

Total No. of Questions : 9]

SEAT No. :

P3315

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5543]-1001
LL.B. (Semester - I)
(First Year of Three Years Law Course)
LAW
LC : 0501 - Legal and Constitutional History
(2017 Pattern) (Revised)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any two questions from Part A. Each question in Part A is for 20 marks.*
- 2) Answer any two questions from Part B. Each question in Part B is for 15 marks.*
- 3) Answer question No.9 from Part C as directed. The question No.9 is for 10 marks.*

PART-A

[2 × 20 = 40]

Q1) *“The Charter issued to the Company by King George I on the 24th September, 1726, turned over a new leaf in the evolution of judicial institutions in the three Presidency Towns”. Critically examine the provisions of Charter of 1726.*

Q2) *“Before 1773, the executive had exercised control over the judiciary, the Regulating Act of 1773 sought to change this pattern and authorized the judiciary to control the executive”. Do you agree with this statement? Write a detail note on the Regulating Act of 1773 and the Supreme Court at Calcutta.*

Q3) Write a note on origin of the Privy Council. Discuss in detail the role of Privy Council in the administration of justice during British era.

Q4) Write in detail about the formation of Constituent Assembly and drafting of the Constitution of India.

P.T.O.

PART-B

[2 × 15 = 30]

Q5) *'The year 1861 constitutes a conspicuous landmark in the process of development of legal and judicial institutions in India. It was during that year that steps were taken to established High Courts at Calcutta, Madras and Bombay'*. Write a note on the Indian High Courts Act, 1861.

Q6) Discuss in detail the jurisdiction of the Federal Court.

Q7) Write a note on Cabinet Mission Plan 1946 and Mountbatten Plan 1947.

Q8) Critically examine the factual setup and decision given by the Supreme Court in Patna Case.

PART-C

Q9) Write short note on any two :

[2 × 5 = 10]

- a) Cossijurah Case
- b) Simon Commission Report
- c) Quit India Movement
- d) Dadaji Bhikaji v. Rukmabai, ILA (1885-1886) 10 Bom 301

