

PRACTICE EXAMS

Social Science

Directions: Attempt the MOCK EXAM and Verify Your Answers **(NOTE : Keep Visiting for Latest Updates)**

- 1. Which one of the following is not a component of maps?**
 - A. Size
 - B. Symbols
 - C. Distance
 - D. Sirection
- 2. What are the angles of inclination of the earth's axis with its orbit plane?**
 - A. $223\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$
 - B. 45°
 - C. $66\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$
 - D. 90°
- 3. The 'janpad panchayat' has**
 - A. Many zila parisads under it.
 - B. Many municipal wards under it.
 - C. Many gram sabhas under it.
 - D. Many gram panchayat under it.
- 4. Consider the following two statements, a and b, on 'social advertisements' and choose the correct answer:**
 - A. Social advertisements are those advertisements that have larger message fot he society.
 - B. Social advertisements are made only by the state.
 - A. Both A and B are false
 - B. Both A and B are true
 - C. A is true and b is false
 - D. A is false and b is true
- 5. Which one of the following states of india is popular for the 'kalamkari print'?**
 - A. Tamil nadu
 - B. Karnataka
 - C. Andhra pradesh
 - D. Punjab
- 6. Which one of the following tribal groups is mainly confined to uttarakhand?**
 - A. Gonds
 - B. Mala irular
 - C. Bhil
 - D. Bhotia



7. Who among the following rulers were best known for controlling the 'silk route' around 2000 years ago?
- A. Kushanas
 - B. Pandayas
 - C. Cheras
 - D. Cholas
8. Under 'subsidiary alliance', the east india company forced the indian rulers of the states to
- A. Have their independent armed forces, not get protection by the company, but still pay towards its maintenance.
 - B. Not have their independent armed forces, get protection by the company, without any payment towards its maintenance.
 - C. Have their independent armed forces, as well as get protection by the company and pay towards its maintenance.
 - D. Not have their independent armed forces, but only get protection by the company and pay towards its maintenance.
9. Which one of the following is not a fact about ahom?
- A. The ahom state was divided into clans called paiks.
 - B. The ahom society was very sophisticated.
 - C. The state of ahom was created by suppressing the older political system of the bhuiyans.
 - D. The ahom state depended upon forced labour.
10. The term, hagiography refers to
- A. Writing of a saint's biography
 - B. Writing of a saint's autobiography
 - C. Writing of a ruler's biography
 - D. Writing of a ruler's autobiography
11. Which one of the following is a type of tropical grasslands?
- A. Savanna
 - B. Steppe
 - C. Down
 - D. Pampas
12. Consider the following two statements, a and b. About food security and choose the correct answer:
- A. The ultimate aim of agricultural development is to increase food security.
 - B. Food security refers to the existence of availability of food to all people in the times of natural calamities, when there occurs a shortage of food.
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- A. Both A and B are true
 - B. Both A and B are false
 - C. A is true and b is false
 - D. A is false and b is true

13. Which one of the following is not considered as a fossil fuel?

- A. Petroleum
- B. Natural gas
- C. Firewood
- D. Coal

14. Which one of the following may cause tremendous destruction only on the coastal areas?

- A. Tsunami
- B. Volcano
- C. Tides
- D. Earthquake

15. The innermost layer of the earth is mainly made up of

- A. Silica and iron
- B. Nickel and alumina
- C. Silica and alumina
- D. Nickel and iron

16. Which one of the following features is a result of depositional work of a river?

- A. Meanders
- B. Ox-bow lake
- C. Waterfall
- D. Flood plain

17. During an earthquake at what measurement on the richter scale do things begin to fall?

- A. 6.0 or higher
- B. Over 7.0
- C. 2.0
- D. over 5.0

18. Which one of the following was introduced with the coming of british art in india during the colonial period?

- A. Mural art
- B. Oil painting
- C. Perspective
- D. Miniatures

19. Around 2000 years ago, varanasi was a famous craft centre where shrenis were

- A. Buddhist monasteries.
- B. Associations of craftspersons and merchants.
- C. Iron ploughshares used for agricultural production.
- D. Coins that have designs punched on to the metal.

20. Consider the following two statements, a and b. On manuscripts and inscriptions and choose the correct answer:

- A. Manuscripts were usually written on palm leaf or on the specially prepared bark of a tree known as birch.
- B. Inscriptions were written on relatively hard surfaces like stone and metal.

- A. Both A and B are true
- B. Both A and B are false
- C. A is true and B is false
- D. A is false and B is true

21. Which one of the following was the language of administration under the delhi sultans?

- A. Persian
- B. Hindi
- C. Arabic
- D. Urdu

22. In buddhism, bodhisattvas were

- A. Persons who attained enlightenment.
- B. Chinese Buddhist pilgrims.
- C. Buddhist scholars.
- D. Statues of Buddha.

23. Which one of the following was not the condition to become a member of a sabha in the chola empire?

- A. They should be between 25 and 70 years of age.
- B. They should have their own homes.
- C. They should have knowledge of the vedas.
- D. They should be owners of land from which land revenue is collected.

24. The rowlatt act, 1919 was opposed because

- A. It gave right to separate electorates to muslims.
- B. It disallowed indians from possessing arms.
- C. It curbed the fundamental rights like freedom of expression and strengthened police powers.
- D. Introduced dyarchy in provinces.

25. Many of chanakya's ideas were written in a book called the

- A. Atharvaveda
- B. Yajurveda
- C. Dharmashastras
- D. Arthashastra

26. Garbhagriha, the most important part of some of the earliest hindu temples, was

- A. The place in the temples where people could assemble.
- B. Caves elaborately decorated with sculptures and painted walls.
- C. The place where the image of the chief deity was installed.
- D. The place where religious rituals were not performed.

27. Which one of the following grasslands is the homeland of native americans?

- A. Steppe
- B. Pampas
- C. Velds
- D. Prairies

28. Breeding of fish in specially constructed tanks and ponds is known as

- A. Pisciculture
- B. Horticulture
- C. Sericulture
- D. Viticulture

29. Bering strait is a narrow stretch of shallow water that connects

- A. Pacific ocean and atlantic ocean
- B. Arctic ocean and pacific ocean
- C. Indian ocean and pacific ocean
- D. Atlantic ocean and indian ocean

30. "on 21st march and 23rd september, the whole earth experiences equal days and nights." This is because

- A. Direct rays of the sun fall on the equator and at this position, none of the poles is
- B. Tilted towards the sun.
- C. Direct rays of the sun fall on the tropic of cancer and at this position, one of the poles is tilted towards the sun.
- D. Direct rays of the sun fall on the equator and at this position, one of the poles is tilted towards the sun.
- E. Direct rays of the sun fall on the tropic of capricorn and at this position, none of the poles is tilted towards the sun.

31. What kind of language needs to be used in social science teaching?

- A. Representative of dominant groups
- B. Discriminatory
- C. Neutral and sensitive
- D. Difficult

32. Projects on democratic institutions could be done to show that

- A. They can be analysed to identify features and challenges.
- B. They are, as described in the textbooks.
- C. They are ineffective.
- D. Students must accept these institutions as they are.

33. Summative assessment is inappropriate for the following:

- A. Deciding upon the grade
- B. End of the term assessment
- C. Monitoring the progress of teaching-learning process
- D. Summarising student learning

34. What are pie diagrams useful for?

- A. Showing features of a historical period
- B. Comparing different amounts
- C. Showing a particular amount in relation to the whole
- D. Showing a pattern

- 35. Each chapter of the history textbook for class vi is introduced by a young girl or a boy. Why do you think this strategy has been adopted by the textbook makers?**
- A. To show boys and girls can study history
 - B. To evaluate the content of the chapter
 - C. To inculcate a spirit of enquiry and discovery in students
 - D. To show how introduction can be done
- 36. “you are a peasant in alauddin khalji’s or muhammad bin tughlaq’s reign and you cannot pay the taxes demanded by the sultan. What will you do?” In the above question what is being encouraged?**
- A. Historical imagination
 - B. Importance of sources
 - C. Respect for culture
 - D. Importance of literature
- 37. At the upper primary stage, geography and economics together can help in the following:**
- A. Developing a perspective on issues of environment, resources and development
 - B. Understanding plurality
 - C. Developing knowledge of places and environment
 - D. Understanding optimal allocation of resources
- 38. When is formative evaluation conducted?**
- A. At the end of the session
 - B. Before teaching a new unit
 - C. During teaching-learning process
 - D. At the end of a unit
- 39. Biases, discrimination and prejudices in the classroom could be avoided by**
- A. Organising a lecture on humanity.
 - B. Ignoring them, as children will grow out of them one day.
 - C. Discussing different dimensions of social realities.
 - D. Handing out the preamble of the constitution.
- 40. Teacher ‘b’ is currently teaching a lesson on history of a region. What do you think ‘b’ should do?**
- A. Highlight the similarities and changes in different time periods.
 - B. Highlight identities of different rulers.
 - C. Encourage the students to remember the main features of the period.
 - D. Highlight the similarities of the present with the past.
- 41. What is the purpose of evaluation?**
- A. To identify problem students
 - B. To rank children
 - C. To encourage competition
 - D. To improve teaching-learning processes
- 42. Historical films are useful in social science teaching as they**
- A. Concentrate on an individual’s problem.
 - B. Portray history as fiction.
 - C. Bring alive various dimensions of a specific social setting.
 - D. Have good entertainment value.

- 43. What kind of outlook should be there towards social science textbooks?**
- A. As a document to be memorized
 - B. As an avenue for further enquiry
 - C. As a repository of knowledge
 - D. As a final statement
- 44. Tawa matsya sangh, a federation of fisherworker's cooperatives is an organization fighting for the rights of displaced forest dwellers in the state of**
- A. Uttarakhand
 - B. Chhattisgarh
 - C. Jharkhand
 - D. Madhya pradesh
- 45. Which one of the following fundamental rights is not guaranteed to every arrested person under the criminal law as stated in article 22 of the constitution?**
- A. Confessions made in police custody can be used as evidence against the accused.
 - B. The right not to be ill-treated or tortured during arrest or in custody.
 - C. The right to be informed at the time of arrest of the offence for which the person is arrested.
 - D. The right to be presented before a magistrate within 24 hours of arrest.
- 46. The members of legislative assembly are**
- A. Elected by the people.
 - B. Appointed by the governor.
 - C. Appointed by the prime minister.
 - D. Appointed by the chief minister.
- 47. A coalition government implies**
- A. Power sharing between two or more political parties after elections when no party has been able to get a clear majority.
 - B. Power sharing between state government and panchayati raj institutions.
 - C. Power sharing between government at the centre and state.
 - D. Power sharing between executive and judiciary.
- 48. At the upper primary stage, social science comprises**
- A. Geography, history, political science and economics
 - B. Political science, geography, history and sociology
 - C. History, geography, political science and environmental science
 - D. History, geography, economics and environmental science
- 49. The position paper on teaching of social science emphasises**
- A. Respecting different opinions and examining ideas and practices.
 - B. Accept social hierarchies.
 - C. Increasing the use of textbooks.
 - D. Encouraging memorization.

50. Maps and diagrams in a social science textbook are relevant as they

- A. Add a new dimension to a concept.
- B. Are made by experts.
- C. Make a textbook attractive.
- D. Clarify a concept.

51. A case study of a social movement given to a class for discussion need not incorporate the following:

- A. Solutions to the movement
- B. Background of the movement
- C. Objectives of the movement
- D. Problem areas of the movement

52. While teaching human resources to class viii students, what core message would you like to promote?

- A. Importance of people as a resource
- B. Utilization of resources by human beings
- C. Distribution of population
- D. Importance of physical resources

53. Which one of the following is not a function of the gram panchayat?

- A. Executing government schemes related to generation of employment in the villages
- B. The construction and maintenance of the infrastructure of the villages
- C. Levying and collecting local taxes
- D. Gram panchayat elects its panchayat secretary

54. Which one of the following does not fall within the purview of civil law?

- A. Disputes related to sale of land
- B. Harassing a woman for dowry
- C. Filing a divorce case
- D. Claiming custody of children

55. Which one of the following statements is incorrect about the judiciary?

- A. Judiciary has the power to strike down laws passed by the parliament.
- B. The judicial system provides a mechanism for resolving disputes between citizens, between citizens and the government, but not between two state governments.
- C. The legislature and the executive cannot interfere in the work of judiciary.
- D. It plays a crucial role in protecting the fundamental rights of citizens.

56. The right to constitutional remedies

- A. Allows only the linguistic minorities to approach the court if they believe that their cultural and educational rights provided in the constitution have been violated by the state.
- B. Allows all citizens to approach the court if they believe that any of the directive principles of state policy have not been fulfilled by the state.
- C. Allows citizens to approach the court if they believe that any of their fundamental rights have been violated by the state.

- D. Allows only the religious minorities to approach the court if they believe that their cultural and educational rights provided in the constitution have been violated by the state.

57. The 'civil rights movement' was started in the USA

- A. To demand equal rights and address racial discrimination for all the african american citizens.
B. To demand voting rights african-american men.
C. To demand social security of the african-american senior citizens.
D. To demand voting rights african-american women.

58. Which one of the following statements is not true about the parliament of India?

- A. In the matters dealing with finances, the government does not require parliament's approval.
B. The parliament while in session, begins with a question hour.
C. The parliament consists of the president, the rajya sabha and the lok sabha.
D. The parliament in our system has immense powers because it is the representative of the people.

59. While teaching social sciences, a teacher must attempt to

- A. Focus upon remembering the details.
B. Focus upon facts, values and patterns.
C. Focus only upon facts, but not on values.
D. Focus only upon values, but not on facts.

60. Suppose the prescribed social science textbook is difficult for the students. What will you do?

- A. Provide a variety of supplementary materials.
B. Dictate summaries of each lesson.
C. Use question-answer technique.
D. Emphasise rote learning.

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