

# Installation Guide

## Vinyl Standard Railing

### Tools Required

- Protective eye glasses
- Tape measure
- Variable speed drill/screwdriver
- Rotary hammer or hammer drill and masonry percussion bit recommended by concrete anchors purchased. (for concrete installations)
- Drill bits 3/32", 1/8", 3/16", 3/8", 1/2" and 1/4" masonry bit
- 3/8" x 3" Concrete Anchors/Fasteners (for concrete installations)
- Philips Driver and #2 Square Driver
- Wrench and 3/4" deep socket
- Level (min 24") and small torpedo level
- Miter Saw
- Snap Line
- Quick Clamp
- (Christy's™) PVC Glue

**The following instructions will guide you through the installation of your new vinyl railing.**

***This installation guide is a recommendation for meeting most code requirements. Always check your local building codes before starting a project and for determining the acceptable installation practices of your area. Please read assembly instructions completely before beginning construction. Always wear protective goggles & gloves when installing a vinyl railing system.***

**Remember to register your Limited Lifetime Warranty at the website shown on the box label.**

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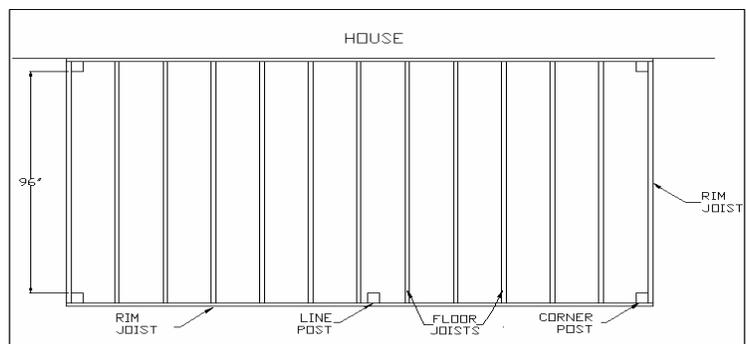
## Installation Steps

### Layout railing and position posts

The Vinyl Railing Systems are designed for posts sets of 72" (6 feet), 96" (8 feet) or 120" (10 feet) between posts. The vinyl rail and aluminum inserts (when required) can be trimmed to shorter lengths using a miter saw. When trimming of the rails is necessary, equal amounts should be cut from both ends of the rails in order to maintain equal spacing from the outer picket and the adjacent posts.

Determine ahead of time if the post will be anchored to the top of the deck substructure, bolted to the inside of the deck joists, or anchored to concrete. It is best to do a sketch of the general layout in order to plan for post locations and any adjustments to rail lengths. Check measurements for accuracy prior to beginning the project. Determine locations of all line and corner posts. These need to be located inside the joist as shown in the drawing below.

Measure each side of the deck so that line posts are spaced as evenly as possible between the corner posts. Remember that the outside dimensions of the vinyl posts are 4", unlike wood, which could be 3 1/2" to 3 5/8". Also check the structural members below the deck to be sure there is no interference with the mounting brackets. If necessary, adjust the post locations. (Designing your railing so the wood posts are against a floor joist will simplify installations.) After determining the location of the posts, install the corner posts first.



## Install posts

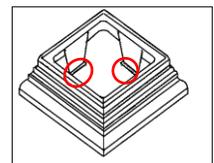
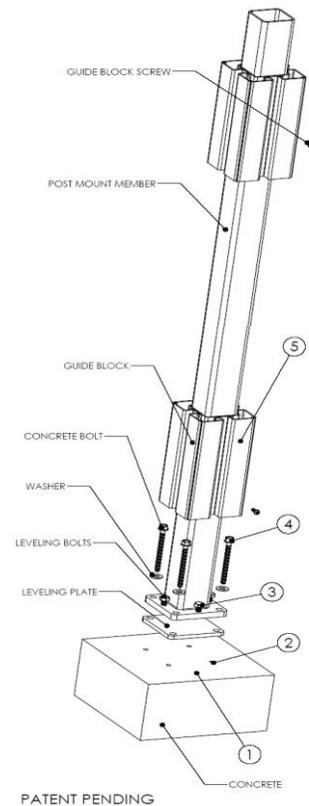
Vinyl railing posts can be installed using the following methods.

### Post Tower (Concrete and Wooden Decks)

The surface mount tower system is designed for 4" x 4" vinyl posts in railing applications where the posts need to be mounted to a hard surface such as concrete, or this tower system can be used on wood decks when the substructure is modified as detailed at the end of this section. When installed as detailed below, vinyl posts using the post tower can meet post requirements for 36" and 42" high rail systems in one and two family residential applications. Vinyl railing can also be used in all other 42" high railing applications.

#### Posts on Concrete

- 1) Lay out your post positions according to your railing design. You can use a chalk snap line to mark the railing line and centers of the post locations. Make sure to mark all post positions at least 5" from the edge of the concrete to reduce the chances of cracking the concrete when drilling holes for the concrete anchors.
  - 2) Using the leveling plate as a template, mark the locations on the four mounting holes to be drilled. Drill four holes into the concrete using a 1/4" diameter masonry drill bit. The hole must be drilled to a minimum depth of 3 1/2". Clean out the holes of all dust and debris.
  - 3) Install the four leveling screws into the post mount member. Place the leveling plate on the concrete surface and align over the four holes. Place the post mount member on top of the leveling plate and align the four holes. Adjust the leveling screws to ensure the post mount is level.
  - 4) Install the four concrete bolts with washers as shown by applying downward pressure while turning in a clockwise direction. Continue to tighten the bolts until the heads are firmly seated. (Do not over tighten.)
  - 5) Install the two guide blocks onto the post mount member. They should be positioned so that the screws from the railing brackets will screw into the guide blocks. Once the proper heights are established, drill a 3/16" diameter hole through the guide block and the post mount member. Install the supplied guide block screws to hold the guide blocks in place.
  - 6) Slide your posts over the tower and install the railing sections. (Note: If using a post trim, slide the trim piece over the post tower, then slide the post over the tower and into the trim piece.)
- (Note: If using post trims cut the plastic tabs at the 90 degree bend and slide the trim pieces over the posts)



## Posts on Wood

1) Lay out your post positions according to your railing design. You can use a chalk snap line to mark the railing line and centers of the post locations. Make sure to mark the post center line position at least 3 1/4" from the edge of the rim joist. The top plate must be a minimum of 3/4" from the rim joist so the bolts will clear the rim joist on the underside of the deck. Install a piece of 2 x 8 treated lumber between the joists, under the deck boards where the tower is to be installed. Attach this reinforcement board to the rim joist and stringers. (Three screws should be used on each end.) Thickness of the deck board and reinforcement board underneath should be a minimum of 3 inches actual thickness.

2) Using the leveling plate as a template, mark the locations of the four mounting holes to be drilled. Drill four holes through the decking and blocking using a 3/8" diameter drill bit.

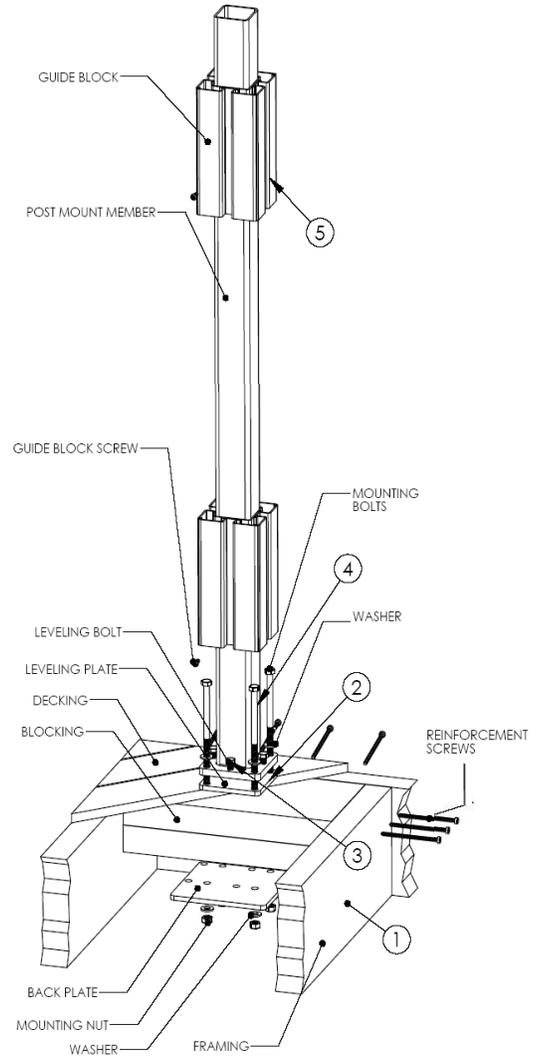
3) Install the four leveling screws into the post mount member. Place the leveling plate on the wood deck surface and align over the four drilled holes. Place the post mount member on top of the leveling plate and align the four holes. Adjust the leveling screws to ensure the post mount member is level.

4) Install the four mounting bolts with washers as shown. On the underside, place the back plate over the exposed mounting bolts. (Use the centered holes for in-line applications and the offset holes for corner applications.) Secure the back plate by using the supplied mounting nuts and washers.

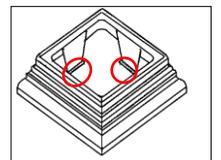
5) Install the two guide blocks onto the post mount member. They should be positioned so that the screws from the railing brackets will screw into the guide blocks. Once the proper heights are established, drill a 3/16" diameter hole through the guide block and the post mount member. Install the supplied guide block screws to hold the guide blocks in place.

6) Slide your posts over the tower and install the railing sections. (Note: If using a post trim, slide the trim piece over the post tower, then slide the post over the tower and into the trim piece.)

(Note: It may be necessary to cut the plastic tabs at the 90 degree bend when sliding the trim pieces over the posts)

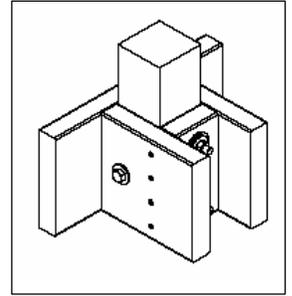


PATENT PENDING

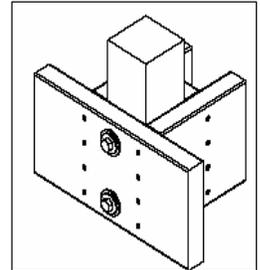


## Sleeving a Wood 4 x 4 Post

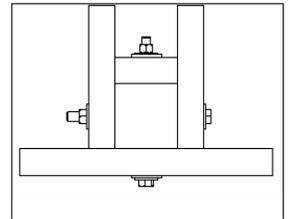
The vinyl post can be used to sleeve 4 x 4 wooden posts. When installed as detailed below, vinyl posts used as a sleeve can meet post requirements for 36" high and 42" high rail systems in one and two family dwelling residential applications. **Note: The instructions reflect how the wood posts were installed during testing to ensure the post attachment and substructure would meet the same load requirements as the railing system. Check with your local code official for other acceptable attachment methods.**



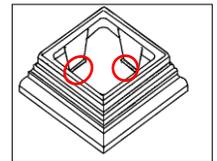
- 1) Designing your deck so the post spacing will end up with a stringer at each post will simplify installation. Lay out your post positions according to your railing design.
- 2) Temporarily attach the wood post in place. For corner post applications and where the post is against a stringer, add an additional stringer on the opposite side of the post. For line post applications, where the post doesn't butt up against a stringer, add a stringer on each side of the post. If the stringers run across the deck, a cross stringer may be placed 24 inches from the rim joist. The additional stringer(s) attached to the post is then attached to the cross stringer. For all of the applications, add a cross member between the two stringers thus creating a structural box around the post. (Four screws should be used on each end when creating the structural box.)



- 3) Drill two 1/2" holes through the rim joist, wood post, and back cross member 1 1/2" from the top and bottom of the rim joist. Drill one 1/2" hole through the wood post and the stringers on each side. This hole will be perpendicular to the two holes already drilled and should be in the middle of the stringers and post. **For ACQ lumber, all bolts, washers, and nuts must be galvanized.** The bolts through the rim joist have a 1/2" washer, then a 3/4" washer, which is against the wood. Insert bolts and place a 3/4" washer, 1/2" washer and nut on the bolt. The bolt through the stringers and post only has a 1/2" washer on each side. Tighten all bolts.
- 4) Slide your vinyl posts over the wood posts and install the railing sections. (Note: If using a post trim, slide the trim piece over the wood post, then slide the vinyl post over the wood post and into the trim piece)



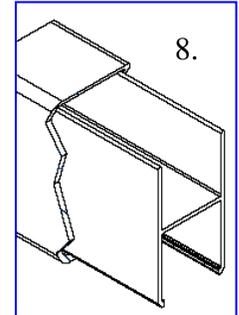
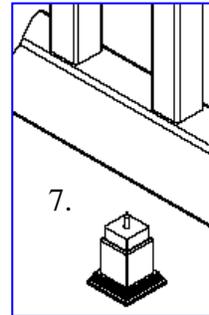
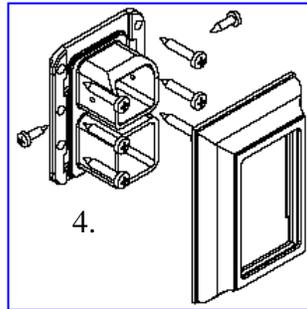
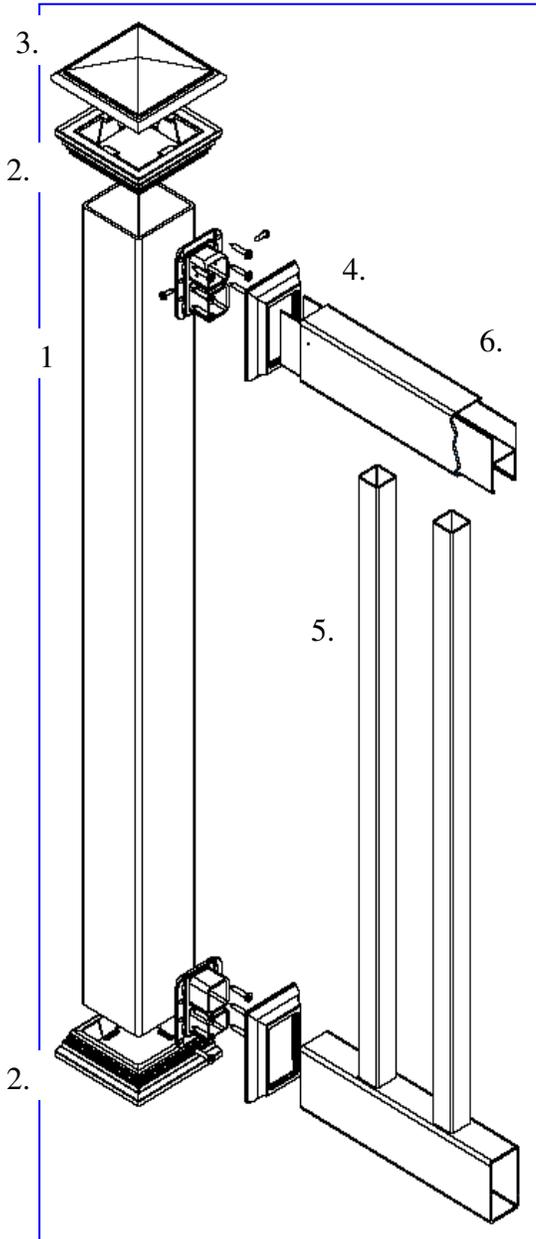
(Note: It may be necessary to cut the plastic tabs at the 90 degree bend when sliding the trim pieces over the posts.)



# VINYL STANDARD RAIL INSTALLATION

Always check your local building codes before starting a project. Please read assembly instructions completely before beginning construction. Always wear protective goggles & gloves when installing a vinyl railing system.

## Vinyl Standard Rail Components

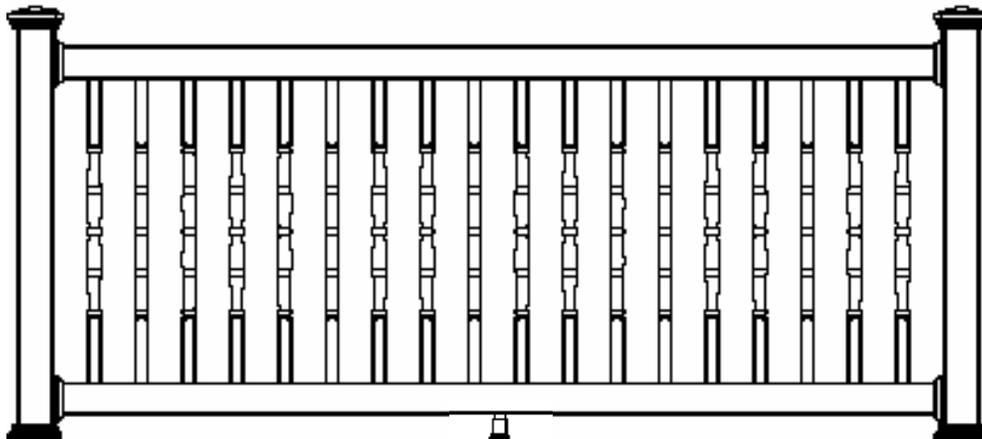
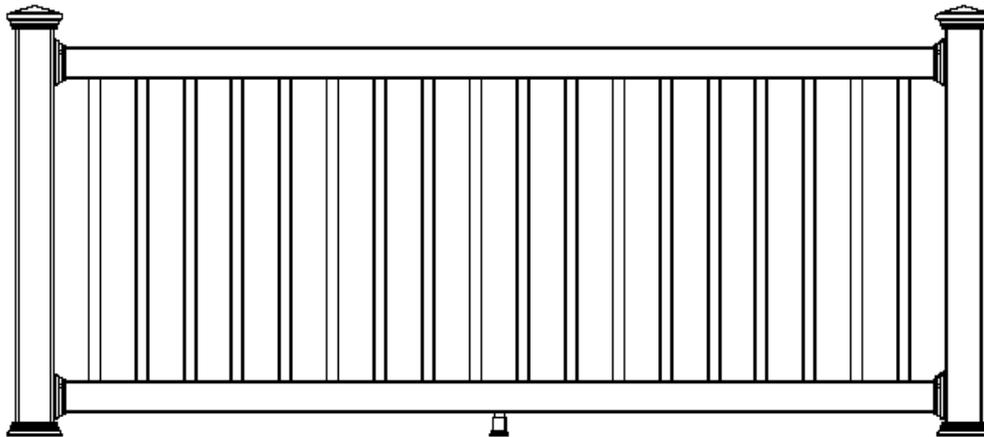


1. 4" x 4" Vinyl Post (Sold Separately)
2. 4" x 4" Post Trim (Sold Separately)
3. 4" x 4" Post Cap (Sold Separately)
4. 2" x 3 1/2" Standard Rail Bracket Kit
5. 1 3/8" x 1 3/8" Vinyl Picket (Spindles also available)
6. 2" x 3 1/2" Vinyl Rail
7. Adjustable Foot Block Kit
8. 2" x 3 1/2" Aluminum H-Channel Insert (Required in all top rails and also required in bottom rails of 10 ft. wide railing sections.)

## Railing Layout

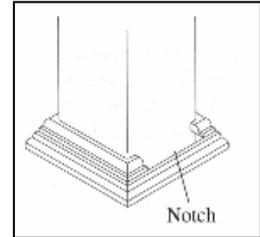
***Remember to check local building codes for rail height requirements in your area. The vinyl railing systems are designed to meet requirements for 36" and 42" high rail systems for one and two family dwelling residential applications. Vinyl railing can also be used in all other 42" high railing applications. This is dependent on the post installation methods detailed in the preceding post installation instructions section.***

The 2" x 3 1/2" rails run in between the posts and are installed with brackets. The bottom of the railing section is designed to be 2 1/2" above the surface. Kits are available with 1 3/8" x 1 3/8" pickets or spindles.

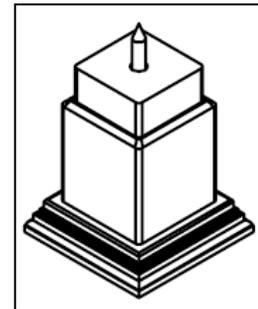
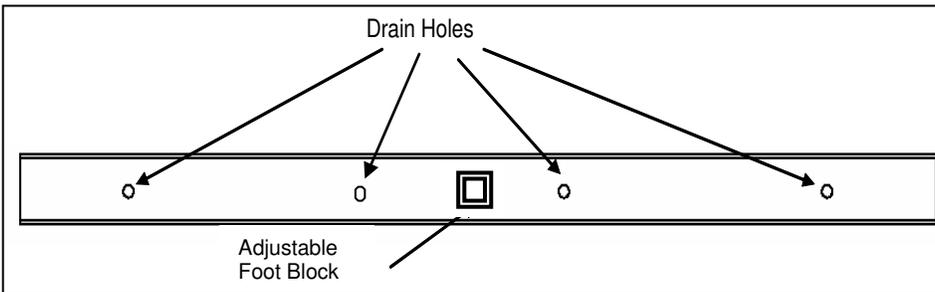


## Rail Installation

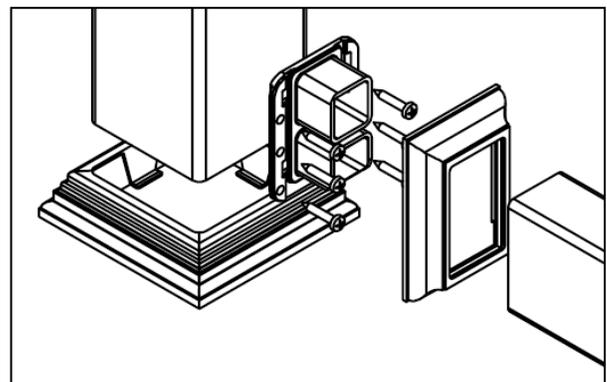
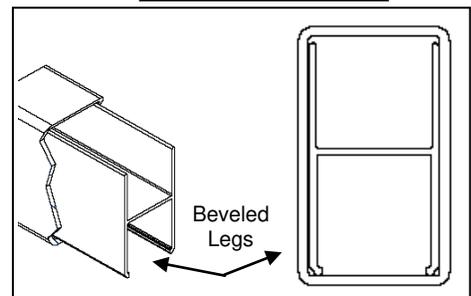
- 1) **Cut Rails to Length.** Measure distance between posts and subtract  $\frac{3}{8}$ " to allow room for the brackets ( $\frac{3}{16}$ " each end). Mark the rails to the calculated length using a square. **Important: Make sure that there is equal spacing between the picket hole and end of rail to maintain uniform picket spacing. Do not leave an open picket insert hole at the bracket.** Trim both ends of the rails.
- 2) **Install Post Trim.** Be sure you install the post trim over the posts before you start attaching the stair sections to the posts. (Note: You may need to notch the post trim if bottom rail is less than  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " from the deck surface.)

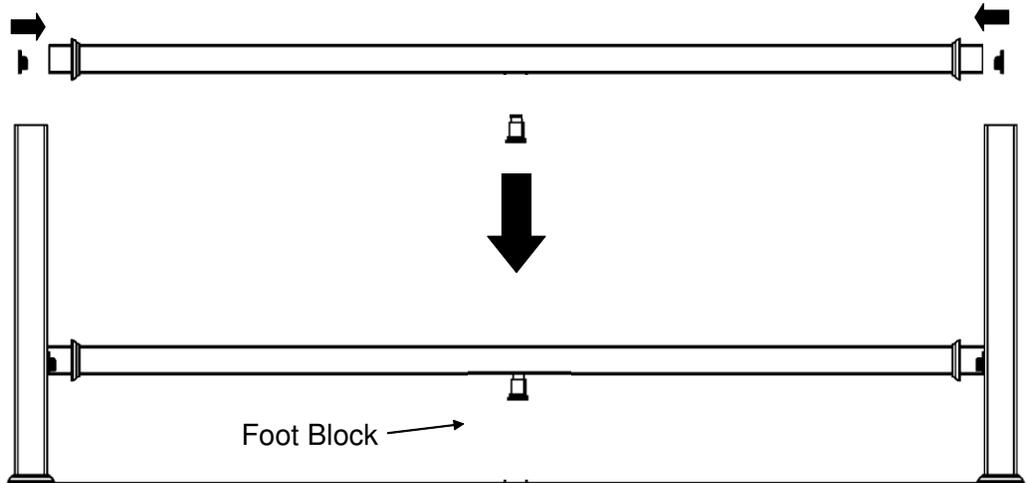


- 3) **Install Foot Block and Drill Weep Holes.** Center and screw the adjustable foot block onto the bottom of the bottom rail. Take the  $2$ " x  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " rail and drill four  $\frac{1}{4}$ " drain holes on the underside of the bottom rail. **One adjustable foot block kit is required on all railing sections 6' or longer. For 10' railing sections, two adjustable foot block kits are required.**



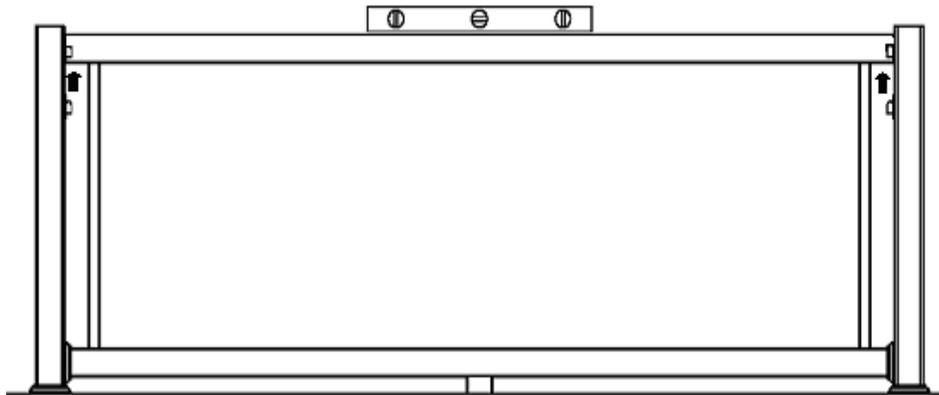
- 4) **Install Bottom Rail.** When required, slide the aluminum insert into the  $2$ " x  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " bottom rail such that the beveled legs of the "H" are up towards the side with the picket holes. Trim the insert to match the length of the rail. Slide trim pieces onto the bottom rail facing the finished trim towards the center of the rail. After making certain that the aluminum insert is positioned with the beveled legs facing the hole, slide the  $2$ " x  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " brackets at both ends the bottom rail. Lower bottom rail (the rail with your drain holes) into position between posts and set onto the foot block. Make sure the holes for the pickets are facing up. Ensure the rail is level and the brackets are centered on the post through the six outside holes with a  $\frac{1}{8}$ " drill bit and attach bracket to the post using six of the  $\#12$  x  $1\frac{1}{4}$ " screws provided. Drill two (one on each side)  $\#8$  x  $\frac{3}{4}$ " screws provided, through the sides of the bottom rail (pre-drill with a  $\frac{3}{32}$ " drill). Position the two side screws no further than  $\frac{1}{2}$ " from the end of the rail. The two side screws go through both the vinyl rail and the aluminum insert (10' rail only) into the vinyl bracket. This will provide the mechanical attachment of the rail to the bracket. Snap trim in place. Repeat for the other bracket.



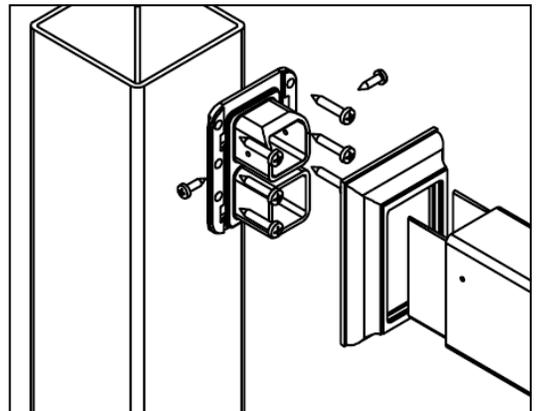


**5) Install Top Brackets.**

Insert one picket or spindle in the far left hole and another picket or spindle in the far right hole. Insert the aluminum insert into the rail such that the beveled legs of the insert are facing the hole as described previously. Feed the top rail onto the pickets or spindles. Slide a bracket on the end of each rail. Make sure the rail is centered on the post and level and then mark the post under the brackets. Remove the top rail and set aside. Line the bottom of the bracket with the line that you just marked. Center the bracket on the post and pre-drill the post through the outside holes with 1/8" bit. Secure the bracket in place using six of the #12 x 1 1/4" screws provided. Repeat with the other top bracket except only pre-drill the six holes for the second top rail bracket at this time.



**6.) Install Top Rail.** Slide the aluminum insert into the 2" x 3 1/2" rail such that the beveled legs of the "H" are down towards the side with the picket holes. Trim the insert to match the length of the rail. Slide trim pieces onto the top rail facing the finished trim towards the center of the rail. Insert the remaining pickets or spindles in to the bottom rail. Starting at one end of the rail with the bracket already installed on the post begin feeding the rail down onto the pickets or spindles. Once the top of the rail has been seated onto all the pickets and the rail is level, place the second bracket onto the free end of the rail and attach the bracket to the post using six of the #12 x 1 1/4" screws provided. Drive two (one on each side) #8 x 3/4" screws provided through the sides of the top rail (pre-drill with a 3/32" drill bit). Position the two side screw holes no greater than 1/2" from the end of the rail. The two side screws go through both the vinyl rail and the aluminum insert into the vinyl bracket. This will provide the mechanical attachment of the rail to the bracket. Snap trim in place. Repeat for the other bracket.



7.) **Install Post Cap.** Place a 1" x 1/4" wide bead of glue on inside of cap along the center of all four sides. Slide cap onto top of post. The glue will smear as the cap is slid on the post and a permanent bond will take effect after a few minutes. Be careful not to drip glue on the outside of a post or cap or it will cause a "scar".

### **Cleaning**

If cleaning becomes necessary, use a mild detergent or household cleaner. If stains or scuff marks appear, use a fiberglass cleaner/glaze or #0000 steel wool and Simple Green™. The surface can be sanded, and a fine sand paper (such as 200 grit) should be used, followed by 400 or 600 grit to polish and restore it to its original finish.

### **Important**

**It is the responsibility of the contractor to meet or exceed all code and safety requirements, and to obtain all required building permits. These instructions are only a guide, and may not address every circumstance. The deck and railing installer should determine and implement appropriate installation techniques for each situation. Manufacturer shall not be held liable for improper or unsafe installations.**