BOISE COUNTY, IDAHO

Report on Audited
Basic
Financial Statements
and
Supplemental Information

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Commissioners Boise County, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Boise County**, **Idaho** (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Boise County**, **Idaho**, as of September 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 13 to the financial statements, in 2014, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedule of funding progress and budgetary comparison information on pages 33 through 38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise **Boise County**, **Idaho's** basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States*, *Local Governments*, *and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedules of revenues by source and expenditures by object have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we did not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2015, on our consideration of **Boise County**, **Idaho's** internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bailey & Co.

Nampa, Idaho March 30, 2015

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities	
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,498,933	
Receivables, Net:		
Property Taxes	487,758	
Interest	4,306	
Due from Other Governments	358,080	
Prepaid Items	14,208	
Capital Assets:	405 770	
Land	195,772	
Buildings, Net	1,586,623	
Equipment, Net	1,279,626	
Total Capital Assets	3,062,021	
Total Assets	12,425,306	
Deferred Outflows	0	
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	79,953	
Salaries and Benefits Payable	32	
Accrued Interest	6,846	
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year:		
Compensated Absences	135,084	
Bonds Payable	380,000	
Municipal Leases Payable	80,493	
Due in More than One Year:		
Other Post-Employment Benefits	39,577	
Bonds Payable	1,610,000	
Municipal Leases Payable	144,021	
Total Liabilities	2,476,006	
Deferred Inflows		
Bond Premium	134,950	
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,837,507	
Restricted for:		
Roads and Bridges	932,411	
Public Safety	1,391,843	
Sanitation	938,771	
Debt Service	68,597	
Other Purposes	2,026,784	
Unrestricted (Deficit) Surplus	1,618,437	
Total Net Position	\$ 9,814,350	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		ı	Program Re	eveni	2411		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
		Charges for	Operatir			Capital	Net Position -
		Services	Grants a			rants and	Governmental
	Expenses	and Sales	Contributi	ons	Co	ntributions	Activities
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 2,244,066	\$ 282,126	\$ 348,0	696	\$	0	\$ (1,613,244)
Public Safety	2,395,192	362,949	178,	514		56,915	(1,796,814)
Highways and Roads	1,581,741	4,972		0		728,380	(848,389)
Sanitation	658,214	41,410		0		0	(616,804)
Weed Control	87,816	57,604	42,	112		0	11,900
Welfare	181,272	0		0		0	(181,272)
Education	20,135	0		0		0	(20,135)
Culture and Recreation	24,500	0		0		0	(24,500)
Interest on Long-term Debt	53,203	0		0		0	(53,203)
Debt Fees	408	0		0		0	(408)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,246,547	\$ 749,061	\$ 569,	322	\$	785,295	(5,142,869)
General Revenues:							
		Property Ta		pecia	al Fe	es	4,757,639
Intergovernmental					1,377,532		
		Investment	Earnings				60,353
Other				585,849			
·					2,737		
		Special Item	S:				
		Theft Loss					(10,608)
		Total Genera		s and	d Spe	ecial Items	6,773,502
		Change in N					1,630,633
		Net Position			eviou	ısly	8,240,001
		Prior Period	•				(56,284)
		Net Position	•	_	state	ed	8,183,717
		Net Position	- End of Ye	ear			\$ 9,814,350

Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds September 30, 2014

		Road and		
	General	Bridge	Justice Fund	Solid Waste
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 2,763,572	\$ 998,582	\$ 1,267,730	\$ 987,628
Taxes	148,966	4,830	136,484	62,519
Interest Due from Other Governments	4,306	200 200	0 65 141	0
Prepaid Items	54,578 0	209,200 0	65,141 0	0 0
Total Assets	2,971,422	1,212,612	1,469,355	1,050,147
	, - ,	, ,-	,,	, ,
Deferred Outflows	0	0	0	0
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 2,971,422	\$ 1,212,612	\$ 1,469,355	\$ 1,050,147
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Salaries and Benefits Payable	15,555	21,025	24,610	3,866
Total Liabilities	15,555	21,025	24,610	3,866
Deferred Inflows				
Unavailable Property Taxes	128,403	5,002	124,775	59,665
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	0	0	0	0
Restricted	17,132	927,409	1,267,068	879,106
Committed	1,629,331	259,176	52,902	107,510
Assigned	900,000	0	0	0
Unassigned	281,001	0	0	0
Total Fund Balances	2,827,464	1,186,585	1,319,970	986,616
T (11 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ 2,971,422	\$ 1,212,612	\$ 1,469,355	\$ 1,050,147
and I und Dalances	φ 2,311,422	Ψ 1,212,012	ψ 1, 4 08,300	ψ 1,030,147

Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds September 30, 2014 (continued)

				Other		Total	
			Governmental		Governmental		
	Bond Fund			Funds		Funds	
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	52,595	\$	2,428,826	\$	8,498,933	
Receivables:							
Taxes		22,848		112,111		487,758	
Interest		0		0		4,306	
Due from Other Governments		0		29,161		358,080	
Prepaid Items		0		14,208		14,208	
Total Assets		75,443		2,584,306		9,363,285	
Deferred Outflows		0		0		0	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	75,443	\$	2,584,306	\$	9,363,285	
Liabilities							
	\$	0	\$	32	\$	32	
Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable	Φ	0	Ф	32 14,897	Φ	79,953	
Total Liabilities		0		14,929		79,935	
Total Liabilities		0		14,929	-	19,900	
Deferred Inflows							
Unavailable Property Taxes		22,915		102,775		443,535	
		·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		0		14,208		14,208	
Restricted		12,528		1,906,877		5,010,120	
Committed		40,000		233,518		2,322,437	
Assigned		0		311,999		1,211,999	
Unassigned		0		0		281,001	
Total Fund Balances		52,528		2,466,602		8,839,765	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,	Φ.	75 440	Φ.	0.504.000	•	0.000.005	
and Fund Balances	\$	75,443	\$	2,584,306	\$	9,363,285	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2014

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 8,839,765

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because of the following:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. Those assets consist of:

Land	\$ 195,772	
Buildings, net of \$473,468 accumulated depreciation	1,586,623	
Equipment, net of \$4,993,002 accumulated depreciation	1,279,626	

3,062,021

Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are considered unearned in the funds.

443.535

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities and the related deferrals - both current and long-term - are reported in the Statement of Net Position.

Accrued Interest	(6,846)
Bonds Payable	(1,990,000)
Unamortized Premiums	(134,950)
Municipal Leases Payable	(224,514)
Other Post-Employment Benefits	(39,577)
Compensated Absences	(135,084)
Total Long-Term Liabilities	(2,524,125)
•	

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 9,814,350

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Revenues General Fund Bridge Justice Fund Solid Waste Property Taxes and Special Fees \$ 1,382,922 \$ 3,927 \$ 1,370,641 \$ 665,930 Intergovernmental 150,977 870,948 277,372 0 Grants and Donations 293,836 728,380 111,336 0 Charges for Services 210,853 4,972 157,990 41,410 Investment Earnings 60,353 0 0 0 Other 301,879 113,377 73,412 238 Total Revenues 2,400,820 1,721,599 1,990,751 707,578 Expenditures Current: General Government 1,317,689 0 0 0 Public Safety 248,444 0 1,638,122 0 0 Public Safety 248,444 0 1,638,122 0 0 Public Safety 248,444 0 1,638,122 0 0 Safety <th></th> <th></th> <th>Road and</th> <th></th> <th></th>			Road and			
Property Taxes and Special Fees		General Fund	Bridge	Justice Fund	Solid Waste	
Intergovernmental						
Grants and Donations 293,836 728,380 111,336 0 Charges for Services 210,853 4,972 157,990 41,410 Investment Earnings 60,353 0 0 0 Other 301,879 113,372 73,412 238 Total Revenues 2,400,820 1,721,599 1,990,751 707,578 Expenditures Current: General Government 1,317,689 0 0 0 0 General Government 1,317,689 0					\$ 665,930	
Charges for Services Investment Earnings 210,853 4,972 157,990 41,410 Investment Earnings 60,353 0 0 0 Other 301,879 113,372 73,412 238 Total Revenues 2,400,820 1,721,599 1,990,751 707,578 Expenditures Current: 69,673 0 0 0 General Government 1,317,689 0 0 0 0 Public Safety 248,444 0 1,638,122 0 0 0 Public Safety 248,444 0 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td>					0	
Investment Earnings						
Other Total Revenues 301,879 (2,400,820) 113,372 (73,412) 238 (70,578) Expenditures Current:	=				41,410	
Total Revenues 2,400,820 1,721,599 1,990,751 707,578 Expenditures Current: General Government 1,317,689 0 0 0 Public Safety 248,444 0 1,638,122 0 Highways and Roads 0 1,240,429 0 0 Sanitation 0 0 0 0 Weel Control 0 0 0 0 Welfare 0 0 0 0 Education 0 0 0 0 Education 0 0 0 0 Culture and Recreation 0 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal 7,557 89,685 82,877 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 Fees 408 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 170,831 109,146 44,660 82,752 Total Expenditures 654,974 <td< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	-					
Expenditures Current: General Government 1,317,689 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0						
Current: General Government 1,317,689 0 0 0 Public Safety 248,444 0 1,638,122 0 Highways and Roads 0 1,240,429 0 0 Sanitation 0 0 0 594,532 Weed Control 0 0 0 0 Welfare 0 0 0 0 Education 0 0 0 0 Culture and Recreation 0 0 0 0 Culture and Recreation 0 0 0 0 Debt Service: 7,557 89,685 82,877 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 Fees 408 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 170,831 109,146 44,660 82,752 Total Expenditures 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294	Total Revenues	2,400,820	1,721,599	1,990,751	707,578	
General Government Public Safety 1,317,689 0 0 0 Public Safety 248,444 0 1,638,122 0 Highways and Roads 0 1,240,429 0 0 Sanitation 0 0 0 594,532 Weed Control 0 0 0 0 Welfare 0 0 0 0 Education 0 0 0 0 Culture and Recreation 0 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal 7,557 89,685 82,877 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 Fees 408 0 0 0 Fees 408 0 0 0 Cotal Expenditures 1,745,846 1,446,991 1,775,380 677,284 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing So	•					
Public Safety 248,444 0 1,638,122 0 Highways and Roads 0 1,240,429 0 0 Sanitation 0 0 0 0 594,532 Weed Control 0 0 0 0 0 Welfare 0 0 0 0 0 Education 0 0 0 0 0 Culture and Recreation 0 0 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal 7,557 89,685 82,877 0 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 0 0 2 0 77,284 0 0 0	Current:					
Highways and Roads			0	-	0	
Sanitation 0 0 0 594,532 Weed Control 0 0 0 0 Welfare 0 0 0 0 Education 0 0 0 0 Culture and Recreation 0 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal 7,557 89,685 82,877 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 Fees 408 0 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 170,831 109,146 44,660 82,752 Total Expenditures 1,745,846 1,446,991 1,775,380 677,284 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 23,565 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 <t< td=""><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td>248,444</td><td>-</td><td>1,638,122</td><td>0</td></t<>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	248,444	-	1,638,122	0	
Weed Control 0 0 0 0 Welfare 0 0 0 0 Education 0 0 0 0 Culture and Recreation 0 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal 7,557 89,685 82,877 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 Fees 408 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 170,831 109,146 44,660 82,752 Total Expenditures 1,745,846 1,446,991 1,775,380 677,284 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt Proceeds 23,565 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 1	Highways and Roads	0	1,240,429	0		
Welfare 0 0 0 0 Education 0 0 0 0 Culture and Recreation 0 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal 7,557 89,685 82,877 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 Fees 408 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 170,831 109,146 44,660 82,752 Total Expenditures 1,745,846 1,446,991 1,775,380 677,284 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 23,565 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances<		0	0	0	594,532	
Education 0 0 0 0 Culture and Recreation 0 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal 7,557 89,685 82,877 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 Fees 408 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 170,831 109,146 44,660 82,752 Total Expenditures 1,745,846 1,446,991 1,775,380 677,284 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt Proceeds 23,565 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items <td rowsp<="" td=""><td>Weed Control</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></td>	<td>Weed Control</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	Weed Control	0	0	0	0
Culture and Recreation 0 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal 7,557 89,685 82,877 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 Fees 408 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 170,831 109,146 44,660 82,752 Total Expenditures 1,745,846 1,446,991 1,775,380 677,284 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 23,565 0 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items Theft Loss (4,910) 0 (504) 0 </td <td>Welfare</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	Welfare	0	0	0	0	
Debt Service: Principal 7,557 89,685 82,877 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 Fees 408 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 170,831 109,146 44,660 82,752 Total Expenditures 1,745,846 1,446,991 1,775,380 677,284 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt Proceeds 23,565 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items Theft Loss (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573	Education	0	0	0	0	
Principal Interest 7,557 89,685 82,877 0 Interest 917 7,731 9,721 0 Fees 408 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 170,831 109,146 44,660 82,752 Total Expenditures 1,745,846 1,446,991 1,775,380 677,284 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt Proceeds 23,565 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items Theft Loss (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Begin	Culture and Recreation	0	0	0	0	
Interest Fees 917 7,731 9,721 0 Fees 408 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 170,831 109,146 44,660 82,752 Total Expenditures 1,745,846 1,446,991 1,775,380 677,284 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0 1,446,991 1,775,380 677,284 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt Proceeds 23,565 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items Theft Loss (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294	Debt Service:					
Fees Capital Outlay 408 10 19,146 44,660 82,752 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Principal	7,557	89,685	82,877	0	
Capital Outlay 170,831 109,146 44,660 82,752 Total Expenditures 1,745,846 1,446,991 1,775,380 677,284 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 23,565 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322	Interest	917	7,731	9,721	0	
Total Expenditures 1,745,846 1,446,991 1,775,380 677,284 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 23,565 0 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322	Fees	408	0	0	0	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt Proceeds 23,565 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322	Capital Outlay	170,831	109,146	44,660	82,752	
Over Expenditures 654,974 274,608 215,371 30,294 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt Proceeds 23,565 0 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0	Total Expenditures	1,745,846	1,446,991	1,775,380	677,284	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt Proceeds 23,565 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items Theft Loss (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Debt Proceeds 23,565 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items Theft Loss (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322	Over Expenditures	654,974	274,608	215,371	30,294	
Debt Proceeds 23,565 0 0 0 Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items Theft Loss (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Assets 0 547 25,370 0 Transfers In 0 0 76,191 0 Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items Theft Loss (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322		23.565	0	0	0	
Transfers In Transfers Out 0 0 76,191 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322				_		
Transfers Out (100,000) 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (76,435) 547 101,561 0 Special Items Theft Loss (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322						
Special Items (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322		_				
Theft Loss (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322						
Theft Loss (4,910) 0 (504) 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322	Special Items					
Net Change in Fund Balances 573,629 275,155 316,428 30,294 Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322	-	(4.910)	0	(504)	0	
Fund Balances - Beginning 2,253,835 911,430 1,003,542 956,322						
	Net Change in Fund Balances	573,629	275,155	316,428	30,294	
	Fund Balances - Beginning	2,253,835	911,430	1,003,542	956,322	
			\$ 1,186,585			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2014 (continued)

D	Bc	ond Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	_		_		
Property Taxes and Special Fees	\$	206,435	\$	1,246,951	\$ 4,876,806
Intergovernmental		0		78,235	1,377,532
Grants and Donations		0		221,065	1,354,617
Charges for Services		0		333,836	749,061
Investment Earnings		0		0	60,353
Other		0		96,948	585,849
Total Revenues		206,435		1,977,035	9,004,218
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government		0		940,395	2,258,084
Public Safety		0		256,117	2,142,683
Highways and Roads		0		0	1,240,429
Sanitation		0		0	594,532
Weed Control		0		71,351	71,351
Welfare		0		181,272	181,272
Education		0		20,135	20,135
Culture and Recreation		0		21,496	21,496
Debt Service:		_		,	,
Principal		365,000		0	545,119
Interest		63,012		0	81,381
Fees		0		0	408
Capital Outlay		0		69,388	476,777
Total Expenditures		428,012		1,560,154	7,633,667
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		(221,577)		416,881	1,370,551
Over Experiences		(221,011)		+10,001	1,070,001
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Debt Proceeds		0		0	23,565
Sale of Assets		0		0	25,917
Transfers In		199,058		0	275,249
Transfers Out		0		(175,249)	(275,249)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		199,058		(175,249)	49,482
Special Items					
Theft Loss		0		(5,194)	(10,608)
				(3,.01)	(.0,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(22,519)		236,438	1,409,425
Fund Balances - Beginning		75,047		2,230,164	7,430,340
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	52,528	\$	2,466,602	\$ 8,839,765

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Total Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$1,409,425

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense or create a gain or loss on an asset when it is disposed.

Capital Outlay	\$ 172,129
Disposal of Assets	(23,180)
Depreciation Expense	(427,184)

(278, 235)

Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, counted as deferred tax revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the Statement of Activities.

(119,167)

Bond proceeds and municipal leases entered into during the year are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the Statement of Net Position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities, except for the amortization of bond premiums. Similarly, repayment of bond and municipal lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Accrued interest is also not a current financial use and does not affect fund balance but is reported in the government-wide statements.

Bond and Municipal Lease Proceeds	(23,565)
Principal Payments Made	545,119
Amortization of Bond Premium	26,990
Change in Accrued Interest	1,188_

549.732

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Other Post-Employment Benefits	(7,969)
Compensated Absences	76,847

68,878

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,630,633

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2014

	Agency Funds						
		Special					
	Sta	ate	Taxing	Miscellaneous			
	Remit	tance	District		Trusts		Total
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	0	\$ 2	\$	684,873	\$	684,875
Property Taxes Receivable		0	374,547		0		374,547
Total Assets		0	374,549		684,873		1,059,422
Deferred Outflows		0	0		0		0
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	0	\$ 374,549	\$	684,873	\$	1,059,422
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	Ψ	<u> </u>	ψ 374,349	Ψ	004,073	Ψ	1,039,422
Liabilities							
Due to Other Funds or Taxing Units	\$	0	\$ 374,549	\$	684,873	\$	1,059,422
Deferred Inflows		0	0		0		0
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflaura	ф	0	¢ 274 E40	φ	604.072	Φ	1 050 400
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$	0	\$ 374,549	\$	684,873	Φ.	1,059,422

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Boise County, Idaho (the County) operates under the direction of a Board of Commissioners who are responsible for the various operations of the County. The accompanying basic financial statements present the County (the primary government) and any component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. However, the County's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined in *Government Accounting Standards*.

The accounting policies of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall County, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities.

- Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.
- Indirect expenses expenses of the County related to the administration and support of the County's programs, such as personnel and accounting - are not allocated to programs.
- Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes and state formula aid, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the County are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- General fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Road and Bridge fund. This fund accounts for repairs and maintenance of roads and bridges and construction of new roads and bridges.
- Justice fund. This fund accounts for all activity related to public safety as well
 as the operations of the Prosecuting Attorney's office.
- Solid Waste fund. This fund accounts for solid waste management services.
- Bond fund. This fund accounts for the resources used to pay any issued bond securities.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The types of fiduciary funds include: Expendable Trust, Nonexpendable Trust, Pension Trust, and Agency Funds. Of the four categories, the County has only Agency Funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets plus deferred outflows equal liabilities plus deferred inflows) and do not involve measurement or results of operations.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Fund Balance Reporting in Governmental Funds

Different measurement focuses and bases of accounting are used in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the governmental fund Balance Sheet. The County uses the following fund balance categories in the governmental fund Balance Sheet:

- Nonspendable. Assets that cannot be converted to cash (prepaid items), assets that cannot be converted to cash soon enough to pay current expenditures (long-term receivables or assets held for resale), or resources that must be maintained intact (endowment principal or capital of a revolving loan).
- Restricted. Balances constrained to a specific purpose by enabling legislation, external parties, or constitutional provisions.
- Committed. Balances constrained to a specific purpose by the County's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Commissioners). A resolution is required to impose a constraint and is also required to remove a constraint.
- Assigned. Limitations imposed on balances through intentions of either the Board of Commissioners or a body or official designated by the Board of Commissioners.
- Unassigned. Balances available for any purpose.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position/fund balances available to finance the program. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

It is also the County's policy that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the County considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Durnaga

The purpose of restricted fund balances are detailed as follows:

Fund	Purpose Purpose
General fund	These revenues are elections funds received from the State to be used for election expenditures.
Road and	Revenues in this fund come from Federal forest funds, State
Bridge	highway user funds, other intergovernmental revenue, some property tax revenue, and other revenues that are to be used for maintaining and improving roads and bridges within the County.
Justice	Revenues in this fund come from property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenue, grants, and other revenues that are to be used for public safety services.
Solid Waste	Revenues in this fund come from special fees, charges for services, and other revenues that are to be used for sanitation and disposal of the County's solid waste. Also, funds are restricted by the EPA for the estimated remaining post-closure landfill costs.
Bond fund	Revenues in this fund come from property taxes that are to be used to pay down the 2012 C Bond Series.
Nonmajor	Revenues in these funds come from levied property taxes,
Special	intergovernmental revenue, grants, charges for services, and other
Revenue	revenues that are to be used for items ranging from public
Funds	assistance and safety, health and welfare, maintenance and improvement of public ways and facilities, district and magistrate court activities, culture and recreation, education, and other governmental type activities.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The purpose of committed fund balances are detailed as follows:

- Minimum fund balance. The County maintains a prudent level of financial resources to protect against current and future risks, ensure stable tax rates, address long-term financial planning, preserve bond ratings, and to protect against reducing service levels or raising taxes and fees because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unexpected one-time expenditures. The ranges set for each fund are based on the predictability of revenues, volatility of expenditures, and liquidity requirements and shall be reviewed periodically. The range set for all County funds is to be maintained at a level between 10% and 30% of actual operating revenues of the prior fiscal year. The amounts determined from this calculation are considered committed fund balance. The County calculated 30% for the current fiscal year.
- Subsequent year's expenditures. This is the amount needed to support the next year's budget when expenditures exceed revenues and taxes.
- Cash basis. This is calculated as the estimated fund balance needed to fund the County's operations through the first three months of the next fiscal year due to timing differences between receipt of revenues and disbursement of expenditures.

The assigned fund balance within the General fund is the amount the Clerk has estimated will be needed for extraordinary legal costs associated with several high profile criminal cases, and the long term repayment of bond debt. The remaining assigned fund balances are amounts the Clerk has estimated will be needed for capital improvement projects in the Ambulance and District Court funds.

C. Assets and Liabilities

Cash Equivalents

The County, based on State Statute, requires all cash belonging to the County to be placed in custody of the Treasurer. A "Pooled Cash" concept is therefore used in maintaining the cash and investment accounts in the accounting records. Under this method, all cash is pooled for investment purposes and each fund has equity in the pooled amount. All amounts included in the pooled cash and investment accounts are considered to be cash and cash equivalents. See Note 2.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consists of property taxes, sales taxes, use taxes, state grants, federal grants and other miscellaneous receivables.

The allowance for doubtful accounts for the governmental activities is \$-0- as of September 30, 2014.

Property Taxes

In accordance with Idaho law, ad-valorem property taxes are levied in September for each calendar year. Taxes are recorded by the County using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Levies are made on or before the 2nd Monday of September. All of the personal property taxes and one-half of the real property taxes are due on or before the 20th of December. The remaining one-half of the real property tax is due on or before June 20th of the following year. A lien is filed on property three years from the date of delinquency.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

Date property is valued January 1

Date tax levies are established Second Monday of September

Date taxes are billed November 20

Date taxes are due

One half on December 20 and

half on the following June 20

Date taxes become delinquent First day of January of the

succeeding year

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Contributed assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are shown below:

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

	Capitalization	Depreciation	Estimated
	<u>Policy</u>	Method	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings and Improvements	\$5,000	Straight-Line	15 – 40 Years
Equipment	\$5,000	Straight-Line	5 – 15 Years

Depreciation is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of all capital assets over their estimated useful lives.

General infrastructure assets acquired prior to October 1, 2003, are not reported in the basic financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to October 1, 2003.

Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent debt obligations that will be paid within the next billing cycle. Amounts shown are not over 60 days past due.

Compensated Absences

Personal leave compensation (vacation benefit) is calculated on an individual basis, according to an employee's total years worked and total hours worked per week.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

As of September 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$3,708,519 and the respective bank balances totaled \$4,362,436. The total bank balance was insured or collateralized with pooled securities held by the pledging institution in the name of the County. The County also keeps \$1,000 petty cash on hand for their change drawers.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. It is the County's policy to fully collateralize deposits exceeding insurance limits with government and/or agency securities held by the pledging financial institution. As of September 30, 2014, all of the County's deposits were covered by the federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the County's agent or pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the County, and thus were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County follows Idaho Statute that outlines qualifying investment options as follows:

Idaho Code authorizes the County to invest any available funds in obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States Treasury, the State of Idaho, local Idaho municipalities and taxing districts, the Farm Credit System, or Idaho public corporations, as well as time deposit accounts and repurchase agreements.

It is the County's policy that acceptable financial instruments must have a credit rating of A or better by Standard & Poor's Corporation (S&P) or an equivalent nationally recognized statistical rating organization. However, investments may be made in the Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool without regard to the above required credit ratings.

Interest Rate Risk

To help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates, it is the County's policy to invest in financial instruments whose maturities are consistent with the needs of the County. The County's intent is to also invest locally as long as rates remain competitive.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments

The County voluntarily participates in the State of Idaho Investment Pool. The pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other regulatory body. Oversight of the pool is with the State Treasurer and Idaho Code defines it as an allowable investment. The fair value of the County's investment in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The County also invests in the State of Idaho Diversified Bond Fund.

The County's investments at September 30, 2014 are summarized below:

			Investment Maturities (in years)			
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Fair Value	L	ess Than 1		1-5
External Investment Pool	Not Rated	\$2,759,386	\$	2,759,386	\$	0
State Bond Fund	Not Rated	2,813,662		2,813,662		0
		\$5,573,048	\$	5,573,048	\$	0

At year-end, the cash and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental		F	iduciary	
		Activities		Funds	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,925,885	\$	684,875	\$3,610,760
Investments categorized as deposits		5,573,048		0	5,573,048
	\$	8,498,933	\$	684,875	\$9,183,808

The following accounts are not recorded on the County's books:

	Book Balance		Ba	nk Balance
Tax Collectors Sweep	\$	76,506	\$	157,145
Tax Collectors		5		5
Credit Card		22,246		21,936
	\$	98,757	\$	179,086

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

3. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due from other governmental units (State of Idaho) consist of the liquor apportionment of \$10,602, cigarette tax of \$3,855, highway user revenue of \$209,200, federal grant funds of \$22,944, and state revenue sharing of \$111,479 for a total of \$358,080.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Balance 10/1/2013	Restatement	Additions	Disposals	Balance 9/30/2014
Covernmental Activities	10/1/2010	restatement	7 (001110113	Бібробаіб	3/30/2014
Governmental Activities:	.t. al.				
Capital Assets Not Being Deprecia					
Land	\$ 195,772	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 195,772
Capital Assets Baing Depresisted					
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	2,045,303	(32,926)	47,714	0	2,060,091
Equipment	6,310,390	(29,345)	124,415	(132,832)	6,272,628
Total Historical Cost	8,355,693	(62,271)	172,129	(132,832)	8,332,719
Less: Accumulated Depreciation					
•	400.000	0.050	00.770	0	470 400
Buildings and Improvements	430,033	6,659	36,776	0	473,468
Equipment	4,788,081	(75,835)	390,408	(109,652)	4,993,002
Total Accumulated Depreciation	5,218,114	(69,176)	427,184	(109,652)	5,466,470
Net Depreciable Assets	3,137,579	6,905	(255,055)	(23,180)	2,866,249
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets - Net	\$3,333,351	\$ 6,905	<u>\$(255,055)</u>	<u>\$ (23,180</u>)	\$3,062,021

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the County as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$ 23,624
Public Safety	126,373
Highways and Roads	232,166
Sanitation	28,644
Weed Control	13,373
Culture and Recreation	3,004
	\$427,184

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

5. TRANSFERS

Transfers in and out of funds at September 30, 2014 consist of the following:

\$100,000	From the General fund to the Bond fund for bond payments.
76,191	From the Sheriffs Reserve fund to the Justice fund to incorporate the Sheriffs
	Reserve fund into the Justice fund.
99.058	From the Tort fund to the Bond fund to utilize for future bond payments.

\$275,249 Total

6. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The County presently accumulates unused vacation days and compensatory time calculated on an individual basis according to an employee's total years worked and total hours per week worked. All accumulated vacation days and compensatory time represents a potential liability to the County.

	10/1/2013	Increase	Decrease	9/30/2014	Current
Governmental Activities	\$211,931	\$ 52,674	\$(129,521)	\$135,084	\$135,084

Effective October 1, 2013, employees of the Sheriff's office no longer bank overtime as compensated absences and, instead, are paid out their overtime.

7. PENSION PLAN

Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI) - The PERSI Base Plan, a cost sharing, multiple-employer public, retirement system, was created by the Idaho State Legislature. It is a defined benefit plan requiring that both the member and the employer contribute. The Plan provides benefits based on members' years of service, age, and compensation. In addition, benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions is established in Idaho Code. Designed as a mandatory system for eligible state and school district employees, the legislation provided for other political subdivisions to participate by contractual agreement with PERSI. After five years of credited service, members become fully vested in retirement benefits earned to date. Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. For each month of credited service, the annual service retirement allowance is 2.0% (2.3% police/firefighter) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

7. PENSION PLAN (continued)

PERSI issues publicly available stand-alone financial reports that include audited financial statements and required supplementary information. These reports may be obtained from PERSI's website, www.persi.idaho.gov.

The actuarially determined contribution requirements of the County and its employees are established and may be amended by the PERSI Board of Trustees. For the State's year ended June 30, 2014, the required contribution rate as a percentage of covered payrolls for members was 6.23% for general members and 7.69% for police/firefighters. The employer rate as a percentage of covered payroll was 10.39% for general members and 10.73% for police/firefighter members. The County employer contributions required and paid were \$290,741, \$266,220, and \$267,971 for the three years ended September 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to a considerable number of risks of loss including, but not limited to, a) damage to and loss of property and contents, b) employee torts, c) professional liabilities, i.e. errors and omissions, d) environmental damage, e) worker's compensation, i.e. employee injuries and f) medical insurance costs of its employees. Commercial insurance policies are purchased to transfer the risk of loss for property and content damage, employee torts, and professional liabilities.

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Government-wide Activities:

The County leases certain equipment and property under long-term lease agreements. Certain leases have been recorded as municipal leases and others as operating leases. The municipal leases consist of:

Equipment	\$ 850,783
Less: accumulated amortization (included as depreciation	
on the accompanying financial statements)	 (392,883)
	\$ 457,900

In December of 2010, the County lost a lawsuit related to its issuance of a Conditional Use Permit, in violation of the Federal Fair Housing Act, filed prior to September 30, 2010. The County began the repayment of this judgment in 2012 and the balance was paid off with the issuance of bonds at the beginning of fiscal year 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2014 are as follows:

Description	Rate	Maturity	10/1/2013	Increase	Decrease	9/30/2014	Current
Lease-Cat Compactor	3.20%	2016	\$ 45,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 45,000	\$ 0
Lease-Backhoe	4.20%	2014	18,053	0	(18,053)	0	0
Lease-Wheel Loader	3.80%	2014	32,634	0	(32,634)	0	0
Lease-Wheel Loader	4.40%	2016	122,217	0	(38,998)	83,219	40,714
Lease-3 Sheriff Vehicles	6.10%	2014	24,519	0	(24,519)	0	0
Lease-2 Sheriff Vehicles	4.46%	2017	38,728	0	(10,319)	28,409	11,567
Lease-Sheriff Vehicle	5.47%	2017	19,584	0	(5,512)	14,072	5,822
Lease-Sheriff Vehicle	4.96%	2017	28,719	0	(28,719)	0	0
Lease-Sheriff Vehicle	4.41%	2017	25,754	0	(6,958)	18,796	7,271
Lease-Sheriff Vehicle	5.94%	2017	25,860	0	(6,850)	19,010	7,268
Lease-Sheriff Vehicle	3.88%	2017	0	23,565	(7,557)	16,008	7,851
2012 C Bond Series	1.25 - 5.00%	2019	2,355,000	0	(365,000)	1,990,000	380,000
			\$2,736,068	\$23,565	\$(545,119)	\$2,214,514	\$460,493
Unamortized Premium			\$ 161,940	\$ 0	\$ (26,990)	\$ 134,950	\$ 0

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at September 30, 2014, are as follows:

Year Ending	Municipal Leases				Bo	nds		
September 30,		Principal Interest		Principal			Interest	
2015	\$	80,493	\$	11,800	\$	380,000	\$	51,713
2016		130,086		4,280		395,000		36,512
2017		13,935		453		400,000		31,575
2018		0		0		405,000		26,575
2019		0		0		410,000		20,500
	\$	224,514	\$	16,533	\$ ^	1,990,000	\$	166,875

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

10. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The County has entered into a lease agreement on the Prosecuting Attorney's building over a period of 20 years. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	Amount
2015	\$ 6,100
2016	6,600
2017	6,600
2018	6,600
2019	6,600
2020	6,600
	\$ 39,100

The County entered into a lease for a 924H Cat Wheel Loader over a period of five years. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	 Amount
2015	\$ 80,000

The County has entered into a lease agreement for office space for the Idaho City ambulance unit of East Boise County Ambulance District, over a period of 22 years. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Amount
2015	\$ 1,000
2016	1,000
2017	1,000
2018	1,000
2019	1,000
2020-2024	5,000
2025	1,000
	\$ 11,000

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

10. LEASE COMMITMENTS (continued)

The County entered into a lease for four copiers over a period of five years. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending		
September 30,	_ A	mount
2015	\$	1,750

Rent expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2014, were \$42,753.

11. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The County's Post-Retirement Healthcare Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by GemPlan. GemPlan does not issue a stand-alone financial report and a financial report is not included in the report of another entity. GemPlan contracts with Blue Cross of Idaho to provide medical and prescription drug insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The administering board of GemPlan has the authority to establish or amend benefit provisions. A retiree, who retires while participating in the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI), is eligible to keep the County's health insurance until age 65 or until the retiree is eligible for coverage under Medicare. Retirement eligibility is determined based on a minimum age of 55 with at least five years of service with an employer that participates in PERSI. Retirees are on the same medical plan as the County's active employees.

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) have historically been funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. Under government accounting standards, plan sponsors may set up a trust and pre-fund benefits. There is no requirement to pre-fund benefits. However, if benefits are not pre-funded, a net OPEB obligation is created and will grow over time. The County has not pre-funded these benefits. The contribution requirement of plan members is established by the Board of Commissioners in conjunction with the insurance provider. Monthly contribution rates in effect for retirees under age 65 during fiscal year 2014, were \$698 for a single person or \$1,364 with a spouse.

Post-employment benefits are determined on an actuarial basis. Actuarial valuations of these benefits were done as of October 1, 2009 and again on October 1, 2012. The County's plan is considered unfunded, since there are no plan assets. Therefore, the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarially accrued liability are equal. The unfunded actuarially accrued liability is \$64,793 or 3.5% of covered payroll. The annual required contribution (ARC) for fiscal year 2014 is \$10,657. The ARC is made up of benefits earned in the current period and an amortized portion of the unfunded actuarially accrued liability. The expense and offsetting liability are reflected in the

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

11. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

government-wide financial statements. The table below summarizes the OPEB costs.

Annual required contribution	\$ 10,657
Interest on net OPEB obligation	1,422
ARC adjustment with interest	(1,945)
Estimated employer contribution	(2,165)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	7,969
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	31,608
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 39,577

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost to be contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding fiscal years are as follows:

		Estimated	
		Contribution	
	Annual	as a % of	Net
Year Ending	OPEB	Annual OPEB	OPEB
September 30,	Cost	Cost	Obligation
2012	\$ 8,459	14.1%	\$ 22,198
2013	\$10,300	8.6%	\$ 31,608
2014	\$10,134	21.4%	\$ 39,577

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes is intended to present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

11. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of calculations.

In the October 1, 2012, actuarial valuation the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% discount rate assuming the County will fund the retirement benefit on a pay-as-you-go basis. The valuation assumes 30% of eligible retirees and, of that 30%, 25% of their spouses will participate in the plan; an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8%, decreasing gradually over six years until reaching an ultimate rate of 5%; and the UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar of projected payrolls over a thirty year period on a closed basis.

12. LANDFILL CLOSURE

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (E.P.A.), on October 9, 1991, issued "Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria" (40 <u>Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.</u>) parts 257 and 258, which establish closure requirements for municipal solid waste landfills accepting waste after October 9, 1991. (Municipal refers to the type of solid waste received, not the ownership of the landfill.)

Certain restrictions and requirements relating to the maintenance and monitoring of the landfill apply to municipal solid waste landfills that receive waste after April 9, 1994 (extended from the original date of October 3, 1993). These criteria are set forth in the rules issued by the E.P.A. referred to above.

The County closed the Warm Springs Ridge Landfill, effective February 13, 2009. The Central District Health Department (CDHD) and the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (IDEQ) reviewed the Final Closure CQA Report for the Warm Springs Ridge Landfill. The review determined that the project is in compliance with the approved closure requirements and compaction or permeability variance.

As of September 30, 2014, there is no indication of any action being taken by a Federal or State agency against the County as a result of the closure of the landfill. The County will continue to follow its approved closure plan with respect to any future activity necessary to maintain the closed landfill site.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

13. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

The County determined that adjusting the beginning Net Position was necessary as a result of implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 65 (GASBS 65), which states that any remaining bond issuance costs are to be treated as if fully expensed by reducing beginning net position. Adherence to GASBS 65 is necessary in order that these financial statements are in accordance with general accepted accounting principles.

14. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In the government-wide financial statements, based on implementation of GASBS 65 as discussed in Note 13, a prior period adjustment of \$63,189 has reduced the beginning net position. The prior year change in net position should have been lower by this amount.

In the government-wide financial statements, an error was discovered where a capital asset had not been disposed of on the depreciation schedule in a prior year. In addition, \$10,729 of expenditures for a storage facility were not capitalized in the prior year that should have been. As a result, a prior period adjustment of \$6,905 has been added back to beginning net position. The prior year change in net position should have been higher by this amount.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In fiscal year 2013, the County had an estimated theft loss in the amount of \$29,782. In fiscal year 2014, the County had an estimated theft loss in the amount of \$10,608. The total theft loss between fiscal years 2013 and 2014 is estimated to be \$40,390.

The net effect on 2013 to fund balance is zero as neither the revenue taken nor the theft were recorded, but would have netted to zero. Also, the amounts were unknown at the conclusion of the 2013 audit. The same is true for 2014, but the revenue and the corresponding loss have been recorded.



Boise County, Idaho Schedule of Funding Progress For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Δct	uarial		Unfunded Actuarial			UAAL as a %
		alue	Actuarial	Accrued			of
	V	aiue	Actuariai	Accided			Oi
Valuation		of	Accrued	Liabilities	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	As	sets	Liabilities	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
10/1/2009	\$	0	\$50,708	\$50,708	0%	\$2,446,614	2.1%
10/1/2012	\$	0	\$64,793	\$64,793	0%	\$1,869,585	3.5%

Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Original Final Actual Value Revenues \$ 1,296,340 \$ 1,296,340 \$ 1,382,922 \$ 1,097 Intergovernmental 134,473 134,473 150,977	86,582 16,504 163,410 20,253
Property Taxes \$ 1,296,340 \$ 1,296,340 \$ 1,382,922 \$	16,504 163,410
· ·	16,504 163,410
Intergovernmental 134.473 134.473 150.977	163,410
	•
Grants and Donations 62,485 130,426 293,836	20,253
Charges for Services 190,600 190,600 210,853	
Investment Earnings 0 0 60,353	60,353
Other <u>264,785</u> 188,297 301,879	113,582
	460,684
Expenditures	
Current:	
Salaries 786,369 781,173 725,992	55,181
Benefits 338,630 340,020 299,459	40,561
Operating 925,098 815,143 540,682	274,461
Debt Service:	
Principal 5,675 5,675 7,557	(1,882)
Interest 917 917 917	0
Other Costs 408 408 408	
Capital Outlay 57,592 162,806 170,831	(8,025)
Total Expenditures 2,114,689 2,106,142 1,745,846	360,296
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over Expenditures (166,006) (166,006) 654,974	820,980
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Debt Proceeds 0 0 23,565	23,565
	(166,006)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(100,000)
	(242,441)
Special Items	
Theft Loss0(4,910)	(4,910)
Net Change in Fund Balances 0 0 573,629	578,539
	253,835
Fund Balances - Ending <u>\$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,827,464 \$ 2,</u>	,832,374

Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule Road and Bridge For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,927	\$ 3,927	
Intergovernmental	877,086	877,086	870,948	(6,138)	
Grants and Contributions	699,523	735,810	728,380	(7,430)	
Charges for Services	5,000	5,000	4,972	(28)	
Other	30,000	30,000	113,372	83,372	
Total Revenues	1,611,609	1,647,896	1,721,599	73,703	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Salaries	564,642	564,642	533,285	31,357	
Benefits	238,988	238,988	213,505	25,483	
Operating	623,976	623,976	493,639	130,337	
Debt Service:	·	·	·	·	
Principal	98,931	98,931	89,685	9,246	
Interest	7,731	7,731	7,731	0	
Capital Outlay	144,500	180,787	109,146	71,641	
Total Expenditures	1,678,768	1,715,055	1,446,991	268,064	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(67,159)	(67,159)	274,608	341,767	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Assets	14,500	14,500	547	(13,953)	
Transfers In	52,659	52,659	0	(52,659)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	67,159	67,159	547	(66,612)	
Special Items					
Theft Loss	0	0	0	0	
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	275,155	275,155	
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	911,430	911,430	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,186,585	\$ 1,186,585	

Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule Justice Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 1,296,340	\$ 1,296,340	\$ 1,370,641	\$ 74,301	
Intergovernmental	299,846	256,588	277,372	20,784	
Grants and Contributions	32,000	102,441	111,336	8,895	
Charges for Services	160,375	145,384	157,990	12,606	
Other	28,642	28,642	73,412	44,770	
Total Revenues	1,817,203	1,829,395	1,990,751	161,356	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Salaries	964,758	971,261	898,399	72,862	
Benefits	365,330	365,336	348,849	16,487	
Operating	496,146	479,846	390,874	88,972	
Debt Service:	·	·	·	,	
Principal	65,279	65,279	82,877	(17,598)	
Interest	9,721	9,721	9,721) O	
Capital Outlay	2,000	43,983	44,660	(677)	
Total Expenditures	1,903,234	1,935,426	1,775,380	160,046	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(86,031)	(106,031)	215,371	321,402	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Assets	0	0	25,370	25,370	
Transfers In	86,031	106,031	76,191	(29,840)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	86,031	106,031	101,561	(4,470)	
Special Items					
Theft Loss	0	0	(504)	(504)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	316,428	316,932	
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	1,003,542	1,003,542	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,319,970	\$ 1,320,474	

Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule Solid Waste For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Special Fees	\$ 629,160	\$ 629,160	\$ 665,930	\$ 36,770
Charges for Services	34,000	34,000	41,410	7,410
Other	10,000	10,000	238	(9,762)
Total Revenues	673,160	673,160	707,578	34,418
Expenditures				
Current:				
Salaries	170,751	170,751	161,668	9,083
Benefits	57,296	57,296	56,941	355
Operating	453,193	469,394	375,923	93,471
Capital Outlay	70,000	70,000	82,752	(12,752)
Total Expenditures	751,240	767,441	677,284	90,157
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(78,080)	(94,281)	30,294	124,575
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	78,080	94,281	0	(94,281)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	78,080	94,281	0	(94,281)
Special Items				
Theft Loss	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	30,294	30,294
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	956,322	956,322
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 986,616	\$ 986,616

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

OPEB TRENDS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Past, present, and future schedules may present factors that significantly affect the identification of trends in the amounts reported, such as changes in benefit provisions, the size or composition of the employee group covered by the plan, or the actuarial methods and assumptions used. Prior year amounts will not be restated. For instance since the last actuarial valuation, the number of plan participants has gone down from 81 to 74, healthcare trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases, and the mortality table was updated to reflect the projection of 2000 rates to 2012 based on Scale BB.

The information presented relates to the cost-sharing plan as a whole (of which the County is just a participant). For example, all GemPlan counties were combined to calculate an average annual claim amount of \$12,569. This average amount was then adjusted to reflect the County's underlying plan provisions. The plan adjustment factor was 1.2.

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. Prior to September 1, the County Clerk and County Commissioners prepare a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- B. Public hearings are conducted at the County Seat (Idaho City) to obtain taxpayer comments.
- C. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- D. The County is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, no revision can be made to increase the overall tax supported funds except when federal or state grants are approved. The County, however, must follow the same budgetary procedures as they followed when the original budget was approved.
- E. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General fund and Special Revenue funds.
- F. The budget for the General and Special Revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- G. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. The County does not use the encumbrance method of accounting.



Supplemental Schedule of Revenues by Source Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenue			
Property Taxes	\$ 1,296,340	\$ 1,382,922	\$ 86,582
Intergovernmental	134,473	150,977	16,504
Grants and Donations	130,426	293,836	163,410
Charges for Services	190,600	210,853	20,253
Investment Earnings	0	60,353	60,353
Other Revenue	188,297	301,879	113,582
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Debt Proceeds	0	23,565	23,565
Transfers In	166,006	0	(166,006)
Total Revenue	\$ 2,106,142	\$ 2,424,385	\$ 318,243

Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures by Object of Expenditure - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Budget			Actual		Variance	
Clerk-Auditor:							
Salaries	\$	196,539	\$	184,855	\$	11,684	
Benefits		89,572		80,448		9,124	
Operating		9,500		6,566		2,934	
Capital Outlay		500		175		325	
		296,111		272,044		24,067	
Assessor:							
Salaries		154,558		144,598		9,960	
Benefits		72,771		68,568		4,203	
Operating		15,300		11,475		3,825	
Capital Outlay		500		0		500	
·		243,129		224,641		18,488	
Treasurer/Tax Collector:							
Salaries		96,648		89,335		7,313	
Benefits		35,765		32,058		3,707	
Operating		82,950		30,650		52,300	
Capital Outlay		500		432		68	
·		215,863		152,475		63,388	
Commissioners:							
Salaries		88,395		88,395		0	
Benefits		30,393		28,063		2,330	
Operating		6,600		4,525		2,075	
•		125,388		120,983		4,405	
Coroner:							
Salaries		18,253		16,462		1,791	
Benefits		7,233		2,732		4,501	
Operating		36,350		23,554		12,796	
Capital Outlay		1,092		108		984	
·		62,928		42,856		20,072	
County Elections:		·					
Salaries		16,290		14,576		1,714	
Benefits		7,460		7,475		(15)	
Operating		28,500		26,862		1,638	
		52,250		48,913		3,337	
	_						

Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures by Object of Expenditure - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2014 (continued)

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Emergency Management:			
Salaries	37,885	37,358	527
Benefits	9,061	8,758	303
Operating	10,810	27,873	(17,063)
Capital Outlay	91,912	91,121	791
•	149,668	165,110	(15,442)
Contingency:			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Operating	43,410	0	43,410
,	43,410	0	43,410
Data Processing:	,		,
Operating	137,700	118,450	19,250
Capital Outlay	29,802	28,551	1,251
	167,502	147,001	20,501
CDH and Community Projects:		,	
Operating	21,400	18,900	2,500
- F	21,400	18,900	2,500
General Operations:			
Salaries	80,035	75,509	4,526
Benefits	41,239	39,426	1,813
Operating	105,335	88,022	17,313
Capital Outlay	16,000	14,030	1,970
Supriar Sunay	242,609	216,987	25,622
Planning and Zoning:	2 12,000	210,001	20,022
Salaries	92,570	74,904	17,666
Benefits	46,526	31,931	14,595
Debt Service	7,000	8,882	(1,882)
Operating	73,400	52,098	21,302
Capital Outlay	2,500	25,389	(22,889)
Capital Callay	221,996	193,204	28,792
Title III Red Zone/WUI:	221,990	193,204	20,732
Operating	165,715	89,689	76,026
Operating	165,715	89,689	76,026
Extraordinary Legal/Homicide:	100,710	09,009	70,020
Operating	78,173	42,018	36,155
Operating	78,173	42,018	36,155
	70,173	42,010	30,133
Conital Project	20.000	11.005	0.075
Capital Project	20,000	11,025	8,975
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,106,142	\$ 1,745,846	\$ 360,296
. 515 =/portailer/50		Ţ 1,1 10,0 10	+ 555,255

Boise County, Idaho Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2014

	East Boise County	District	Health		Junior College
	Ambulance	Court	Preventative	Indigent	Tuition
Assets	7				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 335,120	\$ 588,778	\$ 5,120	\$ 218,862	\$ 144,957
Taxes	8,067	26,168	3,084	8,788	0
Due from Other Governments	1,499	7,748	0	0	5,301
Prepaid Items	0	0	0	0	0
Total Assets	344,686	622,694	8,204	227,650	150,258
Deferred Outflows	0	0	0	0	0
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 344,686	\$ 622,694	\$ 8,204	\$ 227,650	\$ 150,258
Liabilities	Φ 0	Φ 00	Φ 0	Φ 0	Φ 0
Accounts Payable	\$ 0	\$ 32	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Salaries and Benefits Payable Total Liabilities	786 786	4,397	0	901 901	0
Total Liabilities	700	4,429	0	901	<u> </u>
Deferred Inflows					
Unavailable Property Taxes	7,854	23,913	3,048	8,411	0
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	0	0	0	0	0
Restricted	236,046	359,534	5,156	218,338	136,938
Committed	0	22,819	0	0	13,320
Assigned	100,000	211,999	0	0	0
Unassigned	0	0	0	0	0
Total Fund Balances	336,046	594,352	5,156	218,338	150,258
Total Liabilities Deformed Inflance					
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ 344,686	\$ 622,694	\$ 8,204	\$ 227,650	\$ 150,258

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2014 (continued)

	Revaluation	Tort	Weeds	Emergency Commun- ications 911	Snowmobile IC8-A	
Assets	,					_
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 238,525	\$ 353,323	\$ 323,562	\$ 151,523	\$ 21,777	7
Taxes	27,422	38,560	22	0	0)
Due from Other Governments	253	0	0	0	0)
Prepaid Items	0	0	0	14,208	0)
Total Assets	266,200	391,883	323,584	165,731	21,777	,
Deferred Outflows	0	0	0	0	0)
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 266,200	\$ 391,883	\$ 323,584	\$ 165,731	\$ 21,777	<i>,</i>
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0)
Salaries and Benefits Payable	5,559	0	2,352	0	0	
Total Liabilities	5,559	0	2,352	0	0	
Deferred Inflows						
Unavailable Property Taxes	23,962	35,574	13	0	0)
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	0	0	0	14,208	0)
Restricted	223,535	356,309	223,817	81,894	13,561	
Committed	13,144	0	97,402	69,629	8,216	
Assigned	0	0	0	0	0,= : 0	
Unassigned	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Fund Balances	236,679	356,309	321,219	165,731	21,777	,
		·	,	,		_
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ 266,200	\$ 391,883	\$ 323,584	\$ 165,731	\$ 21,777	7
		· , -	• •	· ,		_

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2014 (continued)

		owmobile GV8-B				Sheriff's Vessel	Total
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$	14,688	\$	0	\$	32,591	\$ 2,428,826
Taxes		0		0		0	112,111
Due from Other Governments		0		0		14,360	29,161
Prepaid Items		0		0		0	14,208
Total Assets		14,688		0		46,951	2,584,306
Deferred Outflows		0		0		0	0
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	14,688	\$	0	\$	46,951	\$ 2,584,306
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	32
Salaries and Benefits Payable		0		0		902	14,897
Total Liabilities		0		0		902	14,929
Deferred Inflows							
Unavailable Property Taxes		0		0		0	102,775
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							- , -
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		0		0		0	14,208
Restricted		10,984		0		40,765	1,906,877
Committed		3,704		0		5,284	233,518
Assigned		0		0		0	311,999
Unassigned		0		0		0	0
Total Fund Balances		14,688		0		46,049	2,466,602
Total Liabilities Deferred Inflama							
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	14,688	\$	0	\$	46,951	\$ 2,584,306
and I und Dalances	Ψ	14,000	Ψ	U	ψ	+0,501	Ψ 4,304,300

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	East Boise				Junior
	County	District	Health		College
	Ambulance	Court	Preventative	Indigent	Tuition
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 108,905	\$ 251,670	\$ 39,162	\$ 171,870	\$ 0
Intergovernmental	6,424	37,562	0	0	26,618
Grants and Donations	12,387	40,746	0	0	0
Charges for Services	69,901	71,273	0	0	0
Other	10,965	22,105	0	35,229	0
Total Revenues	208,582	423,356	39,162	207,099	26,618
Expenditures					
Current:					
Salaries	24,543	210,380	0	15,014	0
Benefits	4,196	94,901	0	6,481	0
Operating	83,157	126,083	34,850	124,927	20,135
Capital Outlay	1,714	6,257	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	113,610	437,621	34,850	146,422	20,135
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	94,972	(14,265)	4,312	60,677	6,483
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0	0
,					
Special Items	(0=)	(= 40=)	•	•	
Theft Loss	(27)	(5,167)	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	94,945	(19,432)	4,312	60,677	6,483
Fund Balances - Beginning	241,101	613,784	844	157,661	143,775
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 336,046	\$ 594,352	\$ 5,156	\$ 218,338	\$ 150,258

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2014 (continued)

	Revaluation	Tort	Weeds	Emergency Commun- ications 911	Snowmobile IC8-A
Revenues	revaluation	1011	***************************************	311	10071
Property Taxes	\$ 277,398	\$ 397,922	\$ 24	\$ 0	\$ 0
Intergovernmental	7,631	φ 391,922 0	φ 2 4	φ 0 0	φ 0 0
Grants and Donations	14,114	0	42,112	67,178	0
	0	0	57,604	•	0
Charges for Services Other	0	0	57,604	91,584	
Total Revenues				150.760	18,414
Total Revenues	299,143	397,922	100,331	158,762	18,414
Expenditures					
Current:					
Salaries	170 771	0	26.225	0	7.056
Benefits	170,771	0	26,225 5,444	0	7,956 641
	82,673	•	•	103,614	_
Operating	11,633	243,954	39,682	•	10,366
Capital Outlay	0	0	3,092	55,378	10.003
Total Expenditures	265,077	243,954	74,443	158,992	18,963
Exerce (Deficiency) of Payonuse					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	24.000	452.000	05.000	(220)	(F40)
Over Expenditures	34,066	153,968	25,888	(230)	(549)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out	0	(99,058)	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	(99,058)	0	0	0
Special Items					
Theft Loss	0	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	34,066	54,910	25,888	(230)	(549)
Fund Balances - Beginning	202,613	301,399	295,331	165,961	22,326
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 236,679	\$ 356,309	\$ 321,219	\$ 165,731	\$ 21,777

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2014 (continued)

	 wmobile 6V8-B	Sher Rese	_	Sheriff's Vessel	Total
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	. , ,
Intergovernmental	0		0	C	,
Grants and Donations	0		0	44,528	•
Charges for Services	0		0	43,474	333,836
Other	9,644		0	(
Total Revenues	 9,644		0	88,002	1,977,035
Expenditures Current:					
Salaries	1,420		0	24,970	481,279
Benefits	115		0	2,331	196,782
Operating Expenses	998		0	13,306	812,705
Capital Outlay	0		0	2,947	69,388
Total Expenditures	2,533		0	43,554	1,560,154
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	7,111		0	44,448	416,881
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	0	(76	,191)	((175,249)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0		,191)	C	
Special Items					
Theft Loss	0		0		(5,194)
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,111	(76	,191)	44,448	236,438
Fund Balances - Beginning	7,577	76	,191	1,601	2,230,164
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 14,688	\$	0	\$ 46,049	\$ 2,466,602

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Program Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Schools and Roads - Grants to Counties (Direct) Passed through State Department of Agriculture	10.666	\$ 627,190
ARRA - Wildland Fire Management Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.688	34,838 662,028
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through State Department of Commerce		
Community Development Block Grants	14.228	12,387
U.S. Department of Interior Payment in Lieu of Taxes (Direct)	15.226	391,157
U.S. Department of Justice		
Passed through State Department of Juvenile Corrections Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grant	16.523	3,732
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Passed through State Department of Idaho State Police	16.540	6,763
Violence Against Women Formula Grant	16.588	20,835
Total U.S. Department of Justice		31,330
U.S. Department of Transportation Passed Through State Department of Transportation		
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	7,457
State and Community Highway Safety Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures	20.600 20.601	1,818 5,977
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		15,252
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through State Department of Health and Welfare		
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness	93.889	67,940
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through State Department of Military Division		
Emergency Management Performance	97.042	1,188
Homeland Security Grant Passed through State Department of Parks and Recreation	97.067	36,282
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	14,360
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		51,830
Total Federal Financial Assistance		\$ 1,231,924

Note: The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Commissioners Boise County, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Boise County**, **Idaho** as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies. (2014-001, 2014-002)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether **Boise County, Idaho's** financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The County's Response to Findings

The County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bailey & Co.
Nampa, Idaho
March 30. 2015



James Washburn, CPA Weston Flamm, CPA Cassie Zattiero, CPA Leroy Loomis, CPA

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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Commissioners Boise County, Idaho

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **Boise County**, **Idaho's** compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2014. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bailey & Co.

Nampa, Idaho March 30, 2015

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified Internal control over financial reporting: Significant deficiency(ies) disclosed? Material weakness(es) disclosed? □ yes ☑ none reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? □ yes ☑ no Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Significant deficiency(ies) disclosed? □ yes ☑ none reported Material weakness(es) disclosed? □ yes ☑ none reported Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? □ yes ☑ no Identification of major programs: **CFDA Numbers** Name of Federal Program 15.226 Payment in Lieu of Taxes

Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw Type A and Type B programs:	ween	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?	☑ yes	no

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2014-001: Capital Asset Reporting

Criteria:

In order to accurately report capital assets, controls must be in place that allow for timely identification of asset purchases and disposals.

Condition:

During our audit we noted the following errors in the tracking of capital assets:

- Not all capital assets were being recorded when purchased.
- Not all capital assets were reported as disposed in a timely manner.

Cause:

The County's controls over the recording and tracking of capital assets are not operating effectively. Complete and accurate information was not obtained from the County's departments in order to prepare an accurate capital asset depreciation schedule.

Effect:

Lack of adequate controls over the capital assets allows for misappropriation of assets and/or inaccurate financial statements. These types of issues have resulted in prior period adjustments in multiple years.

Recommendation:

We recommend each month the department heads go over their capital assets with the employee in charge of maintaining the capital asset detail. We also recommend when a capital asset is purchased or sold/disposed, the department head inform the Clerk Auditor's Office in a reasonable period of time.

Response:

See Corrective Action Plan.

2014-002: Cash Collections

Criteria:

In order to create a proper internal control environment there needs to be proper segregation of duties as it relates to custody and recording of cash collections.

Condition:

There was not proper segregation of duties for cash collections.

Cause:

Failure to evaluate employee duties by management.

Effect:

Lack of internal controls in this area allowed funds in the amount of \$40,390 to be stolen.

Recommendation:

When the cash is delivered to the County, the actual cash needs to go to the Treasurer's Office and the transmittal to the Clerk's Office to create the Auditor's Certificate in the system.

Response:

See Corrective Action Plan.

<u>Section III - Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards</u>

None reported.

Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

2014-001: Capital Asset Reporting

Boise County agrees with the condition noted. The Boise County Board of County Commissioners will review the procedures currently in effect over capital asset additions and deletions and develop a policy to establish tighter controls over capital asset reporting. The recommendation provided by Bailey & Co. will be taken into consideration during the improvement process.

2014-002: Cash Collections

Boise County agrees with the condition noted. Subsequent to September 30, 2014, the Boise County Board of County Commissioners implemented, via Resolution 2015-15, an Internal Controls Policy for Financial Reporting. This policy specifically addresses cash collection procedures. The Internal Controls Policy for Financial Reporting was amended, via Resolution 2015-22, effective March 25, 2015.