

Study - Material

U. G. Sem - VI
(Mathematics)
paper - CC13

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Fourier Transform

Q Find the Fourier transform of :-

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x^2, & |x| \leq 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$

Hence evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^3} \cos \frac{x}{2} dx$

Solⁿ :- $F(s) = F\{f(x)\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{isx} dx$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{-1} f(x) e^{isx} dx + \int_{-1}^1 f(x) e^{isx} dx + \int_1^{\infty} f(x) e^{isx} dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{-1} 0 e^{isx} dx + \int_{-1}^1 (1-x^2) e^{isx} dx + \int_1^{\infty} 0 e^{isx} dx$$

$$= \int_{-1}^1 (1-x^2) e^{isx} dx$$

$$= \left[(1-x^2) \frac{e^{isx}}{is} + \frac{2}{is} \int x e^{isx} dx \right]_{-1}^1$$

$$= \left\{ (1-x^2) \frac{e^{isx}}{is} + \frac{2}{is} \left[x \frac{e^{isx}}{is} - \int \frac{e^{isx}}{is} dx \right] \right\}_{-1}^1$$

$$= \left[(1-x^2) \frac{e^{isx}}{is} + 2x \frac{e^{isx}}{(is)^2} - 2 \frac{e^{isx}}{(is)^3} \right]_{-1}^1$$

$$= \left[\left(0 + \frac{2e^{is}}{-s^2} - 2 \frac{e^{is}}{(-is)^3} \right) - \left(0 - \frac{2e^{-is}}{(-s^2)} - 2 \frac{e^{-is}}{(-is)^3} \right) \right]$$

$$= -\frac{2 \times 2}{s^2} \left(\frac{e^{is} + e^{-is}}{2} \right) + \frac{2 \times 2}{s^3} \left(\frac{e^{is} - e^{-is}}{2i} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{4}{s^2} \cos s + \frac{4}{s^3} \sin s$$

$$\Rightarrow F(s) = -\frac{4}{s^3} (s \cos s - \sin s)$$

Now by inverse Fourier transform, we have

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(s) e^{-isx} ds$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} -\frac{4}{s^3} (s \cos s - \sin s) ds$$

$$= \begin{cases} 1-x^2, & |x| \leq 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{s \cos s - \sin s}{s^3} e^{-|s|x} ds$$

$$= \begin{cases} 1-x^2, & |x| \leq 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$

but $x = \frac{1}{2}$, we obtain

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{s \cos s - \sin s}{s^3} e^{-\frac{|s|}{2}} ds = 1 - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{s \cos s - \sin s}{s^3} \left(\cos \frac{s}{2} - i \sin \frac{s}{2} \right) ds = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{s \cos s - \sin s}{s^3} \left(\cos \frac{s}{2} - i \sin \frac{s}{2} \right) ds = -\frac{3\pi}{8} + 0i$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{s \cos s - \sin s}{s^3} \cos \frac{s}{2} ds = -\frac{3\pi}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{s \cos s - \sin s}{s^3} \cos \frac{s}{2} ds = -\frac{3\pi}{8}$$

as integral is even

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^3} \cos \frac{x}{2} dx = -\frac{3\pi}{16}$$

function

Q Find the Fourier sine transform of $e^{-|x|}$.

Hence show that $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sin mx}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi e^{-m}}{2}$, $m > 0$.

Solⁿ: - x being positive in the interval $(0, \infty)$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-|x|} = e^{-x}$$

\therefore Fourier sine transform of $f(x) = e^{-|x|}$ is given by

$$F_s \{f(x)\} = \int_0^{\infty} f(x) \sin sx dx = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} \sin sx dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{e^{-x}}{1+s^2} (-\sin sx - s \cos sx) \right]_0^{\infty} = \frac{s}{1+s^2}$$

Using inversion formula for Fourier sine transform we get.

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} F_s \{f(x)\} \sin sx ds = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{s}{1+s^2} \sin sx ds$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-x} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{s}{1+s^2} \sin sx ds$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-m} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{s}{1+s^2} \sin sm ds$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x}{1+x^2} \sin mx dx = \frac{\pi e^{-m}}{2}, m > 0.$$