

Chapter #14:

National unity and freedom movements

⇒ Questions and Answers:

Q1: What did Jamaluddin Afghani think was required for Muslims to succeed in the modern world?

Ans: Jamaluddin Afghani thought that to succeed in the world the Muslims needed to learn new technology and science; he also believed that modernization was essential to meet the challenges of the west.

Q2: Who was Mohammed Abduh and how did he influence the Muslims?

Ans: He was an enlightened Egyptian scholar who believed in the importance of education and also supported the rights of the Muslim women to education. He made arrangements to join the universities.

Q3: What was Maulana Mohammed Ali Jauhari's will? What did this mean?

Ans: His will was that he should be buried in Bait-ul-Mugaddas; this meant that he did not wish to be buried in a slave country.

Q4: In what way did Alama Iqbal (R.A) views about Muslims influence their destiny?

Ans: Iqbal urged that the Muslims of the sub-continent should be united in a single independent state, roughly in the boundaries occupied by the present Pakistan.

Q5: Describe Chaudhri Rehmat Ali's Contribution to Pakistan.

Ans: He was strongly in favour of an independent Muslim state. He created the name 'Pakistan' for our country.

Worksheet.

⇒ Fill in the blanks.

1- Bi Amma was the mother of the Ali brothers.

2- The place where Ali brothers were tried in 1921 was Khaligdina Hall Karachi.

3 Mohammad Abduh was the Grand Mufti and a member of Supreme Council of Al-Azhar University in Cairo.

⇒ Match the column.

a- Jamaluddin Afghani	(i) 1878-1931	(c)
b- Mohammad Abduh	(ii) 1897-1951	(e)
c- Maulana Mohammad Ali Tauhar	(iii) 1877-1938	(d)
d- Allama Iqbal	(iv) 1838-1897	(a)
e- Chaudhri Rehmat Ali	(v) 1849-1905	(b)