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General Knowledge One Liners – Part 1

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GK HINTS

The first Olympiad was held in Greece in the year	776 BC
Rome was founded in the year	753 BC
The Great wall of China was built in the year	214 BC
The first voyage around the world was undertaken by whom in 1522	Magellan
The first President of USA was	George Washington
Which Battle marked the end of Napoleon era	Waterloo
The American War of Independence was fought between	America and Great Britain
Adolf Hitler was also known as	Fuhrer
The first woman in world to become the Prime minister of a country was	Sirima Bandara Naik
The Emperor of Germany who dismissed his Chancellor Bismark in 1888 was	William II
Two Presidents of USA were father and son. Their names were	John Adams & Quincy

The UNO came into existence in	1945 AD
The king of England before Elizabeth II was	George VI
Queen Elizabeth I ascended the throne of England in the year	1558 AD
The Statue of Liberty of New York was a gift from	France
Hitler's secret service was also known as	Gestapo
The last Emperor of Rome was	Romulus Augustus
Florence Nightingale was known as	Lady of the Lamp
Mao Tse Tung died in the year	1976 AD
In 1806, the Holy Roman Empire was dissolved by	Napoleon
The country which celebrates Independence day on 15th August, apart from India, is	South Korea
The first World War ended in	1918 AD
The US President who was forced to resign due to the Watergate scandal was	Nixon
The Second World War ended in	1945 AD
The first communist manifesto was issued in	1848 AD
The first Prime Minister of Independent Kenya was	Jomo Kenyatta
Malenkov became the Soviet Prime Minister after the death of	Stalin
The first British Prime Minister was	Sir Robert Walpole
The French revolution took place during the years	1789-1799 AD
The British Commander who surrendered before the Americans and French at York town in 1781 was	Lord Cornwallis

The American War of Independence was fought during the years	1775-1783 AD
Stalin became the Premiere of USSR in	1924 AD
Lenin was succeeded by	Stalin
In the Second World War,atomic bombs were dropped in Japan which destroyed	Hiroshima
Leningrad was built by	Peter I
White House,the residence of the President of the USA is located at	Washington DC
In European History,the year 1848 is known as	Year of Revolution
The first Prime Minister of Israel was	David Bengurian
The English King who was prepared to exchange his kingdom for a horse was	Richard III
Nixon was succeeded by	Gerald Ford
Nixon resigned in the year	1974 AD
The First World War broke out in	1914 AD
In the year 1959,Chinese occupied	Tibet
A big Naval expedition sent by Philip II against England was known as the	Spanish Armada
Magna Karta is also known as the	Bible of English Constitution
The king who was forced to sign the Magna Karta was	King John II
Winston Churchil died in the year	1965 AD
Battle of Britain was fought in the year	1940 AD
Hitler launched Operation Barbarossa in 1941 against the	Soviet Union

Bolshevik Revolution took place in	1917 AD
Christopher Columbus died in the year	1506 AD
De Champlain was a	French Explorer
China was also known as	Chung hua
Alexandria was founded by	Alexander
In the first Punic War fought in 264-261 BC,the Romans defeated	Carthaginians
Modern Parliament was introduced by	Edward I
The Disease which struck Europe in the 14th Century was	Plague
In the thirteenth Century,Russia was overrun by	Mongols
In 1260,the Mongol army was defeated by the armies of Islam at	Ain Jalut
Timur died in the year	1405 AD
The first colony established by the English in north America was	Jamestown
Henry IV was assassinated in	1610 AD
The War of the Grand Alliance was fought during	1689-97 AD
The War of the Spanish succession was fought during	1701-14 AD
In 1707,the two countries who became united were	England and Scotland
Napoleon crowned himself as Emperor in	1801 AD
Napoleon brought a detailed revision of the French Legal System called as	Code Napoleon
In 1805,the French fleet was destroyed at	The Battle of Trafalgar
The unification of Italy took place during	1858-1870 AD

The unification of Germany was carried-out during	1864-1870 AD
In 1870,Germany waged war with	France
In 1822,the country which was declared an independent empire was	Brazil
Abraham Lincoln,the American President was a republican from	Illinois
The 1849 Gold-Rush was due to gold discovered at	Northern California
Between 1836-1847,USA was at war with	Mexico
In 1898,USA was at war with	Spain
In 1867,USA purchased Alaska from	Russia
In 1770,James Cook,the English Captain landed at	Botany Bay of Australia
Suez Cananl was opened in	1869 AD
In 1818,the Zulu Kingdom was founded by	Shaka
In 1911,Italy invaded	Libya
King Leopold was from	Belgium
The Union of South Africa was formed in	1909 AD
In earlier times,Turkey was referred to as	The sick man of Europe
In 1877,Russia went to war with	Turkey
In July 1914,Austria invaded	Serbia
In August 1914,Germany attacked	France
In the first World War,German forces were defeated Grumbinnen by	Russia

In the first World War,Austria fought alongside	Germany
In the first World War,Austria & Germany were known as	Central powers
Finland Won Independence in 1917 from	Russia
In 1935,Italy attacked	Ethiopia
Benito Mussolini was the dictator of	Italy
Mein Kampf was written by	Adolf Hitler
Adolf Hitler was the dictator of	Germany
In a mass genocide,Hitler targetted	The Jews
In 1939,Hitler and Stalin concluded the	Nazi-Soviet Pact
The Bolschevik revolution occurred in	1917 AD
Franco came to power in Spain in	1939 AD
Hitler's Nazy party came to power in	1933 AD
In 1940,Germany defeated	Poland
In 1940,Germany invaded	France
Winston Churchill was the premier of	Britain
In December 1941,Japan attacked	Pearl Harbour
In June 1941,Hitler launched Operation	Barbarossa
Operation Barbarossa was launched against	Soviet Union
In 1942,Russians broke the German front at	Stalingrad
In 1942,British defeated the Africa Corps at	El Alamein
The Marshall Plan was launched in	June 1947

The European Economic Community was formed in	1952 AD
The Berlin Wall was built in	1961 AD
In 1937, Japan attacked	China
In the first World War, Japan allied with	Germany
Pearl Harbour is located in	Hawaii
During the first World War, America's President was	Roosevelt
In February 1942, Singapore fell to	Japan
Indonesia became independent in	1948 AD
Philippines became independent in	1946 AD
Malaya became independent in	1957 AD
The Cultural Revolution was launched in China in 1966 by	Mao Tse-tung
Prior to its Independence, Korea was a Colony of	Japan
The Korean War was fought in	1950-53 AD
Tibet is presently occupied by	China
During 1945-52, Japan was occupied by	United States troops
In 1997, Hong Kong was reunified with	China
Ghana became independent in	1957 AD
Before independence Ghana was a colony of	Britain
The earlier name of Ghana was	Gold Coast
Kenya became independent in	1963 AD
Zimbabwe became independent in	1976 AD

Before independence,Zimbabwe was a colony of	Britain
Zaire became independent in	1960 AD
The earlier name of Zaire was	Congo
Before independence,Zaire was under the control of	Belgians
Before independence,Angola was under the control of	Portuguese
The unpopular practise of South Africa was	Apartheid
South Africa withdrew from the British Common Wealth in	1961 AD
In 1994,the African National Congress won the elections in South Africa under the leadership of	Nelson Mandela
The popular leader of Cuba is	Fidel Castro
In 1990,Iraq attacked and occupied	Kuwait
In 1979,Afghanistan witnessed invasion by	Soviet Union
Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty was signed in	1991 AD
During the Gulf War,Iraq fought under the leadership of	Saddam Hussein
The Shah of Iran was overthrown in	1979 AD
Ayatollah Khomeini was the religious leader of	Iran
Which is the latest theory of evolution of the Universe	Pulsating Universe Theory
The total number of planets in our solar system is	9
which is the nearest planet to the Sun	Mercury
Which is the farthest planet from the Sun	Pluto

which of the planets has rings round it	Saturn
Which of the nine planets is the largest	Jupiter
The outermost halo of the Sun is called	Corona
How many minutes the Sunlight takes to reach to Earth	8.3 minutes
Lunar Eclipse occurs when	The Earth is between the Sun and the Moon
Solar eclipse is caused when	The Moon is between the sun and the Earth.
70 degree of the Sun's mass consists of	Hydrogen
Qantas Airlines belongs to	Australia
The first country to launch any vehicle in space was	USSR (in 1957)
The man who walked first on the Moon, was	Neil Armstrong
Name the parts which on removal or destruction may cause the death of plant	Roots
The cover of air around the earth is called	Atmosphere
Air occupies	Space & mass
Plants and animals maintain the balance of what in air	Gases
The supporter of combustion in air is	Oxygen
What forms the earth's atmosphere	Air
The major components of air are	Nitrogen & Oxygen
Water is one of the basic constituents of all	Living

The scientific name of Lotus is	Nelumbo
No two human beings are completely	Alike
The process of preparation of food by plants is called	Photosynthesis
All living objects consist of	Cells
The vegetables such as carrot,beet root and radish that you eat are	Roots
Leaves are green because they have	Chlorophyll
Plants manufacture food by the process of	Photosynthesis
From the heart,the blood is transported to all the organs of the body by	Arteries
Which teeth are replaced by the permanent teeth	Milk teeth
The reproductive cell of male is called the	Sperm
The plants use which part of air for their food	Carbon dioxide
Water is one of the basic constituents of all	Plant
Water freezes into ice at	0 degree C.
Water boils at	100 degree C.
The torch cell is a source of which energy	Electrical
Which source of energy wind is?	Renewable
Which energy is released by a transistor	Sound
Energy is always required for doing	Work
Electrical energy is converted mainly into light energy in	Filament
The energy hidden in atoms is called	Atomic

Balance in nature is the balance between the population	Species
A famous mathematician of ancient India is	Aryabhata
A substance which can exist as solid, liquid and gas	Water
The power of an electric bulb is marked in	Watts
Water stored in a high-level dam has	Potential energy
The dry cell produces electric energy from	Chemical energy
The unit used for measuring distances between heavenly objects, is	Light Year
Musical instrument in which sound is produced by the vibration of air is	Flute
Carbohydrates are present in	Cane Sugar
The gas used for disinfecting water is	Chlorine
Sand is a compound of	Silicon
A mixture of salt and camphor can be separated by	Sublimation
A magnet can be used to separate a mixture of	Iron scrap and sulphur
The chemical which is not used for purifying water is	Washing soda
A bird which is active during night is	Owl
Hydrilla is a plant that grows in	Water
A plant which stores food in the root is	Ginger
In most flowers the most colorful part is the	Petal
The temperature of the surroundings is detected by	The Skin

The number of kinds of living organisms on this earth is about	Two & half million
A species of animals means	A group of similar animals
There are some plants which do not have	Leaves
An animal without a special organ for hearing is	Snake
The sense organ in man which are sensitive to chemicals are	Skin & nose
The tallest tree in the world is	The redwood tree
Normally, a housefly lives for about	One year
In the human body urine is formed in	The kidneys
The pancreas in our body is a part of	The digestive system
The blood vessels that we can see just below the skin on the back of our palm are	Arteries & veins
The presence of starch in the leaf is shown by	Iodine
All the cells are similar in structure and function in	A tissue
The source of energy for all living things is	The sun
An animal which cannot take solid food is	Butterfly
Anaemia is usually caused by	Glucose
The simplest form of carbohydrate is	Aminoacid
The smallest unit of a protein is	80-90
The percentage of weight of water in our body is about	C
Scurvy is caused by lack of vitamin	Vitamins
Vegetables are included in our diet because mostly they supply	Vitamins

The most widely seen minerals in the bones are	Calcium and Phosphorus
Disgested food is mostly absorbed through the	Small intestine
The diet of a 2-year old baby should contain more	Protein
Tobacco plant makes nicotine in	The leaves
Which bowler has bowled the maximum balls in a Test Match ?	S.Ramadin bowled 774 balls against England in the 1957 Test series
When did India play her first official One Day International Match ?	Against England on July 13, 1974
What is Sunil Gavaskar's highest First Class Cricket Score?	340 run against Bengal in 1981-82
Which batsman has hit the maximum centuries in First Class Cricket ?	Jeek Hobbs of England 197 centuries
Which bowler has the most expensive bowling analysis in a World Cup Match ?	M.Snedden of N.Zealand,against England during 1983 world cup : 12-01-105-02
Which bowler has the most economical bowling analysis in a World Cup Match ?	B.S. Bedi of India, 12-8-6-1 against E.Africa in 1975 World Cup
What was Sachin Tendulkar's age in his Test debut for India ?	16 years 201 days
Against which bowler did Gavaskar take his 10,000th run in Test cricket ?	Ejaz Fakhri of Pakistan in the Ahmedabad Test of the 1986-87 series
Name the first batsman to hit a triple century in Test cricket ?	England's Walter Hammond
Name the inventor of snooker	Nevil Bowles Chamberlain
When and where did Basketball originate ?	1891; Springfield,Massachusetts

In which country did Rugby originate ?	England
Which martial art was created by the Japanese, Dr.Jigoro Kano?	Judo
Of which country is baseball a national game?	The U.S.A.
In which country was the backstroke swimming invented?	Egypt
Who are the participants of the 'Special Olympic Games'?	Mentally retarded children & adults
When and where were the first 'Special Olympic Games' held?	1968 in the U.S.A.
Who is known as the father of Modern Olympic Games?	Barren D'Kobertin
Mention the name of the award given to the famous cricketer Sunil Gavaskar by the Indian Government?	Padma Bhushan
Which athlete is known as the Flying Sikh?	Milkha Singh
When was Basketball Federation of India established ?	1950
In which year P.T. Usha was declared as the best Athlete in World Railway Games ?	1985
When was Basket Ball included in olympics?	Cycling
Who won the Grand Slam in tennis for the first time?	Donald Budge

With which game is Zafar Iqbal associated?	Hockey
For which game is the Indira Gold Cup being awarded?	Women's Hockey
Who is named the wizard of Hockey?	Major Dhyan Chand of India
Who was the youngest player to make a century in cricket Tests?	Mustaq Mohammed of Pakistan
What is the full name of Pele, the football player?	Edmond Arantos Nessimente De Pele
When was Football first included in the Olympics?	1900 Paris Olympics
Which is the oldest Football tournament?	Durand Cup Tournament
Which is the national game of America?	Base Ball
Who is known as the Chess king?	Boby Fisher
The Abdul Razak Trophy is awarded in which sports?	Chess
Mention the name of the International shooter who was also Maharaja of Bikaner?	Karni Singh
Who is nicknamed as 'Haryana Hurricane'?	Kapil Dev
Who became the youngest Asian to swim the English Channel?	Abhijit Rao of India
Who is the first woman in the woman to cross the strait of Gibraltar?	Arti Pradhan
In which country did Golf originate?	Scotland

Which award is given to the persons who have excelled in the field of coaching?	Dronacharya
Which is the National Sport of Japan?	Judo
Who won the first Himalayan Car Rally?	Shekhar Mehta of Kenya
Which is the biggest Stadium in the World?	Strahow Stadium at prague
Which is the oldest game in the world?	Polo
Which is the country that first played chess?	India
When did Geet Sethi receive his first professional title?	1991
Who was the first boxer to receive Arjuna Award?	Buddy De'suza
Name the first Indian Chess player who defeated the world champion?	Sultan Khan
Name the cities which have hosted the Olympic Games twice?	Paris,London,Los Angeles
With what sport is Madison Square Garden associated?	Boxing
Which Indian hockey player has scored maximum goals in olympics?	Surinder Singh Sodhi 16 goals
Which sport is known as Toxophily?	Archery
Who was the first Indian to score a double century against the West Indies?	Dilip Sardesai
How many players make a Baseball Team?	Nine

What are the two types of style adopted in international weightlifting?	Snatch & the Clean & Jerk
Kapil Dev the Indian Cricketer has written his autobiography. Name the book?	By Gods Grace
Which famous cricketer retired from cricket after the Reliance Cup?	Sunil Gavaskar
What does the Japanese word 'Karate' mean literally?	Open hand
With which water sport are jumping,slaloming and trick riding associated?	Water Skiing
Which sport was a traditional English 'pub' game?	Darts
Which modern martial art was developed from 'Jujitsu'?	Judo
Which game is played at the Embassy World Professional Championship?	Snooker
What sport is 'angling'?	Fishing
With what sport would you associate 'alley' or 'lane'?	Bowling
Which city is known as the 'Pearl of the Orient'?	Singapore
Which capital city is said to be the oldest in the world and in which country it is located?	Damascus,the capital of Syria
Which is the largest city in Africa?	Cairo,capital of Egypt
What was Christopher Columbus's nationality?	Italian
At the mouth of which river is Hong Kong situated?	Perl River
Which Central American nation was formerly known as British Honduras?	Belize
After whom was Bolivia named?	Simon Bolivar

Which two countries enjoy the highest standard of living in S.America?	Venezuela & Argentina
Where is the Carribean Sea?	Between West Indies & South America
Name the only ape that can stand and walk upright?	Gibbon
Which are the countries linked by the Karakoram Highway?	China & Pakistan
What does leser mean?	Light amplification by stimulated emission of radiation
Which sea seperates Japan from the main-land of Asia?	The sea of Japan
What is a group of dolphins called?	Scholl
What is a male ant called?	A dron
Name the mosquito which spreads malaria?	The female Anopheles mosquito
Istanbul is a major city of Turkey. What was its former name?	Constantinople
Where is the headquarters of World Meterological Organisation?	Geneva
Name the countries having the veto power in the U.N. Security Council.	U.S.A.,USSR,UK,FRANCE & CHINA
What is called the "Roof of the World"?	The pamirs in Central Asia
Name the only planet that was discovered in the 20th century.	Pluto
What is the boundary between Russia & Poland called?	The Curzon Line

How much time does the light take to reach the Earth from the sun?	A little more than 8 minutes
What is the source of all energy on earth?	The energy from the sun
Which famous swimmer is known as the 'Albatross'?	Michael Gross
Where was the martial art taekwon do developed?	Korea
Who developed taekwon do?	Gen.Choi Hong Hi of Korea
Which mountain ranges in Spain & California have the same name?	Sierra Nevada
Which batsman has scored most runs in a day in Test Cricket?	Australia's Don Bradman 309 n.o. against England at Leeds in 1930
Which team won a one dayer twice with a six off of the last ball?	Pakistan
How many Indians have taken nine or more wickets in an innings in a Test Match?	4 -Kapil Dev,Subhash Gupta,Jasu Patel & Anil Kumble
Which is the largest plant in the world?	The Bis Trees of California
What is 'smog'?	Smoke -laden fog
Who is called the light of the world?	Jesus Christ
Which is the major language of Egypt?	Arabic
What does the phrase 'cakes and ale' mean?	A carefree or easy living
What is the language of Chile?	spanish
Which country is called the 'Land of Golden Fleece'?	Australia
Which city of Russia had the old name St.Petersburg?	Leningrad

Name the only bird which can fly backward as well as forward	The hemming bird
Name the longest river of Canada	Mackenzie
Name the highest military decoration of France.	Croix de Guerra
Which gas is commonly used in electric bulbs?	Neon
Which European city was founded in 1050,destroyed by fire in 1624, and rebuilt?	Oslo,capital of Norway
What are plants that grow in water called?	Hydrophytes
Which insect makes the loudest noise?	The mle cicada
To which country does Greenland belong?	Denmark
What is the other name for graphite?	Plumbago or black lead
To which galaxy does the earth belong?	The Milky Way
Where are the largest deposits of platinum found?	Ural Mountains,U.S.S.R.
Name the only mammal that flies.	The Bat
How would you recognize the leader of a wolf pack?	The leader holds his tail straight out,while others tails droop.
What is a baby rabbit or squirrel called?	Bunny
What is the study of evil spirits and demons called?	Demonology
What is a group of Kangaroos called?	Mob
Which language is most dominant in Latin America?	Spanish
Who said that 'Well begun is half done'?	Horace
Name the border line between Afghanistan and Pakistan.	The Durand Line

Who said that 'Science without religion is lame and religion without science is blind'?	Albert Einstein
Name the longest river of Australia.	Murray
Name the highest mountain in Canada.	Logan
Name the only Shakespeare's play that included a dog.	Two Gentlemen of Verona
Which city is called the 'City of Dreaming Spires'?	Oxford
After which emperor was July named?	Julius Caesar
Name the king of England who built the Tower of London.	King William I
After Amazon, which is the major river of South America?	Paraha
Which king of France was called the Citizen King?	Louis Phillippe
Who first discovered radioactivity?	Marie Curie
Aesop has been attributed with famous fables. What did he work as?	He was a slave
Who is known as the 'Maid of Orleans'?	Joan of Arc of France
From which country did the Portugese bring tobacco to India in 1508?	Peru
Which European country is known as the 'Land of Cakes'?	Scotland
Name the ethical practice in Jainism, of not causing harm to any living thing.	Ahimsa
Which is the longest strait in the world?	Tartar Straits
In which part of the world is the river Snake?	U.S.A.
Which is the tallest race in the world?	The Tutsi, they live in Central Africa and have an average height of 185 cms. or 6 ft. 1

	inch.
Name the International Line forming the border between India and China on the eastern side.	The Mc Mohan Line
Which is the largest port in the world?	New York Har
Which is the longest river in Asia?	The river Ob(5538 kms) in the U.S.S.R.
Of which crop is Bangladesh the greatest producer in the world?	Tasmania
What is the science of coins & medals called?	Numismatic
What is amnesia?	Loss or impairment of memory
What is a young cow called?	Heifer
Which language is known as Cape Dutch?	Afrikaans
Which batsman scored a century in a First Class Match without a single boundary?	Bill Woodfull of Australia; 118 runs
Which bowler has taken Gavaskar's wicket the maximum times?	D.Underwood of England 12 times
What is the record for most runs scored in a Test match?	G.Gooch of England. 456 runs (333 & 123 against (India) at Lord's in 1990-91.
What is the record for most sixes hit in an innings in First class cricket?	15 sixes.Hit by Johan Reid,Wellington v/s Northern Districts,1962-63
Who is the youngest player to score a double century in Test Cricket?	Javed Miandad.He was 19 years,141 days when he scored 206 against N.Zealand

	at Karachi in 1976-77.
Where are the world's largest diamond and gold mining areas?	Kimberley in South Africa
Which is the largest silver producing country in the world?	Mexico
What was the former name of Ghana?	Gold Coast or 'Land of Gold'.
Which is the largest bay in the world?	In area,the Bay of Bengal is the largest.However,in shore line length, the Hudson Bay is the largest
Which is the largest delta formed by two rivers?	That created by the Ganga & Brahmaputra in West Bengal and Bangladesh
Which is the deepest lake in the world?	Ozero (lake) Baykal in Central Siberia
Can the giraffe outspeed the Kangaroo?	Yest. At 35 miles (56 km) an hour
How many claws does a crab have?	Five pairs
Name the largest freshwater lake.	Lake Superior
Name the most poisonous fish.	Stonefish
Mafia is a secret society operating in different parts of the world. Which place is considered to be its origin?	Sicily Italy
Name the fastest fish in the world.	Atlantic Sailfish
Who founded the Maurya dynasty in ancient India?	Chandragupta Maurya
Who lives in Buckingham Palace in London?	Queen Elizabeth II

Where was Homi Bhabha, the nuclear Scientist born?	Bombay
Which country started the ancient Olympic games?	Greeks
Which is the largest Gulf?	Gulf of Mexico
Which is the largest country in terms of area?	Soviet Union
Who discovered the Polio Vaccine?	Dr. Jonak Salk
Who was given the title of Desert fox?	Field Marshal Erwin Rommel
Who invented shorthand?	Issac Pitman
1952 A.D. is an important year in British History why?	King George VI
By the side of which city does the river Ottawa flow?	Montreal
Which is the land of five rivers in India?	Punjab
Which is the lowest mountain range in the world?	Bhieuna Bhaile
Which country is called the Land of Morning Calm?	Korea
Which city is called the city of Sky scrapers?	New York
What is defined as the locus of a point moving so that its distance from a fixed point and fixed line are equal?	Parabola
What is the principal export of Jamaica?	Sugar
Glimpses of World History is a collection of letters written by Jawaharlal Nehru. To whom were these letters written?	Indira Gandhi
Where did Gautama Buddha attain Nirvana?	Kushi Nagar
Which organs of flowering plants take in water?	Roots
Where was Alaxander the Great born, where did his death occur & where was he burried?	Europe (Macedonia) Babylonia (Asia) & Alexanderia (Egypt)

Is there any age restriction to donate one's Eyes?	No
September 3rd is related to the second world war what is its significance?	Britain & Germany went to war
Is it true that snakes have eyelids?	No
To what animal family does the dog belong?	Wolf & Jackel
By what name is the Parliament of Algeria called?	National Popular Assembly
Where do investors sell second hand shares?	Stock Exchange
Who established four 'Mutts' in four corners of India?	Adi Shankaracharya
Which Mughal Emperor was regarded as 'Zinda Pir'?	Aurangzeb
Rabindranath Tagore gave up his knighthood because of which incident?	Jalianwalabagh tragedy
Where is the sea of Tranquility located?	On the Moon
Who is the first Indian to go into Space?	Rakesh Sharma
When was Goa liberated?	December 19,1961
Who pointed out the role of heredity?	Mendel
Who was India's first chief of Naval Staff?	R.D.Katari
Who played the Pivotal role in Sir Richard Attenborough's Gandhi?	Ben Kinseley
Who was also known as Shahid-e-Azam?	Bhagat Singh
Who wrote the book 'Satyarthha Prakasha'?	Swami Dayanand Saraswati
Who first discovered the Pacific Ocean?	Vaso Nunez de Balboa
Who is known as the father of Indian Nuclear Science?	Homi Bhabha

Who invented the Refrigerator?	J. Perkins
Which is the longest road tunnel in the world?	Tunnel under that Gothard Mountain range in Switzerland (16 km)
What are the measurements of a single's Badminton court?	44 ft * 17 ft
Who is the founder of Modern Germany?	Bismarck
In which country would you find the Yak?	Tibet
When did the Traveller Hawkins visit India?	1608 AD
Which city is called the city of Golden temple?	Amritsar
Which is the other name of Porus, who nearly defeated Alexander?	Purushottam
Who was the President of the Indian National Congress as its first session held in 1885?	Womesh Chandra Banerji
A famous Indian Badminton player was shot dead. Who was he?	Syed Modi
When is Independence day celebrated in South Korea?	15th August
Where is Diamond Harbour located?	Calcutta
With what game is Paul Charles Morphy associated?	Chess
When did Ceylon became Srilanka?	May 1972
Who designed the Rastrapathi Bhavan in Delhi?	Sir Edwin Lutyens
What is the temperature of the warm blooded animals?	Remain Constant
In which state is Malayalam Spoken?	Kerala
In which state is the famous Bharatpur Bird Sanctuary	Rajasthan

situated?	
Which country is famous for Samba Dance?	Brazil
From where did Jesus ascend to heaven?	Mount of Olives
On the bank of which river is Amaravathi located?	Krishna
Which day is known as world environment day?	June 5th
During whose regime were the Rock cut temples of Kailasa and Ellora carved?	Krishna I
In which country did the first Industrial Revolution take place?	England
Which is the National flower of China?	Narcissus
Who discovered Niagara Falls?	Louis Hennepin
Which acid is used in a car battery?	Sulphuric acid
Who invented dynamite?	Alfred Nobel
Who was the first Governor General of Pakistan?	Mohammad ali Jinah
Which state in India is the largest producer of Saffron?	Jammu & Kashmir
Who invented the Steam Engine?	James Watt
What is the botanical name for the Onion?	Allium cepa
With what is Sylviculture concerned?	Timber
What is Herpetology?	Study of Reptiles
What do you call a plant that eats insects?	Insectirorous Plants
By using what waves does Radar detect objects?	Radiowaves
What is the name of the element whose symbol is Cr?	Chromium

What is the atomic number of Oxygen?	Eight
Who proved that air has weight?	Galileo
Where is Central Rice Research Institute located?	Cuttack
Name the class of animals,that eats grass?	Herbivorous
What is the other name for Sulphuric Acid?	Oil of Vitriol
What was Galileo's first scientific discovery?	The pendulum
Name the scientist, credited with the invention of the Crescograph?	J.C.Bose
Who was the scientist in charge of the project which produced the atom bomb?	J. Robert Openheimer
Which instrument is used to measure the diameter of a thin wire?	Screw Gauge
Which is the substance that helps in the digestion of milk?	Rennin
What is the unit of power?	Watts
Which lens is used to correct long sight defect?	Concave
In which form is Iron present in Blood?	Compound
Name the instrument used in measuring relative humidity of air?	Hygrometer
Name the Indian born scientist who got a Nobel Prize in the field of Medicine?	Hargobind Khorana
Two elements that are commonly present in artificial fertilizers are Nitrogen & Phosphorus which is the third one?	Patassium
Meningitis affects which part of the body?	Brain

Why is an Altimeter used?	Approx. height above the ground
Who propounded the Theory of Relativity?	Albert Einstein
Do you know the real name of the famous writer Mark Twain?	Samuel Clemens
Both father and son won Dadasaheb Phalke award. Who are they?	Prithviraj Kapoor & Raj Kapoor
Raghuveer Yadav got the best actor award for the performance in Hindi film. Name the film.	Massey Saheb
How many silent movies were released in India before Talkie movies came into existence?	1300
Which is the smallest book in the world?	Ari e-1 4mm x 1.40 mm Japanese publications
The popular comedian Charlie Chaplin came from which country?	United Kingdom
The Adi Granth is a holy book of which religion?	The Sikh Religion
What was the title of Mahatma Gandhi's autobiography?	My Experiments with truth
Who is the author of King Soloman's Ring?	Konard Lorenz
Which is the first country to use Postage stamps.	Great Britain (1840)
Who is the creator of the character 'Tarzan'?	Edgar Rice Burroughs
Who planned Chandigarh city?	Le Corbusier
Who is known as the Indian Prince of Poets?	Kalidas
Who built the first Pyramid?	Cheops

Complete the proverb 'A stitch in time....	Savesnine
Who is known as the "Father of Geometry"?	Euclid
Who wrote the play "Enemy of the people"?	Henrik Ibsen
With which personality is Teacher's Day September 5th linked?	Dr.S. Radhakrishnan
A comedian insured his nose for Ten lakh dollars.Who was he?	Jimmy Durant
Who said that 'The fool has one great advantage over the man of Sense' – he is always satisfies with himself?	Napoleon
With what is Bhimsen Joshi associated?	Hindustani Music
What is the height of Qutub Minar?	288 feet
In which place was the first Printing Press in India set up?	Goa
What does the letter 'U' stand for in the U certificate given by Censors Board?	Unrestricted public exhibition
Which musical instrument does Bismillah Khan play?	Shehnai
Which is Shakespeare's Last Play?	The Tempest
Who was the first Cartoonist to win the B.D. Goenka Award?	R.K.Laxman
Alcoholic drinks contain	Ethyl alcohol
Jamini Roy is a famous	Painter
Calcium is required by human body for	Strong teeth and for strong bone
What is Muntz Metal?	An alloy containing copper and zinc in the proportion of

	3:2
The first man to reach south pole was	Amundson
What is Interpol?	International Police
In how many fields the nobel prize is awarded?	6
Who is the writer of "Swami and Friends"	R.K.Narayan
Which is the brightest star in our solar system?	Sirius
The earths annual circuit round the sun covers a distance of	966 million km
The speed per minute at which the earth revolves round the sun is	more than 1600 km
Which gas is most predominant in the sun?	Hydrogen
The time taken by the Uranus to revolve round the sun is approximately?	84 years
Which is the brightest planet as seen from the earth?	Venus
The distance between the earth and the sun is greatest during	Aphelion
The earth rotates on its axis from	West to East
On which of the following planets of solar system does the sun rise in the west and set in the east?	Venus
The planet Pluto's orbit around the sun takes about	248 years
The biggest star in our galaxy is	Sun
The nearest star to earth (excepting the sun), in our galaxy is	Proxima centuri

Who was the first to observe sun-spots?	Galileo
What is the sun-spots?	These are cooler areas which move about on the sun's surface and show up as dark spots.
The only planet in the solar system which rotate on its axis from East to West is	Uranus
What is the distance between the earth and the sun?	$150 \times 10^{10} \times 10^{10} \times 10^{10} \times 10^{10}$ km
How many times is sun bigger in size than the earth?	109 times
When was neutron,one of the particles of an atom,discovered?	1932
The sun's heat and light energy reaches the earth by which mode of transmission?	Radiation
How many days does the moon take to return to the same position among the constellations?	28 days
Which planet takes the least time to complete one revolution around the sun?	Mercury
Name two planets which appear as 'moving star' in the eastern sky and 'evening star' in the western sky.	Mercury and Venus
Name two planets lying between the sun & the earth.	Mercury and Venus
Who was the first to determine that the day on the mars was,like ours,roughly 24 hours long?	Giordano Bruno
How long does a sun-ray take to travel from the sun to the earth?	500 seconds

The comet named after Edmund Halley, reappears after the time interval of every	76 years
Titan, the largest moon in the solar system, is also the largest moon of	Saturn
Who was the first person to measure the size of another planet	Christian Huygens
Who was the first to speculate that Venus is completely covered with clouds	Christian Huygens
The atoms are composed of how many kinds of elementary particles?	Three
What name is given to the path of the sun amongst the stars in our galaxy?	Ecliptic
The visible part of the sun is called	Ionosphere
Which of the planets reflects back to space the highest percentage of light it receives from the sun than any other planet of the solar system?	Venus
Who wrote the book "Harmonies of the World"?	Johannes Kepler
What will happen if the Earth were to stop its rotatory motion on its axis?	There will be no day and night as at present
In which part of the solar system is the sun located?	Approx. at the centre of the system
Which of the planets turns on its axis in 24 hours and 37 minutes?	Mars
Who was the first to measure the distance round the earth?	Eratosthenes
What percentage of the irregular surface of the Earth is	80 %

covered with water?	
Which planet was for the first time observed in 1930?	Pluto
Which of planets has almost the same mass,size and density as the Earth?	Venus
The temperature at the surface of the sun and its centre is respectively,about	6000 k
The theory of relativity was propounded by	Albert Einstein
The principal metal used in manufacturing steel is	Iron
An alimeter is used for measuring	Altitude
Oology is the study of	Birds eggs
Radioactivity was discovered by	Henry Bacquerel
The metal used in storage batteries is	Lead
The instrument used to measure the relative humidity of air is	Hygrometer
Barometer was invented by	Torricelli
The unit of power is	Watt
Radium was discovered by	Marie and Pierrie Curie
The existence of isotopes was discovered by	Frederick Soddy
Dynamo was invented by	Michael Faraday
The nuclear reactor was invented by	Enrico Ferni
The law of gravitation was propounded by	Sir Isaac Newton
Crescograph was invented by	J.C.Bose
Crescograph is used to measure the	Rate of growth of a plant

Galileo's first scientific discovery was	Pendulum
Microscope was invented by	Aaton Van Leewen Hock
The scientist who is known as father of modern biology is	Aristotle
The first person to see a cell under microscope was	Robert Hooke
The smallest flowering plant is	Worffia
The four blood groups were discovered by	Karl Landsteiner
Sodium was discovered by	Sir Humphry Davy
The atomic number of oxygen is	Eight
The basic building blocks of proteins are	Amino acids
The botanical name of the cotton plant is	Gossipium Hirsutum
An Electroscopes is used to	Detect charges on a body
The unit of loudness is	Phon
An ammeter is used to measure	Electric current
Plant that eat insects are called	Insectivorous plants
Fruits that are formed without fertilization are called	Parthenocarpic
Plants that flower only once in their lifetime are called	Mono carpic
The botanical name for rice is	Oryza Sativa
Penicillin is obtained from	Mould
The largest tree in the world is	Sequoia Gigantica
Herpetology is the study of	Reptiles
Entomology is the study of	Insects

Ornithology is the study of	Birds
Ichthyology is the study of	Fishes
Osteology is the study of	Bones
The botanical name for brinjal is	Solanum melongenal
The botanical name for onion is	Allium Cepa
The study of sound is called	Acoustics
The study of heavenly bodies is called	Astronomy
The study of tissues is called	Histology
Electric Lamp was invented by	Thomas alva Edison
The fear of crowd is called	Ochlophobia
The fear of books is called	Bibliophobia
The fear of going to bed is called	Clinophobia
The symbol of gold is	Au
The symbol of sodium is	Na
The symbol of Sr stands for	Strontium
The symbol Rb stands for	Rubidium
The symbol Md stands for	Mendelevium
Calcium sulphate is commonly called	Plaster of Paris
Sodium carbonate is commonly called	Washing Soda
Sodium chloride is commonly known as	Common Salt
The chemical name of Chloroform is	Trichloromethane

The chemical name of baking powder is	Sodium bicarbonate
The chemical name of bleaching powder is	Calcium hypochlorite
The formula HCL stands for	Hydrochloric Acid
The formula H ₂ SO ₄ stands for	Sulphuric Acid
The formula CHCl ₃ stands for	Trichloromethane
The formula H ₂ O ₂ stands for	Hydrogen peroxide
A fungus which can only survive on other living organisms is called	Obligate Parasite
A plant which lives in the dark is called	Scotophyte
A plant adapted to live in dry places is called a	Xerophyte
A plant adapted for growth in water is called a	Hydrophyte
Bifocal lens was invented by	Benjamin Franklin
Cement was invented by	Joseph Aspdin
Laser was invented by	Dr.Charles H.Townes
Electromagnet was invented by	William Sturgeon
Rayon was invented by	Sir Joseph Swann
Thermostat is an instrument used for regulating	Constant temperature
The science of organic forms and structures is known as	Morphology
Phycology is the study of	Algae
Tata Institute of Fundamental Research was established in	1945
CSIR stands for	Council of Scientific and

	Industrial Research
ISRO stands for	Indian Space Research Organisation
The first human being to land on moon was	Neil Armstrong
The first Indian in space was	Rakesh Sharma
ISAC stands for	ISRO Satellite Centre
VSSC stands for	Vikram Sarabhai space Centre
The headquarters of ISRO is located at	Bangalore
VSSC is located at	Thiruvananthapuram
ISAC is located at	Bangalore
National Science Centre is located at	New Delhi
Central Tobacco Research Institute is located at	Rajahmundry
Indian Institute of Horticultural Research is located at	Bangalore
The Atomic Energy Commission was set up in	August 1948
The first Indian Satellite was	Aryabhata
The first Indian Satellite was launched in the year	1975
ASLV stands for	Augmented Satellite Launch Vehicle
INSAT stands for	Indian National Satellite
The fear of women is known as	Gynophobia
The fear of men is known as	Androphobia

The scientist who developed the Quantum theory was	Max Plonck
The steam engine was invented by	James Watt
The botanical name of tea is	Camellia Sinensis
Logarithms were devised by	John Napier
The acid used in a car battery is	Sulphuric acid
The system for writing by blind people was invented by	Louis Braille
The parachute was used for the first time by	J.P.Blanchard
The German physicist who first demonstrated the existence of Radio waves was	Henrich Hertz
The instrument that records the intensity of earthquakes is	Seismograph
The laws of floating bodies was discovered by	Archimedes
The density of milk is measured by a	Lactometer
Fountain pen was invented by	L.E.Waterman
The instrument used to measure the pressure of gases is the	Monometer
Bhaskara I was a famous	Astronomer
The first atomic power station established in India was the	Tarapore Atomic Power Station
The role of heredity was demonstrated by	Mendel
The instrument used to measure the concentration of salt water is the	Salinometer
Spectroscopy is the study of	Anders John Angstrom
Dactylography is the study of	Finger Prints

A tangent galvanometer is used to study the	Strength of direct current
The fruit of Oak is called	Acron
ZETA stands for	Zero Energy Thermonuclear Assembly
The formula C_6H_5OH stands for	Phenol
Michael Faraday worked as an assistant under another scientist whose name was	Sir Humphry Davy
Vulcanised rubber was invented by	Charles Goodyear
The symbol Zn stands for	Zinc
The symbol He stands for	Helium
Celluloid was invented by	A.Parker
Glider was invented by	Sir George Caley
Safety matches was invented by	J.E.Lundstrom
Radio valve was invented by	Sir J.A.Fleming
Space Applications Centre is located at	Ahmedabad
Atomic Energy Commission is located at	Mumbai
Dynamics is the study of	Movements of bodies
Statics is the study of	Forces acting on bodies at rest
Mechanics is the study of	Forces acting on bodies
Zoology is the study of	Animal life
Botany is the study of	Plant life

Psychology is the study of	Human mind
The first American to orbit earth was	John H.Glen
The electro-cardiograph was invented by	William Einthoven
The molecular formula of cane sugar is	$C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$
A compound which contains only hydrogen and Carbon is called a	Hydrocarbon
The liquid used to preserve specimens of plants and animals is	Formalin
The law of segregation was propounded by	Mendel
Auriscopes are used to detect	Ear disorders
The three states of matter are	Solid, liquid and gas
The scientific name for blood platelets is	Thrombocytes
The response of a plant to heat is called	Thermotropism
The response of a plant to touch is called	Trigmotropism
The symbol Zr stands for	Zirconium
Nickel was discovered by	Cronstedt
Manganese was discovered by	Gahn
The common name for potassium carbonate is	Potash
Bismuth was discovered by	Valentine
The biggest plant seed is	Cocodemer
Toxicology is the study of	Poisons
Virology is the study of	Viruses
Paleontology is the study of	Fossils

Calorimeter is used to measure	Quantity of heat
Chronometer was invented by	John Harrison
Stethoscope was invented by	William Stockes
Spinning frame was invented by	Sir Richard Arkwright
Al stands for	Aluminium
Gd stands for	Gadolinium
Ir stands for	Iridium
Bi stands for	Bismuth
The Chemical formula of sodium bicarbonate is	NaHCO_3
The chemical formula of common salt is	NaCl
The chemical formula of washing soda is	$\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}$
The chemical formula of lime soda is	CaCO_3
The chemical formula of chloroform is	CHCl_3
The study of grasses is known as	Agrostology
The study of antiquities is known as	Archaeology
The study of the duration of life is known as	Chronobiology
The study of bacteria is known as	Bacteriology
Nylon was invented by	Dr. Wallace H. Carothers
Electric razor was invented by	Jacob Schick
The symbol of silver is	Ag
The symbol of silicon is	Si

The symbol of titanium is	Ti
Calcium oxide is commonly known as	Quick lime
A deviation of light passing from one medium to another is known as	Refraction
An apparatus for generation of atomic energy is called a	Reactor
A machine used for converting mechanical energy into electrical energy is called a	Generator
The first Indian woman in space was	Kalpana Chawla
The revolver was invented by	Samuel Colt
The refrigerator was invented by	J.Perkins
Which is the only common metal that is liquid at room temperature?	Mercury
Which planet is the closest to the Sun?	Mercury
Which is the hottest planet?	Venus
How much time does the earth take to complete a revolution around the sun?	365 % days.
Why are whales hunted?	For the blubber or the oil in them.
Where do platypuses live?	In burrows near water.
How many days does the moon take to go round the earth?	27 1/3 days.
Among the insects that are extant, (that are living still), which is the most ancient?	Cockroach.
What kind of leaves do silkworms thrive on?	Mulberry leaves.

What is the Indian name for the planet Mercury?	Budha.
Where in India do the migratory cranes of Siberia settle down?	The Rann of Kutch.
How many arms does a starfish have?	Usually five.
What is a solar eclipse?	The moon comes in between the sun and the earth, and thereby prevents sunlight from reaching the earth.
Who first saw mountains and craters on the moon using a telescope?	Galileo Galilei
Which is the largest animal on land?	African Elephant.
Why does a rhinoceros spend so much time in mud?	To keep cool and protect itself from insect bites.
Which country first used fingerprints to identify people?	Assyria and China.
In which country was silk first made?	China.
When faced with danger what does a Pangolin do?	It rolls into a ball.
Where is the entrance to a baya's nest?	At the bottom of the nest.
What is glass made from?	Limestone, Silica and Soda ash.
What is the microscopic study of plant and animal tissue called?	Histology.
Which is the second largest planet in our Solar System?	Saturn.
How many weeks after birth does the young one of a cat opens its eyes?	Three weeks.

The arms of the Octopus have sucker cups. What is the use of these cups?	To hold onto a surface.
What food does a bear love most?	Honey.
What are seashells?	Outer casings of soft-bodied animals, called molluscs.
How much time does Pluto take to complete a revolution around the sun?	248 years.
How many ears does a spider have?	None.
How much time does light take to reach the earth from the sun?	8 minutes.
Who invented the telescope?	Hans Lippershey.
What is common to dolphins and humans?	They are both mammals.
In which country was the day first divided into 12 parts?	Babylon (modern Iraq).
What are the things necessary to start a fire?	Heat, fuel and oxygen.
How many legs does a butterfly have?	Six.
Who invented the aeroplane heavier than an air machine that could fly?	Orville and Wilbur Wright.
Who invented the modern lift?	Elisha Otis.
What is the transparent portion in front of the eyeball called?	Cornea.
Which was the first spaceship launched by man?	Sputnik-I, launched by the Russians
What kind of nests do owls build?	They don't build nests. They use hollows in trees for

	laying eggs.
Why is polished rice less healthy than unpolished rice?	The husk of food grains (rice, wheat, etc) has Vitamins, much of which are lost when the grains are polished.
Which Psychologist devised the IQ test?	Alfred Binet.
Who discovered Radium?	Pierre and Marie Curie.
What is the approximate temperature deep inside the sun?	14 million degrees C.
What are Epiphytic plants?	Plants that grow on other plants for support. These plants however do not take nourishment from the host.
Who discovered the Planet Uranus?	Sir William Herschel.
Who invented Television?	John Logic Baird.
How do dolphins communicate with each other?	By producing screeching sounds.
Who was the first woman to travel in space?	Valentina Tereshkova.
What are clouds made of?	Tiny droplets of ice or water.
What is the disease that causes dogs to turn mad?	Rabies.
Who conducted the first controlled fission reaction (that led to the making of the atom bomb)?	Enrico Fermi.
Which was the first satellite launched by India?	Aryabhata, in 1975.
What is Dry Ice?	Solid Carbon Dioxide.

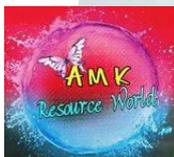
Of which element is diamond made of?	Carbon.
The Pit Viper has poor eyesight. Yet it can locate its prey accurately. How?	It has heat sensory cells in the pits between the eye and the nostril, which detect warm-blooded animals.
Who first propounded the theory of Evolution of Man?	Charles Darwin.
From which elements is steel made?	Iron and Carbon.
Which instrument is used for measuring humidity?	Hygrometer.
Who first discovered that water was produced by burning hydrogen?	Henry Cavendish.
What are the parts of a comet?	Nucleus, coma and tail.
What is absolute zero temperature?	Absolute zero is the temperature at which thermal energy (energy related to heat) vanishes. It corresponds to -273.15 degrees, on the Celsius scale.
Who is considered the father of plastic surgery in ancient India?	Sushruta. He is best known for the operations he performed called rhinoplasty (remodelling of the nose).
Who discovered the cause of malaria?	Ronald Ross.
Which planet has a moon named Titan?	Saturn.

Name the largest bone in the human body.	Femur (in the thigh).
What is the source of all energy on earth?	The sun.
What was the name of the instrument used by Jagadis Chandra Bose to measure sensitivity of plants?	Crescograph.
Which part of the plant do you eat when you eat carrots?	Roots.
Who was the first man to travel in space?	Yuri Gagarin.
What is reinforced concrete?	Reinforced concrete is ordinary concrete which has steel rods fixed in it.
In ancient India shells of a sea-animal were used as money. What were they called?	Cowries.
How does spraying kerosene on marshes reduce mosquitoes?	A film of oil is produced which prevents the larvae of the mosquitoes from having access to the oxygen in the atmosphere.
How many bones are there in an adult human being?	206.
Who is considered to be the father of Geometry?	Euclid.
What is the study of sound called?	Acoustics.
Which was the first satellite India launched from Indian soil using an Indian launch vehicle, SLV3?	Rohini Satellite (RSI).
What is the name of the instrument that records heart beat?	Cardiograph.
Who discovered the connection between magnetism and electricity?	Hans Christian Oersted.
Who discovered the presence of neutrons in the nucleus of	Physicist James Chadwick.

elements?	
At what temperature does water become ice?	Zero degrees on the Celsius scale.
What do deciduous trees mean?	Trees that shed leaves in autumn are called deciduous trees.
The electric discharge of which fish is the most powerful?	South American Electric Eel.
What is the name for power generated from water?	Hydroelectricity.
From which part of the plant, is ginger that we eat obtained?	From the stem.
Who was the first person to find out that microscopic organisms are responsible for milk, wine, etc turning sour?	Louis Pasteur.
What is the meaning of the word Hippopotamus?	River Horse.
Who invented the Hovercraft?	Christopher Cockerell.
Who discovered Vitamins?	Christopher Eijkman - though he did not use the word, vitamin.
Who coined the word Vitamin?	CasimirFunk.
Why does the planet Mars appear red?	Due to the highly oxidised surface of the planet.
Name the Vitamin that prevents night blindness.	Vitamin A.
Where do sea plants obtain carbon dioxide to manufacture their food?	From dissolved gases
Who is considered as the father of modern Medicine?	Hippocrates.

How does an Octopus camouflage itself?	By changing its colour and merging with the background.
Who first proved that lightning is an electric charge coming down to the earth?	Benjamin Franklin.
What does the acronym LASER stand for?	Light Amplification by Simulated Emission of Radiation.
How is cement obtained?	Heating a mixture of limestone and clay.
Name the only mammal, other than man, that can walk upright?	Gibbon.
Which disease is caused by insufficiency of iodine in the diet?	Goitre.
What are molluscs?	A class of animals with a soft body and no bones.
Which animal has the longest life span?	Tortoise.

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