

Anisse High School
Academic year: 2014 / 2015
Level: 1st Year Baccalaureate

Test N°1
Duration: 2 hours
Date: 24 / 10 / 2014

Name:
Class:
Final Mark / 40

1 Professor Muhammad Yunus, a Bangladeshi banker and economist, is the inventor of the idea of microcredit. It consists in giving out small loans to people who are too poor to obtain credit from ordinary banks. His revolutionary Grameen Bank, which is based on principles of trust and solidarity, helps needy people to start small businesses and move out of poverty.

2 Mr Yunus, who is often referred to as the banker to the poor, came up with the idea in 1976 while teaching economics at Chittagong University, in southern Bangladesh. He found out that lending small amounts of money to the women who were making furniture in a nearby village could make a difference in their life. He lent \$ 27 from his own pocket to 42 women who used to borrow money from local lenders who asked for high interest rates. Thus, microcredit was born, and so was Grameen Bank. Until now, it has lent \$ 6.38 billion to 7.4 million of the poor in the world, most of them in Bangladesh. According to Mr Yunus, the majority of the beneficiaries are women since they not only use the money they get from the bank better than their husbands, but they are also careful about paying it back.



3 The professor's idea is to help the poor to help themselves: "give a man a fish and you feed him for a day, teach him how to fish and he feeds himself for life". So he never gives charity to a blind person, a disabled beggar or a mother holding her baby. Yunus told journalists in an interview at Grameen Bank: "I prefer to solve their problems for the rest of their life and not just take care of them for one day." To guarantee repayment, the bank uses a system of solidarity groups. To be selected for a loan, the borrowers have to form a group to support each other in repaying. If one group member fails to pay back his debt, the others are also responsible. Even beggars have benefited from this programme. They have been given small credits to start out as street vendors to help them give up begging.

4 The success of Grameen Bank has encouraged many developing countries, and even industrialized ones, to adopt this model. Banks similar to Grameen Bank have been operating in many countries including France, Canada and the US, where microcredit has been introduced to some of the poorest communities in Arkansas. Professor Yunus has managed to solve financial and social problems of millions of poor people. His work, therefore, has been internationally recognized. In 2006, he received the Nobel Prize for his efforts to create economic and social development for people from the lowest level of society. The Norwegian Nobel Prize Committee said that by giving the award to Mr Yunus, they wanted to encourage the fight against poverty as well as the need to empower women.

I COMPREHENSION (15 POINTS)

{BASE ALL YOUR ANSWER ON THE TEXT}

A Fill in the chart with the right information from the text (3 pts)

Name:	Muhammad Yunus
Occupation:
Year when he began lending money:
Amount of money Grameen Bank has lent till now:

B Are these sentences TRUE or FALSE? Justify your answer. (2 pts)

1 Only poor countries have copied Grammeen Bank model.

.....
.....

2 Muhammad Yunus has been rewarded for his efforts to combat poverty.

.....
.....

C Answer these questions with information from the text. (3 pts)

1 What type of credit does Grameen Bank give to poor people?

.....
.....

2 Why do more women benefit from Grameen Bank credits?

.....
.....

3 How does the bank make sure that borrowers pay back their debts?

.....
.....

D Complete these sentences with information from the text. (2 pts)

1 Yunus prefers not to help people for one day, but.....

.....

2 Grameen Bank lends money to beggars in order to.....

.....

E Find in the text words that mean the same as: (3 pts)

1 receive (para 1):

2 credit (para 2):

3 prize (para 4):

F What do the underlined words refer to? (2 pts)

1 They (paragraph 2): 2 ones (paragraph 4):

II LANGUAGE (15 POINTS)

A Give the correct form of the verbs between brackets (3 pts).

- 1 Simon and Sylvia (stay) in a cottage in the Yorkshire Dales this month. The cottage (belong) to her cousin Kate. The latter is away: she (cycle) around Norfolk for a few weeks. Simon and Sylvia (use) the cottage whenever she is away.
- 2 The curtain (just / rise) when somebody at the back (shout) 'Fire!' The audience looked round nervously.

B Rewrite these sentences and put the adverbs between brackets in the correct position. (2 pts)

- 1 They watch television these days. (seldom)
.....
- 2 I'm home by 7 o'clock. (usually)
.....

C Fill in each gap with an appropriate word from the list. (5 pts)

spoke up worlds apart trendy damp heart

- 1 My grandfather has bought a beautiful house in the of the English countryside.
- 2 problems in a house can be due to a number of causes, such as rain getting through the walls or roof.
- 3 The most expensive entertainment system and what most of us have are and can't be compared.
- 4 Yorkville used to be a working class neighborhood, but nowadays it's a shopping area.
- 5 Without fear, the newcomer and opposed our plan.

D Rewrite the words in capital letters in the correct form. (5 pts)

- 1 They spent their honeymoon in a motel at Long Beach. **LUXURY**
- 2 The rate in this country has more or less stayed constant for the last ten years or so. **CRIMINAL**
- 3 Our new house has a very living room. **SPACE**
- 4 The boy was to finish his homework Friday evening so that he would have the weekend free. **DETERMINE**
- 5 My car is for Are you interested? **SELL**

