

**COURSE STRUCTURE  
CLASS X (2020-21)**

**Theory Paper**

<b>Time: 3 Hrs.</b>		<b>Max. Marks: 80</b>	
<b>No.</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>No. of Periods</b>	<b>Marks</b>
I	India and the Contemporary World – II	46	20
II	Contemporary India – II	34	20
III	Democratic Politics - II	27	20
IV	Understanding Economic Development	44	20
<b>Total</b>		<b>151</b>	<b>80</b>

**COURSE CONTENT**

<b>Unit 1: India and the Contemporary World – II</b>		<b>46 Periods</b>
<b>Themes</b>	<b>Learning Objectives</b>	
<b>Section 1: Events and Processes</b>		
<b>1. The Rise of Nationalism in Europe</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The French Revolution and the Idea of the Nation</li> <li>• The Making of Nationalism in Europe</li> <li>• The Age of Revolutions: 1830-1848</li> <li>• The Making of Germany and Italy</li> <li>• Visualizing the Nation</li> <li>• Nationalism and Imperialism</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enable the learners to identify and comprehend the forms in which nationalism developed along with the formation of nation states in Europe in the post-1830 period.</li> <li>• Establish the relationship and bring out the difference between European nationalism and anti-colonial nationalisms.</li> <li>• Understand the way the idea of nationalism emerged and led to the formation of nation states in Europe and elsewhere.</li> </ul>	
<b>2. Nationalism in India</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The First World War, Khilafat and Non - Cooperation</li> <li>• Differing Strands within the Movement</li> <li>• Towards Civil Disobedience</li> <li>• The Sense of Collective Belonging</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recognize the characteristics of Indian nationalism through a case study of Non-Cooperation and Civil Disobedience Movement.</li> <li>• Analyze the nature of the diverse social movements of the time.</li> <li>• Familiarize with the writings and ideals of different political groups and individuals.</li> </ul>	

<p><b>Section 2: Livelihoods, Economies and Societies:</b></p> <p><b>Note: Any one theme of the following. The theme selected should be assessed in the Periodic Tests only and will not be evaluated in Board Examination.</b></p> <p><b>3. The Making of a Global World</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Pre-modern world</li> <li>• The Nineteenth Century (1815-1914)</li> <li>• The Inter war Economy</li> <li>• Rebuilding a World Economy: The Post-War Era</li> </ul> <p><b>4. The Age of Industrialization</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Before the Industrial Revolution</li> <li>• Hand Labour and Steam Power</li> <li>• Industrialization in the colonies</li> <li>• Factories Come Up</li> <li>• The Peculiarities of Industrial Growth</li> <li>• Market for Goods</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Appreciate the ideas promoting Pan Indian belongingness.</li> <li>• Show that globalization has a long history and point to the shifts within the process.</li> <li>• Analyze the implication of globalization for local economies.</li> <li>• Discuss how globalization is experienced differently by different social groups.</li> <li>• Familiarize with the Pro- to-Industrial phase and Early – factory system.</li> <li>• Familiarize with the process of industrialization and its impact on labour class.</li> <li>• Enable them to understand industrialization in the colonies with reference to Textile industries.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Unit 2: Contemporary India – II</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>34 Periods</b></span></p>	
<p><b>Themes</b></p>	<p><b>Learning Objectives</b></p>
<p><b>1. Resources and Development</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Types of Resources</li> <li>• Development of Resources</li> <li>• Resource Planning in India</li> <li>• Land Resources</li> <li>• Land Utilization</li> <li>• Land Use Pattern in India</li> <li>• Land Degradation and Conservation Measures</li> <li>• Soil as a Resource</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand the value of resources and the need for their judicious utilization and conservation.</li> </ul>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Classification of Soils</li> <li>• Soil Erosion and Soil Conservation</li> </ul> <p><b>3. Water Resources</b></p> <p><i>Note: The theoretical aspect of this chapter will not be assessed in Periodic Tests and Board Examination. Only Map Items as given in the Map List from this chapter will be evaluated in Board Examination.</i></p> <p><b>4. Agriculture</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Types of farming</li> <li>• Cropping Pattern</li> <li>• Major Crops</li> <li>• Technological and Institutional Reforms</li> <li>• Impact of Globalization on Agriculture</li> </ul> <p><b>5. Minerals</b></p> <p><i>Note: The theoretical aspect of this chapter will not be assessed in Periodic Tests and Board Examination. Only Map items as given in map list from this chapter will be evaluated in Board Examination.</i></p> <p><b>6. Manufacturing Industries</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Importance of manufacturing</li> <li>• Contribution of Industry to National Economy</li> <li>• Industrial Location</li> <li>• Classification of Industries</li> <li>• Spatial distribution</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify different dams in the country</li> <li>• Explain the importance of agriculture in national economy.</li> <li>• Identify various types of farming and discuss the various farming methods; describe the spatial distribution of major crops as well as understand the relationship between rainfall regimes and cropping pattern.</li> <li>• Explain various government policies for institutional as well as technological reforms since independence.</li> <li>• Identify places of availability of different energy resources.</li> <li>• Bring out the importance of industries in the national economy as well as understand the regional disparities which resulted due to concentration of industries in some areas.</li> </ul>
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Industrial pollution and environmental degradation</li> <li>• Control of Environmental Degradation</li> </ul> <p><b>7. Life Lines of National Economy</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Transport – Roadways, Railways, Pipelines, Waterways, Airways</li> <li>• Communication</li> <li>• International Trade</li> <li>• Tourism as a Trade</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Discuss the need for a planned industrial development and debate over the role of government towards sustainable development.</li> <li>• Explain the importance of transport and communication in the ever-shrinking world.</li> <li>• Understand the role of trade and tourism in the economic development of a country.</li> </ul>
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<b>Unit 3: Democratic Politics – II</b>	<b>27 Periods</b>
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<b>Themes</b>	<b>Learning Objectives</b>
<p><b>1. Power Sharing</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Case Studies of Belgium and Sri Lanka</li> <li>• Why power sharing is desirable?</li> <li>• Forms of Power Sharing</li> </ul> <p><b>2. Federalism</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What is Federalism?</li> <li>• What make India a Federal Country?</li> <li>• How is Federalism practiced?</li> <li>• Decentralization in India</li> </ul> <p><b>6. Political Parties</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Why do we need Political Parties?</li> <li>• How many Parties should we have?</li> <li>• National Political Parties</li> <li>• State Parties</li> <li>• Challenges to Political Parties</li> <li>• How can Parties be reformed?</li> </ul> <p><b>7. Outcomes of Democracy</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• How do we assess democracy's outcomes?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Familiarize with the centrality of power sharing in a democracy.</li> <li>• Understand the working of spatial and social power sharing mechanisms.</li> <li>• Analyse federal provisions and institutions.</li> <li>• Explain decentralization in rural and urban areas.</li> <li>• Analyse party systems in democracies.</li> <li>• Introduction to major political parties, challenges faced by them and reforms in the country.</li> <li>• Evaluate the functioning of democracies in comparison to alternative forms of governments.</li> </ul>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Accountable, responsive and legitimate government</li> <li>• Economic growth and development</li> <li>• Reduction of inequality and poverty</li> <li>• Accommodation of social diversity</li> <li>• Dignity and freedom of the citizens</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand the causes for continuation of democracy in India.</li> <li>• Distinguish between sources of strengths and weaknesses of Indian democracy.</li> </ul>
<b>Unit 4: Understanding Economic Development</b>	
<b>44 Periods</b>	
<b>Themes</b>	<b>Objectives</b>
<p><b>1. Development</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What Development Promises - Different people different goals</li> <li>• Income and other goals</li> <li>• National Development</li> <li>• How to compare different countries or states?</li> <li>• Income and other criteria</li> <li>• Public Facilities</li> <li>• Sustainability of development</li> </ul> <p><b>2. Sectors of the Indian Economy</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sectors of Economic Activities</li> <li>• Comparing the three sectors</li> <li>• Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Sectors in India</li> <li>• Division of sectors as organized and unorganized</li> <li>• Sectors in terms of ownership: Public and Private Sectors</li> </ul> <p><b>3. Money and Credit</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Money as a medium of exchange</li> <li>• Modern forms of money</li> <li>• Loan activities of Banks</li> <li>• Two different credit situations</li> <li>• Terms of credit</li> <li>• Formal sector credit in India</li> <li>• Self Help Groups for the Poor</li> </ul> <p><b>4. Globalization and the Indian Economy</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Familiarize with concepts of macroeconomics.</li> <li>• Understand the rationale for overall human development in our country, which includes the rise of income, improvements in health and education rather than income.</li> <li>• Understand the importance of quality of life and sustainable development.</li> <li>• Identify major employment generating sectors.</li> <li>• Reason out the government investment in different sectors of economy.</li> <li>• Understand money as an economic concept.</li> <li>• Understand the role of financial institutions from the point of view of day-to- day life.</li> </ul>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Production across countries</li> <li>• Interlinking production across countries</li> <li>• Foreign Trade and integration of markets</li> <li>• What is globalization?</li> <li>• Factors that have enabled Globalisation</li> <li>• World Trade Organisation</li> <li>• Impact of Globalization on India</li> <li>• The Struggle for a fair Globalization</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Explain the working of the Global Economic phenomenon.</li> </ul>
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**PROJECT WORK**  
**CLASS X (2020-21)**

<b>05 Periods</b>	<b>05 Marks</b>
<p>1. <b>Every student</b> has to compulsorily undertake <b>any one project</b> on the following topics:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Consumer Awareness <b>OR</b> Social Issues <b>OR</b> Sustainable Development</p> <p>2. <b>Objective:</b> The overall objective of the project work is to help students gain an insight and pragmatic understanding of the theme and see all the Social Science disciplines from interdisciplinary perspective. It should also help in enhancing the Life Skills of the students.</p> <p>Students are expected to apply the Social Science concepts that they have learnt over the years in order to prepare the project report.</p> <p>If required, students may go out for collecting data and use different primary and secondary resources to prepare the project. If possible, <b>different forms of art</b> may be integrated in the project work.</p> <p>3. The distribution of marks over different aspects relating to Project Work is as follows:</p>	

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Aspects</b>	<b>Marks</b>
a.	Content accuracy, originality and analysis	<b>2</b>
b.	Presentation and creativity	<b>2</b>
c.	Viva Voce	<b>1</b>

4. The projects carried out by the students in different topics should subsequently be shared among themselves through interactive sessions such as exhibitions, panel discussions, etc.

5. All documents pertaining to assessment under this activity should be meticulously maintained by concerned schools.

6. A Summary Report should be prepared highlighting:

- objectives realized through individual work and group interactions;
- calendar of activities;
- innovative ideas generated in the process ;
- list of questions asked in viva voce.

7. It is to be noted here by all the teachers and students that the projects and models prepared should be made from eco-friendly products without incurring too much expenditure.

8. The Project Report should be handwritten by the students themselves.

9. Records pertaining to projects (internal assessment) of the students will be maintained for a period of three months from the date of declaration of result for verification at the discretion of Board. Subjudiced cases, if any or those involving RTI / Grievances may however be retained beyond three months.

#### **PRESCRIBED BOOKS:**

1. India and the Contemporary World-II (History) - Published by NCERT
2. Contemporary India II (Geography) - Published by NCERT
3. Democratic Politics II (Political Science) - Published by NCERT
4. Understanding Economic Development - Published by NCERT
5. Together Towards a Safer India - Part III, a textbook on Disaster Management - Published by CBSE
6. Learning Outcomes at the Secondary Stage – Published by NCERT

**Note: Please procure latest reprinted edition (2020) of prescribed NCERT textbooks.**

**SOCIAL SCIENCE (CODE NO. 087)**  
**QUESTION PAPER DESIGN**  
**CLASS X (2020-21)**

<b>Time: 3 Hours</b>		<b>Maximum Marks : 80</b>	
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Competencies</b>	<b>Total Marks</b>	<b>% Weightage</b>
1	<b>Remembering and Understanding:</b> Exhibiting memory of previously learned material by recalling facts, terms, basic concepts, and answers; Demonstrating understanding of facts and ideas by organizing, translating, interpreting, giving descriptions and stating main ideas.	28	35%
2	<b>Applying:</b> Solving problems to new situations by applying acquired knowledge, facts, techniques and rules in a different way.	15	18.75%
3	<b>Formulating, Analysing, Evaluating and Creating:</b> Examining and breaking information into parts by identifying motives or causes; Making inferences and finding evidence to support generalizations; Presenting and defending opinions by making judgments about information, validity of ideas, or quality of work based on a set of criteria; Compiling information together in a different way by combining elements in a new pattern or proposing alternative solutions.	32	40%
4	<b>Map Skill</b>	5	6.25%
		<b>80</b>	<b>100%</b>

**Note:**

1. Teachers may refer 'Learning Outcomes' published by NCERT for developing lesson plans, assessment framework and questions.
2. 02 Items from History Map List and 03 Items from Geography Map List

**Internal Assessment: 20 Marks**



## INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

	Marks	Description				
Periodic Assessment	10 Marks	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 80%;">Pen Paper Test</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><b>5 marks</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Assessment using multiple strategies For example, Quiz, Debate, Role Play, Viva, Group Discussion, Visual Expression, Interactive Bulletin Boards, Gallery Walks, Exit Cards, Concept Maps, Peer Assessment, Self-Assessment, etc.</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><b>5 marks</b></td> </tr> </table>	Pen Paper Test	<b>5 marks</b>	Assessment using multiple strategies For example, Quiz, Debate, Role Play, Viva, Group Discussion, Visual Expression, Interactive Bulletin Boards, Gallery Walks, Exit Cards, Concept Maps, Peer Assessment, Self-Assessment, etc.	<b>5 marks</b>
Pen Paper Test	<b>5 marks</b>					
Assessment using multiple strategies For example, Quiz, Debate, Role Play, Viva, Group Discussion, Visual Expression, Interactive Bulletin Boards, Gallery Walks, Exit Cards, Concept Maps, Peer Assessment, Self-Assessment, etc.	<b>5 marks</b>					
Portfolio	5 Marks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Classwork and Assignments</li> <li>• Any exemplary work done by the student</li> <li>• Reflections, Narrations, Journals, etc.</li> <li>• Achievements of the student in the subject throughout the year</li> <li>• Participation of the student in different activities like Heritage India Quiz</li> </ul>				
Subject Enrichment Activity	5 Marks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Project Work</li> </ul>				

### LIST OF MAP ITEMS CLASS X (2020-21)

#### A. HISTORY (Outline Political Map of India)

#### Chapter - 3 Nationalism in India – (1918 – 1930) for Locating and Labelling / Identification

##### 1. Indian National Congress Sessions:

- a. Calcutta (Sep. 1920)
- b. Nagpur (Dec. 1920)
- c. Madras (1927)

##### 2. Important Centres of Indian National Movement

- a. Champaran (Bihar) - Movement of Indigo Planters
- b. Kheda (Gujarat) - Peasant Satyagrah

- c. Ahmedabad (Gujarat) - Cotton Mill Workers Satyagraha
- d. Amritsar (Punjab) - Jallianwala Bagh Incident
- e. Chauri Chaura (U.P.) - Calling off the Non-Cooperation Movement
- f. Dandi (Gujarat) - Civil Disobedience Movement

## **B. GEOGRAPHY (Outline Political Map of India)**

### **Chapter 1: Resources and Development (Identification only)**

- a. Major soil Types

### **Chapter 3: Water Resources (Locating and Labelling)**

#### **Dams:**

- |                      |                    |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| a. Salal             | e. Sardar Sarovar  |
| b. Bhakra Nangal     | f. Hirakud         |
| c. Tehri             | g. Nagarjuna Sagar |
| d. Rana Pratap Sagar | h. Tungabhadra     |

***Note: Only map items of this chapter as listed above will be evaluated in Board Examination.***

### **Chapter 4: Agriculture (Identification only)**

- a. Major areas of Rice and Wheat
- b. Largest / Major producer states of Sugarcane, Tea, Coffee, Rubber, Cotton and Jute

### **Chapter 5: Minerals and Energy Resources**

#### **Power Plants**

#### **(Locating and Labelling only)**

##### **a. Thermal**

- |             |              |
|-------------|--------------|
| • Namrup    | • Ramagundam |
| • Singrauli |              |

##### **b. Nuclear**

- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| • Narora    | • Tarapur   |
| • Kakrapara | • Kalpakkam |

***Note: Only Map Items of this chapter as listed above will be evaluated in Board Examination.***

### **Chapter 6: Manufacturing Industries (Locating and Labelling Only)**

#### **Cotton Textile Industries:**

- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| a. Mumbai | b. Indore |
|-----------|-----------|

- c. Surat
- d. Kanpur

e. Coimbatore

**Iron and Steel Plants:**

- a. Durgapur
- b. Bokaro
- c. Jamshedpur

- d. Bhilai
- e. Vijaynagar
- f. Salem

**Software Technology Parks:**

- a. Noida
- b. Gandhinagar
- c. Mumbai
- d. Pune

- e. Hyderabad
- f. Bengaluru
- g. Chennai
- h. Thiruvananthapuram

**Chapter 7: Lifelines of National Economy (Locating and Labelling)**

**Major Ports:**

- a. Kandla
- b. Mumbai
- c. Marmagao
- d. New Mangalore
- e. Kochi

- f. Tuticorin
- g. Chennai
- h. Vishakhapatnam
- i. Paradip
- j. Haldia

**International Airports:**

- a. Amritsar (Raja Sansi)
- b. Delhi (Indira Gandhi International)
- c. Mumbai (Chhatrapati Shivaji)
- d. Chennai (Meenam Bakkam)

- e. Kolkata (Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose)
- f. Hyderabad (Rajiv Gandhi)

**Note: Items of Locating and Labelling may also be given for Identification.**