

Franklin Hair Academy
School of Cosmetology

Policy: Consumer Information

Procedure: Prospective students to the school and other interested parties, receive a copy of the Franklin Hair Academy Catalog containing consumer information. Detailed consumer information, including campus security statistics, student right to know data and other disclosures required by the United States Department of Education and is also available to any interested party at the school's website, www.franklinhairacademy.com

CONSUMER INFORMATION

“COSMETOLOGY INCLUDES THE PRATICE OF BLEACHING, CLEANSING, CURLING, CUTTING, COLORING, DRESSING, REMOVING, SINGEING, STYLING, WAVING, OR SIMILAR WORK, UPON THE HAIR OF ANY PERSON BY ANY MEANS, AND WITH HANDS OR MECANICAL OR ELECTRICAL APPARATUS OR APPLIANCES. NON-PERMANENT REMOVAL OF HAIR SERVICES MAY BE PERFORMED WITH THESE DEVICES AS LONG AS THER IS NO PUNCTURING OF THE SKIN, OR BY USE OF COSMETIC PREPARATIONS, ANTISEPTICS, TONICS LOTIONS, OR CREAMS, MASSAGING, CLEANSING, STIMULATING, EXERCISING, BEAUTIFYING, OR SIMILAR WORK, THE SCALP, FACE, NECK, ARMS, BUST, OR UPPER PART OF THE BODY, OR MANICURING THE NAILS OF ANY PERSON. A COSMETOLOGIST MAY HOLD THEMSELVES TO BE A BEAUTICIAN, BEAUTY CULTURIST, BEAUTY OPERATOR, COSMETOLOGIST, OR HAIRDRESSER.

COMPENSATION/JOB OUTLOOK

JOB OPPORTUNITIES GENERALLY SHOULD BE GOOD. HOWEVER, COMPETITION IS EXPECTED FOR JOBS AND CLIENTS AT HIGHER PAYING SALONS AS APPLICANTS COMPETE WITH A LARGE POOL OF LICENSED AND EXPERIENCED COSMETOLOGISTS FOR THESE POSITIONS. OPPORTUNITIES WILL BE BEST FOR THOSE WITH PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE AND FOR THOSE LICENSED TO PROVIDE A BROAD RANGE OF SERVICES. OVERALL EMPLOYMENT IS EXPECTED TO GROW ABOUT AS FAST AS THE AVERAGE FOR ALL COSMETOLOGY OCCUPATIONS THROUGH 2014, BECAUSE OF AN INCREASING POPULATION, RISING INCOMES, AND GROWING DEMAND FOR PERSONAL APPEARANCE SERVICES.

A NUMBER OF FACTORS, INCLUDING THE SIZE AND LOCATION OF THE SALON, CLIENTS' TIPPING HABITS, AND COMPETITION FROM OTHER SALONS, DETERMINE THE TOTAL INCOME OF COSMETOLOGIST, AND OTHER PERSONAL APPEARANCE WORKERS. THEY MAY RECEIVE COMMISSION BASED ON THE PRICE OF THE SERVICE, OR A SALARY BASED ON THE NUMBER OF HOURS WORKED, AND MANY RECEIVE COMMISSIONS ON THE PRODUCTS THEY SELL. IN ADDITION SOME SALONS PAY BONUSES TO EMPLOYEES WHO BRING IN NEW BUSINESS. A COSMETOLOGIST INITIATIVE AND ABILITY TO ATTRACT AND HOLD REGULAR CLIENTS ALSO ARE KEY FACTORS IN DETERMINING HIS OR HER EARNINGS. EARNINGS FOR ENTRY-LEVEL WORKERS ARE USUALLY LOW, HOWEVER, FOR THOSE WHO STAY IN THE PROFESSION, EARNINGS CAN BE CONSIDERABLY HIGHER.

ALTHOUGH SOME SALONS OFFER PAID VACATIONS AND MEDICAL BENEFITS, MANY SELF-EMPLOYED AND PART-TIME WORKERS IN THIS OCCUPATION DO NOT ENJOY SUCH BENEFITS.

IN NASHVILLE, COSMETOLOGISTS CAN EXPECT TO EARN \$25,000-60,000 PER YEAR. EMPLOYMENT IN THIS FIELD IS NOT STRONGLY AFFECTED BY DOWNTURNS IN THE BUSINESS CYCLE AND JOB OPPORTUNITIES ARE EXPECTED TO BE GOOD FOR BOTH NEWCOMERS AND EXPERIENCED COSMETOLOGISTS. MANY OPENINGS SHOULD BE AVAILABLE FOR PERSONS SEEKING PART TIME WORK. MONEY MAGAZINE RANKS COSMETOLOGY AS ONE OF TODAY'S “50 HOTTEST JOBS”

COSMETOLOGIST AND OTHER PERSONAL APPEARANCE WORKERS HELD ABOUT 790,000 JOBS IN 2004. OF THESE, BARBERS, HAIRDRESSERS, HAIRSTYLISTS, AND COSMETOLOGISTS HELD 670,000 JOBS, MANICURISTS AND PEDUCURISTS 60,000, SKIN CAR SPECIALISTS 30,000 AND SHAMPOOERS 27,000.

MOST OF THESE WORKERS ARE EMPLOYED IN BEAUTY SALONS, BUT THEY ALSO ARE FOUND IN NAIL SALONS, DAY AND RESOR SPAS, DEPARTMENT STORES, NURSING AND OTHER RESIDENTIAL CARE HOMES, AND DRUG AND COSMETICS STORES. NEARLY EVERY TOWN HAS A BEAUTY SALON, BUT EMPLOYMENT IN THIS OCCUPATION IS CONCENTRATED IN THE MOST POPULOUS CITIES AND STATES. ABOUT 48 PERCENT OF COSMETOLOGISTS ARE SELF-EMPLOYED. MANY OWN THEIR OWN SALON, BUT A GROWING NUMBER LEASE BOOTH SPACE OR A CHAIR FROM THE SALON'S OWNER.

IN ADDITION TO WORKING WITH CLIENTS, PERSONAL APPEARANCE WORKERS ARE EXPECTED TO MAINTAIN CLEAN WORK AREAS AND SANITIZE ALL THEIR WORK INSTRUMENTS. THEY MAY MAKE APPOINTMENTS AND KEEP RECORDS OF HAIR COLOR AND PERM FORMULAS USED BY THEIR CLIENTS. A GROWING NUMBER SELL HAIR CARE PRODUCTS AND OTHER COSMETIC SUPPLIES. PERSONAL APPEARANCE WORKERS WHO OWN SALONS HAVE MANAGERIAL DUTIES THAT MAY INCLUDE HIRING, SUPERVISING, AND FIRING WORKERS, AS WELL AS KEEPING BUSINESS INVENTORY RECORDS, ORDERING SUPPLIES, AND ARRANGING FOR ADVERTISING.

PHYSICAL DEMANDS OF THE PROFESSION

PERSONAL APPEARANCE WORKERS USUALLY WORK IN CLEAN, PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS WITH GOOD LIGHTING AND VENTILATION. GOOD HEALTH AND STAMINA ARE IMPORTANT, BECAUSE THESE WORKERS ARE ON THEIR FEET FOR MOST OF THEIR SHIFT. PROLONGED EXPOSURE TO SOME HAIR AND NAIL CHEMICALS MAY CAUSE IRRITATION, SOR PORTECTIVE CLOTHING, SUCH AS PLASTIC GLOVES OR APRONS, MAY BE WORN.

MOST PERSONAL APPEARANCE WORKERS WORK AS LEASE 40 HOURS PER WEEK, BUT LONGER HOURS ARE COMMON ESPECIALLY AMONG SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS. WORK SCHEDULES MAY INCLUDE EVENINGS AND WEEKENDS, THE TIMES WHEN BEAUTYL SALONS ARE BUSIEST. ABOUT 32 PERCENT OF COSMETOLOGISTS WORK PART TIME, AND 14 PERCENT OF COSMETOLOGIST HAVE VARIABLE SCHEDULES.

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

CERTAIN SAFETY REQUIREMENTS MUST BE FOLLOWED FOR THE SAFETY OF ALL. INFLAMED, INFECTED, BORKEN OR SWOLLEN SKINS SHOULD NOT BE WORKED UPON. INFECTIOUS DISEASES MUST BE KEPT OUT OF THE SALON/SCHOOL. WHEN USING CHEMICALS, GLOVES, PROTECTIVE EYEWEAR AND/OR PROTECTIVE CLOTHING SHOULD BE CONSIDERED. ALL OSHA LAWS MUST BE OBSERVED.

LICENSING REQUIREMENTS

ONCE A STUDENT COMPLETES THE 1500-HOUR COURSE, HE OR SHE MUST PASS A WRITTEN AND PRACTICAL EXAM IN ORDER TO BE LICENSED. THERE IS AN APPLICATION AND FEES TO BE PAID INTO PSI. YOU WILL BE PROVIDED WITH DUTIES ON WHICH TO TAKE THE EXAMINATIONS THROUGH PSI IN A NASHVILLE LOCATION.