failure to act with the intention of obtaining an unauthorized benefit. Examples of such conduct include, but are not limited to:

- forgery or alteration of documents;
- unauthorized alteration or manipulation of computer files;
- fraudulent financial reporting;
- pursuit of a benefit or advantage in violation of the agency’s Conflict of Interest Policy;
- misappropriation or misuse of the agency’s resources, such as funds, supplies, or other assets;
- authorizing or receiving compensation for goods not received or services not performed;
- authorizing or receiving compensation for hours not worked; and

- the violation of any law, rule, or regulation.

Law, Rule or Regulation: Any duly enacted statute, or ordinance or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to any federal, state or local statute or ordinance.

Public Body: includes the following:

- The United States Congress, any state legislature, or any popularly-elected local governmental body, or any member or employee thereof;
- Any federal, state, or local judiciary, or any member or employee thereof, or any grand or petit jury; and
- Any federal, state, or local law enforcement agency, prosecutorial office, or police or peace office.

Retaliatory Personnel Action: The discharge, suspension, or demotion of an employee, or other adverse employment action taken against the employee in the terms and conditions of employment, including but not limited to, threats of physical harm, loss of job, punitive work assignments, or impact on salary or fees.

Whistle-Blower: An employee, consultant, or agent who informs the Chief Executive Officer, any board member, or public body, pursuant to the provisions of this policy about an activity relating to the agency which that person believes to be fraudulent or dishonest conduct.

Rights and Responsibilities

Supervisor

The Chief Executive Officer is required to report suspected fraudulent or dishonest conduct to the Chair of the Board.

Reasonable care should be taken in dealing with suspected fraudulent or dishonest conduct to avoid:

- baseless allegations;
- premature notice to persons suspected of fraudulent or dishonest conduct and/or disclosure of suspected fraudulent or dishonest conduct to others not involved with the investigation; and
- violation(s) of a person's rights under law.

Due to the important yet sensitive nature of the suspected fraudulent or dishonest conduct, effective professional follow-up is critical. The Chief Executive Officer, while appropriately concerned about "getting to the bottom" of such issues, should not in any circumstances perform any investigative or other follow up steps on his or her own. Accordingly, when the Chief Executive Officer becomes aware of suspected fraudulent or dishonest conduct, he or she:

- should not contact the person suspected of fraudulent or dishonest conduct to further investigate the matter or demand restitution;

- should not discuss the case with attorneys, the media, or anyone other than the members of the Board; and
- should not report the case to an authorized law enforcement officer without first discussing the case with the members of the Board.

Investigation

All relevant matters, including suspected but unproved allegations of fraudulent or dishonest conduct, will be reviewed and analyzed, with documentation of the receipt, retention, investigation, and treatment of the complaint. Appropriate corrective action will be taken, if necessary, and findings will be communicated back to the reporting person, if appropriate. Investigations may warrant investigation by an independent person such as an auditor and/or attorney.

Whistle-Blower Protection

The agency will protect Whistle-Blowers pursuant to the guidelines set forth below.

- The Agency will use its best efforts to protect Whistle-Blowers against all retaliatory personnel actions. Whistle-Blowing complaints will be handled with sensitivity, discretion, and confidentiality to the extent allowed by the circumstances and the law. Generally, this means that Whistle-Blower complaints will only be shared with those who have a need to know so that the agency can conduct an effective investigation and determine what action to take based on the results of any such investigation, and in appropriate cases, with law enforcement personnel. (Should disciplinary or legal action be taken against a person or persons as a result of a Whistle-Blower complaint, such persons may also have a right to know the identity of the Whistle-Blower.);
- Employees, board members, consultants, and agents of the agency may not engage in any retaliatory personnel action against a Whistle-Blower for (i) disclosing or threatening to disclose to the Chief Executive Officer or a board member, as applicable, any activity which that person believes to be fraudulent or dishonest conduct, or (ii) objecting to or refusing to participate in any fraudulent or dishonest conduct. Whistle-Blowers who believe that they have been the victim of a retaliatory personnel action may file a written complaint with the Chief Executive Officer or board member, as applicable. Any complaint of a retaliatory personnel action will be promptly investigated and appropriate corrective measures taken if such allegations are substantiated. This protection from retaliatory personnel action is not intended to prohibit supervisors from taking action, including disciplinary action, in the usual scope of their duties and based on valid performance-related factors;
- Employees, board members, consultants and agents of the agency may not engage in any retaliatory personnel action against a Whistle-Blower for (i) disclosing, or threatening to disclose to a public body any activity which that person believes to be fraudulent or dishonest conduct, or (ii) providing information to, or testifying before, any public body conducting an investigation, hearing, or inquiry into any such fraudulent or dishonest conduct charges, provided, however, that Whistle-Blowers who disclose or threaten to disclose any fraudulent or dishonest conduct to a public body are not covered under this policy unless he or she first brings the allegation of

fraudulent or dishonest conduct to the attention of the Chief Executive Office or board member, as applicable, and has afforded the agency a reasonable opportunity to correct and/or remedy such fraudulent or dishonest conduct; and

- Whistle-Blowers must be cautious to avoid baseless allegations.