Campylobacteriosis is a bacterial infection of the intestines

Symptoms
- Bloody diarrhea
- Fever
- Vomiting
- Abdominal cramps
- Malaise

Spread
- By eating or drinking contaminated food or beverages, including undercooked chicken.
- By touching contaminated hands, objects or surfaces.
- By handling pets or farm animals

Contagious Period
The illness can spread as long as Campylobacter bacteria are in the stool (without treatment—could be 2 to 3 weeks)

Call your Healthcare Provider
- If anyone in your home has symptoms. Your doctor can test for Campylobacter and may decide you need to be treated with an antibiotic
- Ask how to prevent dehydration. Your child may lose a lot of water due to vomiting and diarrhea.

If you think your child has Campylobacteriosis:
Tell your childcare provider or call the school.

Need to stay home?
Yes, until the diarrhea has stopped.

Prevention
- Wash hands after using the toilet, changing diapers and before preparing or eating food. Your child may need assistance with washing their hands.
- Clean and disinfect any objects that come in contact with stool. This includes toilets, potty chairs, sinks, toys and diaper changing areas. Use products that kill germs.
- Puppies, kittens and farm animals can cause this infection. Wash hands after touching them.
- Cook foods thoroughly and do not drink unpasteurized milk or unpasteurized juice. Always disinfect cooking surfaces, especially after handling raw chicken.